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OXFORD UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF ENGLISH Presented by Preferr Joseph Wight July, 1914



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HALELVIAH

OR,

Britans Second Remembrancer.

(1641.)

GEORGE WITHER.

PART I.

PRINTED FOR THE SPENSER SOCIETY.

1879.



PRINTED BY CHARLES E. SIMMS, MANCHESTER.

INTRODUCTORY NOTICE.

HE Council of the Spenser Society regret that, owing to unavoidable hindrances, the issues for the year 1878-9 have been delayed beyond the usual period, a disappointment which they trust will not again occur. Wither's Hallelujah, now issued, was the work of that author which their late colleague the Rev. Thomas Corser, thoroughly versed in all his writings, was most anxious to see reproduced in the Spenser series, both on account of the poetical merits of its Hymns and Songs, which is universally allowed to be very considerable, and the excessive rarity of the diminutive original edition, which Wither's best biographer, the Rev. Aris Wilmott, was never able to obtain a sight of. Four copies only are known to exist of it, namely, that in the British Museum, which was Herbert and Dalrymple's; the one possessed by Mr. Gaisford, which previously belonged to Mr. Heber and Mr. Wrightson; Mr. Huth's, the Bridgewater copy, which had been Mr. Pulham's, and was purchased for 351. 10s.; and Mr. Corser's, which sold at his sale for 181. 5s., and was afterwards obtained for the purpose of this reprint for 211.

The only remaining poetical works of Wither which are yet wanting to complete this series are Hymns and Songs of the Church (1623), The Psalms of David (1632), Britain's Remembrancer (1628), and his Emblems (1635). It is proposed that the third, Britain's Remembrancer, a poem of great interest, and affording a most graphic picture of London and the country at the period of the great plague of 1625, shall be selected as the Spenser Society's issue for 1879-80.

JAS. CROSSLEY, PRESIDENT.

CONTENTS.

HALELVIAH or, BRITANS Second REMEMBRANCER, bringing to REMEMBRANCE (in praifefull and Poenitentiall Hymns, Spirituall Songs, and Morall Odes) Meditations, advancing the glory of God, in the practife of Pietie and Vertue; and applyed to easie Tunes, to be Sung in Families, &c. Composed in a three-fold Volume, by GEORGE WITHER.

The first, contains Hymns-Occasional. The second, Hymns-Temporary. The third, Hymns-Personall.

That all *Persons*, according to their Degrees, and Qualities, may at all Times, and upon all eminent *Occasions*, be remembred to praise GOD; and to be mindfull of their Duties.

One woe is past, the fecond, passing on; Beware the third, if this, in vain be gone.

LONDON, Printed by I. L. for Andrew Hebb, at the Bell in Pauls Church-yard. 1641.

(Lowndes, p. 2966; Hazlitt, Wither, No. 21.)

1641.

Halelviah or Britans fecond Remembrancer.

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LONDON,

Printed by I. L. for Andrew Hebb, at the Bell in Pauls Churchyard. 1641.

ΤO

The thrice Honorable, the high Courts of Parliament, now affembled, in the Triple-Empire of the British-Les:

GEO. WITHER, humbly tenders, this his HALELVIAH
OR
Second REMEMBRANCER.

Iveteen yeers, now past, I was in some things of moment, a Remembrancer to

these *Ilands*; which have in many Particulars, so punctually, and so evidently suc-

ceeded, according to my Predictions: that, not a few, have acknowledged, they were not published so long before they came to passe, without the speciall Providence, and Mercie of GOD. to these Kingdomes: And, fome, who fcornfully jeared, and maliciously perfecuted me for that Book (almost to my utter undoing) have lived, to fee much of that fulfilled which they derided; and to feel, that, which they would not beleeve; to the verifying of a conditionall ImpreImprecation, expressed at the later end of my eightth Canto, in these words:

And, if by thee, I was appointed, LORD! Thy Judgements, and thy Mercies, to record (As here I do) fet thou thy mark, on those Who shall, despightfully, the same oppose. And, let it, publikely, be seen, of all, Till, of their malice, they repent them shall.

Of which, I do not here make mention, that notice may be taken of it for mine own repute (because I know the vanitie of such Aymes, and how easily, they may be turned to my disgrace) neither is it mentioned to add A 3 to

to their dishonour or affliction, who are now found guiltie, aswell of publike as of private Oppressions: For, GOD fo comfort me, as I have compassionated them, as they are men: But, I do, rather, thus offer those Events to confideration; that my Former, and these Remembrances, may be the more effectually observed, to stir up thankfulnesse, and heedfulnesse of GODS dealing, both with my felf, and others.

For, though it were but a Bu/h,

Bush, which burned; GOD, was the inflamer of that Shrub: and (as it now feemeth) it was a Beacon warrantably fired, to give true Alarums to prevent those Dangers, and Innovations, which. then, to me, appeared neere at hand. Yea, though my First, and these my Second Remembrances, may have fome passages, and expressions in them, favouring fo much of my naturall Infirmities, as may make them distassfull to a proud-knowledge; and perhaps exercise the A 4

the humilitie of a Sanctified Wisdome: yet, I am confident, that, GOD hath been pleased to accompany my Impersect-Musings, with some Notions pertinent to these Times; and proceeding from himself: which I desire may be considered of, as they shall deserve, and no otherwise.

I Arrogate no more, then Balaams-Asse might have done. GOD, opened mine eyes to see Dangers, which neither my most Prudent Masters (nor men as Cunning

ning as Balaam) seemed to GOD, opened behold. my mouth, also; and compelled me (beyond my naturall Abilities) to speak of that which I forefaw would come to passe: And, mens eyes are now fo cleard (excepting theirs who are wilfully blind) that most of us behold the Angel of the LORD which stood in our way, with a drawn Sword. we have lately obtained also, (partly, in hope; and partly, in possession) such publike, and private Deliverances; A 5 that that both private Oblations of Thankfgiving; and generall Sacrifices of Praise, are, now, and everlastingly, due from these Ilands.

For the better performance, of which dutie, I do now execute the Office of a Remembrancer in another manner, then heretofore: and, have directed uuto You, the most honourable Representative Bodies of these Kingdomes, the sweet Perfume of Pious-praises, compounded according to the Art of the Spirituall-Apothecarie, to surther

ther the performance of thankful *Devotions*: hoping, that, by your Authorities they shall (if they so merit) be recommended unto them, for whose use they are prepared. And, there will be need both of GODS extraordinary blessing, and of your grave assistance herein.

For, fo innumerable are the foolish and prophane Songs now delighted in (to the dishonour of our Language, and Religion) that HALELVIAHS, and pious Meditations are almost out

of use and fashion: yea, not in private only; but, at our publike Feasts, and civil meetings also, Scurrilous and obfcæne Songs are impudently fung, without respecting the reverend Presence of Matrons, Virgins, Magistrates or Divines. Nay, fometime, in their despight, they are called for, Sung, and Acted, with such gesticulations, abominable as are very offensive to all modest hearers, and beholders; and fitting only to be exhibited, at the Diabolicall Solemnities of Bacchus, Venus, or Priapus.

For, Prevention whereof, I am an humble Petitioner. that fome order may be provided, by the Wisdome and Pietie, of your Assemblies; Seeing upon due examination of this Abuse, it may foone be discovered, that, aswell Cenfores Canticorum, as Librorum will be necessary in thefe Times: and I am confident your Zeal & Prudence, will provide as you fee cause; and accept these endeavours of your humble Suppliant and Servant; who fubmitting himself and his ReRemembrances to your grave Cenfures, fubmissively takes his leave; and befeecheth GODS blessing upon your honourable Designes and Consultations.

To

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To the Reader.



Was wont to faine my felf a Shepherd: but, now I have really a Flock and many other fuch like Rurall negotiations to oversee;

among which, I do now and then, intermingle employments of this nature, that I might not muddle, altogether, in dirt and dung; but leave behind me fome testimonials, that, while I laboured for the maintenance of my Body, I was not without Meditations pertinent to the well being of my Soul: though the Affaires which necessitie compels me to follow, are no little hinderances to the Muses which I affect.

I have observed three sorts of Poësie, now in fashion: One, consisteth meerely of Rhymes, Clinches, Anagrammicall Fancies, or such like verball, or literall Conceits

ceits as delight Schoolboyes and Pedanticall wits; having nothing in them either to better the understanding, or stirre up good Affections.

These Rattles of the Brain, are much admired by those, who (being men in yeers) continue children in understanding: and those Chats of wit, may well be resembled to the fantasticall Suits, made of Tasfaties and Sarceness, cut out, in slashes; which are neither comely nor commodious, for sober men to weare; nor very usefull for any thing (being out of sashion) but to be cast on the dunghill.

Another fort of *Poesse*, is the Delivery of necessary Truths, and wholesome documents, couched in fignificant *Parables*; and illustrated by such flowres of Rhetorick, as are helpfull to work upon the Affections, and to infinuate into Apprehensive Readers, a liking of those Truths, and Instructions, which they expresse.

These *Inventions*, are most acceptable to those who have ascended the middle-Region of *Knowledge*; For, though the wifest

wisest men make use of them in their writings; yet, they are not the wifest men for whose sake they are used. This Poesie is frequently varyed, according to the feverall Growths, Ages, and Alterations of that Language, wherein it is worded: and that, which this day is approved of as an elegancy, may feeme lesse facetious in another Age. For which cause, such Compositions, may be resembled to Garments of whole Silke, adorned with gold lace: For while the Stuffe, shape and trimming, are in fashion, they are a fit wearing for Princes; and (the Materials being unmangled) may continue usefull to some purpofes, for fome other persons.

A third *Poesse* there is, which delivers commodious Truths, and things Really necessary, in as plain, and in as universall tearmes, as it can possibly devise; so contriving also, what is intended, that the unifest (having no cause to contemn it) may be profitably remembred of what they know; and the *Ignorant* become informed of what is convenient to be known.

This

This, is not so plausible among the Wittie, as acceptable to the Wife; because it regardeth not fo much to feeme Elegant, as to be usefull for all persons, in all times: which it endeavoureth, by using a phrase and method, neither unpleasing to the time prefent, nor likely to grow altogether out of use, in future Ages; And if it make use of Ænigmaticall expressions, it is to prevent the prophanation of some Truths; or the oppressing of their pro-The commendation of this Poësse is not improperly set forth by a Mantle (or fuch like upper Garment) of the best English-Cloth: for, that, continueth indifferently ferviceable for all feafons;and,may be usefully and commendably worn,by men of every degree.

To this plaine and profitable *Poësse* I have humbly aspired, (and especially in this Book) imitating therein (though coming infinitely behind them) no worse Patterns then the most holy *Prophets*: And by this means, I hope, the memoriall of Gods mercies, shall be the better pre-

preferved in our hearts; and things pertinent to our happinesse be the more frequently presented to a due consideration.

Songs, were adjudged (even by the wisdome of the holy Ghost) the fittest means to convey to many persons, and through many Generations, those Caveats, Counsels; and Considerations, which ought seriously to be minded; as appeares by the Song of Moses, and many other despersed in both Testaments; as also, by the Pfalmes of David. Yea, our own experience assures us, that, by Song, matters of moment may not only be committed to memory with more ease, but be more delightfully preserved unforgotten, then by my other means.

Songs and Hymns, are the most ancient writings of the World, and the most esteemed in pious Ages. In them, divine Mysteries were first recorded; and doubtlesse, to celebrate the honour of God, and to stir up mens affections to the love and practise of Holinesse and Vertue, was the prime Subject and Scope of ancient Song and

and Musicke; though at this time they are otherwayes, overmuch, employed. But, indeed, the abuse of them is no new thing; for, the devill perceiving how Devotion, and honest affections were by these means, affished and stirred up, he, long since, taught his Prophets to magnifie also their false Gods, in Hymns dedicated to their honour; and to provoke uncleane Desires by prophane and immodest Songs and Ballads, fitted to uncleane passions; of which later fort we have now such varietie, that there is hardly Roome (sure I am) no encouragement for a devout Musse.

Childhood and youth, are almost generally so seduced and bewitched, with vain (if not wicked) Songs and Poems, that, holy and Pious Meditations, are tedious and unwelcome to most men, all their life long. Nay Poesse hath bin so prophaned by unhallowed Suggestions, (Inspirations I will not call them) and by having been long time the Baud to Lust; and abused to other improper ends; that some good men

men(though therein, not very wife men) have affirmed *Poëfie*, to be the Language, and invention of the Devill.

To prevent these Errors and Offences, Mr. Sandys, Mr. Harbert, Mr. Quarles, and fome others, have lately, to their great commendations, feriously endeavoured, by tuning their Muses to divine Strains, and by employing them in their proper work. For the like prevention, I have alfo laboured according to my Talent; and am defirous both to helpe restore the Musas to their ancient honour, and to become a means, by the pleasing nesse of Song, to feafon Childhood and young perfons, with more Vertue and Pietie. To that end. I composed these Hymns and Songs; taking the advantage of Times, Perfons, and Occasions, in hope that by ufing various means, I shall at some Time, upon some Occasion, in some Persons, prevent or dissolve the Devils Inchantments; by these lawfull Charmes; which may be read or Sung, to that purpose, as occasion is offred; and as my Readers are affected.

in

In my Perfonall Hymns, I arrogate not to instruct men of all Qualities or degrees, in each point of their duties; neither to dictate all meditations pertinent to them in the exercise of their devotion; bnt, I rather offer some principall duties, and occasions of thankfulnesse, to the Remembrance of those who know them; and the knowledge of them, to such as are altogether ignorant; in hope, the one or the other, (if not both) may be be benefited thereby.

The like I professe in my Hymns, appropriated to Times, and Occasions. And, perhaps, they who need Instruction, shall sinde, here, and there, dispersed, most of those duties, which are pertinent to Christian men and women, of every degree, and condition: peradventure also, the publishing of these Helps, and Remembrances, may by Gods blessing, encrease necessary knowledge, in those who most want it; and, that Honessy, and Pietie, which is lately decayed.

As in the *Language*, so in the forts of verse

verse, I have affected plainnesse, that I might the more profit them, who need such helps: This I have done also, that they may be sung to the common Tunes of the Pfalmes, and such other, as are welknown; to which, I have directed my Reader, not to confine him to such Tunes; but, that he may have those, until he be provided of such as may be more proper: which, perchance, may by some devout Musician, be hereafter prepared.

In all these Compositions, I have made use of no mans method or Meditations, but mine own. Not that I despised good helps: but, partly, because my Fortunes & my employments, compelled me to spin them out of my own Bowels, as occasions were presented unto me; and chiefly, because I thought, by searching mine own heart, I should the better sinde out, those musings, and expressions, which would slow with least harshnesse; and be most sutable to their capacities, whom I desire to prosit.

All these things considered, I hope, I shall

To the Reader.

shall be judged excusable though I attained not to persection, in my pious Endeavours; and I am hopefull also, (considering, how many *Songs* I have now prepared to advance a *Christian Rejoycing*) that it will not be thought altogether my fault, if there follow not a merry-Time.

Without more words; I commit these my humble *Devotions*, to their use who shall approve and accept of them; and the event of my Studies and desires, to Gods gracious providence; whom I beseech, to fanctise them, to his Glory.

Iune 1. 1641.

HALELVIAH

OR

BRITAN'S fecond REMEM-BRANCER, bringing to Remembrance (in praisefull and Poenitentiall Hymnes, Spirituall Songs, and Morall Odes) Meditations advancing the glorie of God, and the Practise of Pietie and Vertue.

The first part consisting of *Hymns* Occasional.

HYMNE. 1.

A generall Invitation to praife GOD.

This Hymn stirreth up to the praise of God, by a

Poeticall Invitation of the Creatures to the performance of that Dutie according to their severall

Faculties and Dignities. And, it is a preamble to
the following Hymns.

Ome, oh come in pious Laies,
Sound we God-Almighti's praise.
Hither bring in one Consent,
Heart, and Voice, and Instrument.

B
Musick

Part. 1.

Musick adde of ev'ry kinde; Sound the Trump, the Cornet winde. Strike the Violl, touch the Lute. Let nor Tongue, nor String be mute:

Nor a Creature dumb be found,
That hath either Voice or Sound.

2 Let those Things which do not live
In Still-Musick, praises give.

Lowly pipe, ye Wormes that creep,
On the Earth, or in the Deep.

Loud-alost, your Voices strain,
Beasts, and Monsters of the Main.

Birds, your warbling Treble sing.

Clouds, your Peales of Thunders ring.

Sun and Moon, exalted higher, And bright Stars, augment this Quire.

3 Come ye Sons of Humane-Race,
In this Chorus take a place;
And, amid the mortall-Throng,
Be you Masters of the Song.
Angels, and supernall Powr's,
Be the noblest Tenor yours.
Let in praise of God, the sound
Run a never-ending Round;
That our Song of praise may be

Everlassing as is HE.

4. From Earths vast and hollow wombe, Musicks deepest Base may come.

Seas and Flouds, from shore to shoare,

Shall their Counter-Tenors roare.

To

Part. 1. Hymne. I I.

To this *Confort*, (when we fing) Whistling Winds your Descants bring. That our Song may over clime, All the Bounds of *Place* and *Time*, And ascend from Sphere to Sphere, To the great All-mightie's eare. So, from Heaven, on Earth, he shall Let his gracious Bleffings fall: And this huge wide Orbe, we see Shall one Quire, one Temple be; Where, in fuch a Praise, full Tone We will fing, what he hath done, That the curfed Fiends below, Shall thereat impatient grow. Then, oh Come, in pious Laies, Sound we God-Almighties praise.

HYMNE II.

When we first awake.

It is Gods mercy that our Sleep is not to Death: and, therefore whenfoever we awake, it becometh us to lift up our hearts to God in this, or in the like Meditation.

B 2

Sing this as the 25. or 67. Pfalmes.

DEAR God! that watch doft keep
Round all that honour Thee.

Vouchfafing thy Beloved fleep,
When Reft shall needfull be:

Мy

3

My Soul returns thee praise, That thus refresh'd I am; And that my tongue a voice can raise, To praise thee for the same. 2 As now my Soul doth shake Dull Sleep, out of her eies; So let thy Spirit me awake, That I from fin may rife. The Night, is past away, Which fill'd us full of fears; And we enjoy the glorious *Day*, Wherein thy grace appears. 3 Oh! let me, therefore, shun All Errors of the Night. Thy Righteoufnesse let me put on, An walk as in the Light. And guard me from his powre, (Since I on thee relie) Who walks in darknesse to devour When our Long-sleep draws nigh. 4 Yea, when the Trump shall sound Our Summons from the Grave, Let this my Body from the ground, A bleffed Rifing have. That (whatfoe're the Dreames, Of my Corruption be) The Vision of thy Glorie's Beames, May bring full Joyes to me.

HYMNE

HYMNE III.

When Day-light appears.

When we first behold the renewed light, our thoughts should be listed up to the Father of Lights, by whose mercy we escape the perils of Darknesse:

And it would become us, otherwhile to praise him, and instruct our selves, in this, or the like Meditation.

Sing this as the 51 Pfal. or the Lamentation, &c.

L Ook forth mine eye; look up and view How bright the Day-light thines on me. And as the Morning doth renew, Mark how renew'd Gods mercies be.

Behold, the Splendors of the Day,
Disperse the shadows of the Night;
And, they who late in Darknesse lay,
Have now the comforts of the Light.
2 Nor Twilight-Plagues, nor Midnight-Fears,
Nor mortall, nor immortall Foes,
Had powre to take us in their snares;
But safe we slept, and safe arose.

And to those Daies which we have had, He that is Lord of Day and Night, Another Day vouchsases to add, That our lost houres redeeme we might. 3 It is too much to have made voide So many daies already past:

B 3

Let

Let this, therefore, be so employ'd, As if we knew it were our last.

Most Creatures, now, themselves advance, Their Morning-Sacrifice to bring; The Heards do skip, the Flocks do dance, The windes do pipe, the Birds do sing.

4 LORD, why should these, who were decreed, To serve thee in a lower-place, In thankfull-Duties, us exceed, Who have obtain'd the highest grace?

We are oblig'd much more then those Our voice in thankfull Sounds to raise: Therefore oh God! our lips unclose; And teach our Tongues to sing thy praise.

5 Let heart, and hand, and voice accord, This Day, to magnifie thy Name: And let us ev'ry Day, oh Lord!

Continue to performe the same.

So when that *Morning* doth appear, In which thou shalt all Flesh destroy; We shall not be *awak'd* with fear, But, rise and meet thy *Son* with Joy.

HYMNE IIII.

When we put on our Apparell
The putting on of our Apparell, may occasion many
considerations, helpfull to keep us mindfull of our
Frailties; of our Wants; and of some Caveats preventing errors and snares, whereinto we
may, els, faller'e the Day be pass. Sing

Sing this as the Magnificat, or Te Deum.

Lord, had not man fought out by fin, What should have been unknown;

His nakednesse unselt had bin, And, wifer he had grown.

But, in the stead, of what he thought By lawlesse means, to know,

The knowledge of that want, was taught, Which brings the fense of woe.

2 Had he as forward striv'd to be, The Fruit of Life, to taste,

As on the Death-procuring-Tree,

A lustfull Eye to cast;

The Bliffe which was for him prepar'd, In Soul, he had obtain'd:

And in his Body, also shar'd

The Bleffing, preordain'd.

But, fince the Flesh, did preffe to fee
Her wants before the time;

Both Soul and Flesh afflicted be For that prefumptuous Crime:

And, cumbred fo, with pains and care, To purchase Cloth and Food;

That little their endeavours are, To feek their chiefest-Good.

4 Lord! with a Robe of Innocence, Thy Servant so aray,

That, it may take the painfull fense, Of outward wants away.

B 4

Yea,

Part. 1.

Yea, let thy Justice cloth me so,
That I incurre no blame;
Nor through my sin so naked grow,
As to augment my shame.

5 And let the Garments which I weare,
My tender Flesh to hide,
Be neither made a lustfull-snare,
Nor Ensignes of my pride.
But, rather be a means to show
The folly of that Deed,
By which man fell; and fell so low,
As these poore Toyes to need.

HYMNE V.

A morning Hymne.

Many dangers hang over us all the Day. Therefore, before we adventure forth to follow our Affaires we might be the more safe, if we were first charmed by such Invocations as these.

Sing this as the Pater-noster.

Since thou hast added, now, o G o D!
Vnto my life, another Day;
And giv'st me leave to walk abroad,
And labour in my lawfull way:
My Walks and Works, with me begin;
Conduct me forth, and bring me, in.
In ev'ry powre my Soul injoyes
Internall Vertues to improve;

In

In ev'ry Sense that shee employes, Inher externall Works to move, Bleffe her ô God! and keep me found, From outward harme, and inward wound. 3 Let Sin nor Sathans fraud prevaile, To make mine eye of Reason blind, Or Faith, or Hope, or Love to faile, Or any *Vertues* of the Minde; But, more and more, let them encrease; And bring me to mine end, in peace. 4 Lewd Courses, let my Feet forbeare; Keep thou my *Hands* from doing wrong: Let nor Ill-Counsels pierce mine Eare, Nor Wicked-words defile my Tongue. And keep the windows of each Eye That no strange Lust climbe in thereby. 5 But, guard thou fafe my *Heart*, in chief, That neither Hate, Revenge, nor Feare; Nor vain-Defire, vain-Joy, or Grief, Obtain Command or Dwelling, there: And LORD, with ev'ry faving-Grace, Still, true to thee, maintain that Place. 6 From open-wrongs, from fecret-hates, Preserveme, likewise LORD this Day: From flandrous' Tongues, from wicked Mates, From ev'ry Danger in my Way: My Goods to me, secure thou, too; And prosper all the Works I do. So, till the Evening of this Morn, My Time shall then so well be spent, That.

That, when the Twi-light shall return,
I may enjoy it with content;
And to thy praise, and honour say,
That this hath prov'd a happy-Day.

HYMNE VI.

A Hymne whilst we are washing.

Though Water be a common Blessing; yet we receive many great Benefits thereby, and cannot live conveniently without it. If, therefore, we sometimes remember to be thankfull in the use of it, and to sanctifie it with such like Meditations, as these, it will become Holy-water unto us.

Sing this as the 1. 4. or 30. Psalmes.

As we by Water wash away
Vncleannesse from our slesh,
And, sometimes, often in a day,
Our selves are faine to wash:
So, ev'ry Day, Thoughts, Words, or Deeds,
The Soul do fully, so,
That often, ev'ry day, she needs
Vnto her Cleanser go.

Our Sins purgation doth require,
Sometime, a Flood of Teares;

Sometime the painfull purging-Fire,
Of Torments, Griefs, or Fears:
And all this Cleanfing will be loft,
(When we our best shall do)

Vnleffe

Vnlesse we by the *Holy-Ghost*,

May be baptized too.

LORD, by thy *Sanclifying-Spirit*,

And, through my Faith in thee,

(Made acceptable by thy Merit)

Purge, Wash and Cleanse thou mee.

And, as this Water purifies
My Bodies outward blots,
So, cleanfe thou, by thy Blood, likewife,
My Souls internall fpots.

4 And, fince this usefull *Element*, Thouserely dost afford,

(In using it) let me present
Due thanks to thee ô LORD!
And, then, accept that Sacrifice,

(Though cheap, and mean it be.) And, do not those Requests despise, Which I preferre to thee.

HYMNE VII.

When we enjoy the benefit of the Fire. Fire is a Creature, both beneficiall and harmfull, (according too ur heedfulnesse, and Gods blessing.) Therefore, this Hymne serves both to remember us to be thankfull for the good received; and to be seek Gods protection from the dangers of it.

Sing this as the 2. 6. or 7. Psalmes.

By that, no wonders, Things appear, Which ev'ry Day we see,

This

This Fire, whose warmth our flesh doth chear, A wondrous-thing would be: For, while by Fewell it is fed,

(Which we therefore provide)
Arayd in shining White and Red,

Arayd in inining *white* and A It will with us abide.

2 But, when the fame we do neglect, It quickly flies away;

And fometime (for our difrespect)
Vpon our Goods, doth prey.

If guided well, it is a Friend:

If not; it proves a Foe,

Which bringeth Cities to an end, And Realmes may overthrow.

3 LORD, fince this Creature, much we need, And harm'd thereby may be,

(Vnlesse we take thereof good heed)
From harmes, preserve us free.

Yea, thankfull make, for that which warms, And which we now enjoy:

And keep us ever from the harms, Of that which doth destroy.

HYMNE VIII.

Before we begin our Work.

When we are preparing towards our daily employments,
their Beginnings, would finde the better successful endings, if we did otherwile, Sing, Say, or
Think somewhat to this purpose.

Sing

Sing this as the 10. Commandements.

Ince thou hast LORD, appointed so, That Man by labour must be fed; Loe, with a chearefull mind I go To labour for my daily-bread.

I doe not at my Lot repine,
(Though others live much more at ease)
But, I subject my Will to thine;
And thy Good-pleasure me shall please.

Let what I purposenow to doe,
Be fully pleasing unto Thee;
And give a good successe thereto,
That profit thence may spring to mee.

Be thou the Author of each Deed, VVhich now by me shall be begun: VVith me throughout my works proceed; And perfect them, when I have done.

HYMNE IX.

VVhen we are at our Labour.

Many use to mitigate the tediousnesse of their Lobours by singing. Therefore (to encourage labouring men at their Works) some Priviledges of alaborious life; and some Petitions, besitting such as live by Labour, are the subject of this Hymn.

Sing this as the 14.or 15. Pfalmes.

WHyshould I grieve that I was made (VVhil'st others take no paine)
To

To labour at a toylesome Trade, My body to maintaine? And, that to compasse Cloth and Meat, My Lotno meanes doth grant, Vntill my Browes or Braines do sweat To get me what I want? Or, wherefore, by a murm'ring Tongue, Should I augment my Care, Because I am not rang'd among Those *Drones* that Idlers are ? For, Labour yeelds me true content, (Though few the same doe see) And, when my toyling houres are spent, My Sleeps the fweeter be. Though Labour was enjoin'd at first, To be a Curfe for Sin, Yet Man, by being fo accurft, May skrew a Bleffing in. And, He that with a patient minde,

This pennance doth fuftaine,
Shall by his paines true pleafures finde,
And many comforts gaine.
4 Whilft honest Labours are applide,

We vexe our Ghostly Foe;
And in our hearts,he is denide,
His harmfull Tares,to sowe.

A thousand mischieses we avoyd,
When he would us entrap:
Which they, who are not so imployd,
But rarely do escape.

5 It makes our Bread more fweet then theirs
Who idly fpend their wealth:

We feldome have fo many Cares, And live in better health.

If we, at Night, begin to tire, Next Morning, fresh we grow;

And for our Meat, or for our hire, To worke againe we go.

6 Men seldome heare us crying out (As Idler Folk have done)

By reason of the Lisie Gout, The Collick, or the Stone:

But, when our strength consum'd we have, That Ripenes doth increase,

Which makes us ready for the Grave, And there, we rest in peace.

7 LORD grant me health, and strength to The Labours laid on me; (beare

And in those Works to persevere, Whereto I call'd shall be.

And letme finde, by what thy Grace Hath for my Soul prepar'd,

That, he who works in meanest Place, May gaine the best Reward.

HYMNE. X.

After our Worke is done.

Lest (when we have accomplished our intended

Works) we lose the benesit of our Labours, by Jmprovidence,

providence or Vnthankfulnesse; We are hereby put in remembrance to be seech of God that we for seit not the comfort of them, by our sins.

Sing this as the 100. Pfalme.

That I unthankfull may not be,
Now this my worke is fully done,
VVith Praises Lord, I come to thee,
In whomit was at first begun:

For if my Pains hath compast ought,
From whence, a profit may redound;
Thy Grace, the same in me hath wrought:
Else, sruitlesse, had my deeds been sound.

Let not my Folly, nor my Foe,
Nor past, nor future sins, destroy
The Labours, which I did bestow
An honest profit to enjoy.

But,make my Paines, and their Effect, To me, still, prosp'rously succeed; And let me never LORD, neglect To praise thee, both in Will and Deed.

HYMNE. XI.

VVhen we depart from home.

When we depart from home, every flep is attended with some Hazzard, or Temptation, whereby we may be endangered, if G O D prevent not.

To him therefore, we should list upour hearts to this effect.

Sing this as the 16.or 18. Pfalmes, &c.

VVho

7 Hoknows, when he to go from home Departeth from his dore, Or when, or how, he back shall come? Or, whether never more? For fome who walk abroad in health, In fickneffe, back are brought: And, some, who forth have gone with wealth, Have back-return'd with nought. 2 LORD, therefore now I goe abroad, My Guard, I thee confesse; And humbly beg of thee ô G o D! My going-forth to bleffe. Go with me, whether I would go; Stay with me, where I stay: Do for me, what I ought to do; Speake Thou, what I should say. From taking wrong, from doing harme, From Thoughts and Speeches ill; From Passions rage, from pleasures charme, Vouchsafe to keep me still. Let me abroad, some Eleffing finde; And let no curse the while, Befall to that I leave behinde, My honest Hopes to spoile. But let my Going-out and In, My Thoughts, my Words, and Waies, Be alway fafe; Still, free from Sin, And, ever to thy praise. And, when my pains effect shall take; Or, Times of stay are spent; With

Part.1.

With Health, and Credit, bring me backe, With Comfort and Content.

HYMNE. XII.

When we returne Home.

Though our Affaires may not permit us to sing upon all such occasions, yet we ought at all times to be thankfull: and we have, at leaft, leifure enough to Meditate to this purpose, when we returne home.

Sing this as the former Hymne.

CInce, LORD thou hast well pleased bin, (As now it may appeare) To beare me forth, to bring me in, And fet me fafely here; I, who deserved not this Grace, Should far leffe worthy be, If I repay not in this place, The thanks I owe to thee. 2 My Tonguetherfore, Oh Lord (my King) Now foundeth out thy praise: My heart the felf fame strain doth fing; And, thus to thee it fayes: Thou art my GoD; and never shall Another God be mine; And Kingdomes, Powers, and Glories, all For ever shall be thine.

HYMNE

HYMNE XIII.

At Noone-tide.

We have usually some refreshings as well at Noonetide, as in the Mornings and Evenings. Therefore, the singing of a Meridian-Hymne, to this, or the like purpose is not impertinent.

Sing this as the former Hymne.

N Ow the Sun is at his height, And brightest Beames displaies; We to the Father of this Light Will sing a song of praise: For since that Lampe can shine so cleare,

And guild so large a Skye,

VVhat Splendor doth in him appeare, VVho made that glorious Eye!

2 How happy in the Light, we be VVhich from this *Planet* flowes, Inform'd we are in fome degree)

VVhen from our view he goes: For,Bleffings,at the full, receiv'd,

Appear not fo, at best,
As when we are awhile deprived

As when we are, a while, depriv'd Of that which was posses.

3 Both for this meanes of outward fight, VVe praife thee Lorp, therefore, And, for those Beames of Inward Light, VVhich make that Bleffing, more.

Vouch-

Part.I.

Vouchsafe, that whilst this happy-Day Of double-grace doth last, My feet may travell in the way Which thou commanded hast. 4 Those Works of Darkneffe make me shun, Which my chiefe practife were: Those Armes of Light, let me put on, Which I am bound to beare. That when the Night of Death shall close The Daylight of mine Eies, I may without affrights repose; And with true Joyes arise.

HYMNE. XIIII.

At Sun-fetting.

The singing or meditating to such purposes as are intimated in this Hymne(when we fee the Sun declining) may perhaps expell unprofitable musings, and arme against the Terrors of approaching darknesse.

Sing this as the former.

BEhold, the Sun that feem'd, but now, Enthroned over-head, Beginneth to decline below This Globe, whereon we tread: And,he whom,yet,we looke upon VVith comfort and delight; VVill quite depart from hence, anon, And leave us to the Night.

2 Thus

Thus Time (unheeded) steales away
The life which Nature gave.
Thus, are our Bodies ev'ry Day
Declining to the Grave.
Thus, from us all those Pleasures stie,
VVhereon we set our hart:
And, when the Night of death draws nigh,
Thus will they all depart.
LORD! though the Sun forsake our sight,
And mortall hopes are vain,
Let, still, thine Everlassing Light,
VVithin our Soules remain.

And in the Nights of our Diftreffe
Vouchfafe those Raies-divine
VVhich from the Sun of Righteoufneffe,
For ever brightly shine.

HYMNE XV.

In cleare Starry Night.

By contemplating the beauty of the Stars (which were created for the service of Man) we are taught to consider the special and unspeakable Mercies of God, vouchsased in Christ Irsv.

Sing this as the Lamentation.

ORD / when those glorious Lights I see VVith which thou hast adorn'd the Skies; Observing how they moved bee, And how their Splendor fils mine Eies)

Me thinks it is too large a Grace, (But that thy Love ordain'd it so) That Creatures in fo high a Place, Should fervants be to M A N below. The meanest Lampe, now shining there, In fize, and luster doth exceed The noblest of thy Creatures, here; And of our friendship hath no need. Yet, These, upon Mankinde attend, For fecret Ayde, or publike Light: And, from the Worlds extremest end, Repaire unto us, ev'ry Night. Oh / had that Stampe been undefac'd VVhich, first, on us thy hand had set, How highly should we have been grac'd! Since, we are so much honour'd, yet? Good G o D / for what, but for the fake Of thy Belov'd, and Only-Sonne, (VVho did on him, our nature take) VVere these exceeding Favours done? 4 As we by *Him*, have honour'd bin, Let us to *Him*, due honours give: Let His uprightnesse hide our Sin; And let us Worth from Him receive. Yea, fo let us by Grace improve VVhat thou by *Nature* doth bestow; That, to thy Dwelling place above,

VVe may be raifed from below.

HYMNE

Amid

HYMNE XVI.

In a darke Night.

Darknes is uncomfortable to all, and very dreadfull to many: Therefore, we prepared this Hymne, that fuch as are fearefull, may have wherewith to comfort their hearts against the terrors of Darknes.

Sing this as the 19, 20, or 21. Pfalmes.

[/ Hat though the comforts of the Light, This gloomy Night denies? Though me to trouble, and affright, Vnwelcome Darknes tries. VVhat should I doubt? whom should I feare ? Or why disheartned be, Since thou ô Go D! art ev'ry where, And present, still, with me? VV hat mischiese shath a Mianight howre, My Terror to procure? VVhat warrant hath a Noone-tide powre My fafety to affure? I find no comforts in the Day, If thou thy presence hid'st; Nor can the Darknes me difmay If near me, thou abid'ft. Indeed, the Feind that hates the light, Doth oft occasion take,

Amid the darknesse of the Night,
This Bugge-beare showes, to make:
Yet, sure, the Darknesse of our Minds
Is that, whereby this Foe,
Most frequently, occasions finds,
The greatest harmes to doe.
4 Me, from that Darknesse to defend
Thy Grace, o Lord afford.
So me th' enlightening Spirit lend,
And Lanthorne of thy Word.
For then, though Egypts Darknesse had
Inclos'd me round about;

(Yea, though I fate in *Death's* blacke *Shade*)
That *Light* fhould guide me out.

HYMNE XVII.

An Evening Hymne.

Lest Bruit-creatures rise in judgement against us for neglect of thankfulnesse. This Hymne of Praise is tendred to be a Remembrancer, and a Help for the better performance of that Duty.

Sing this as the Prayer after the Commandements.

This Duty, they to mind might bring,
VVho chirpe among the bushy-spraies.
For, to their Pearches they retire,
VVhen first the twilight waxeth dim;

And,

And, ev'ry night that sweet-voic'd Quire,
Shuts up the Day-light with a Hymn.

Ten thousand fold more cause have we,
To close each Day with praisefull voice;
To offer thankfull hearts to thee;
And in thy Mercies, to rejoice.
For, from thy Ward-robe cloth'd we are:
Our Health we do by thee retaine:

Our Health we do by thee retaine:
Our Dayly-bread thou do'st prepare;
And givest Ease, when we have paine.
3 Thou mak'stus Glad, when we are greev'd:
When we are tir'd, thou bringest Rest:
In wants we are by the Releav'd;
And Succour'd when we are opprest.

These favours, LORD, and many moe, (Ev'n moe then here we can recite)
Thou ev'ry Morning do'st bestowe;
And them renewest ev'ry Night.
4 Therefore, for all thy Mercies past;
For those this Evening doth afford;
And which for times to come, thou hast;
We give thee hearty thanks, ô LORD!

Continu'd let thy Bounties be;
And, from our Ghostly Foes despight,
(Though we deserve it not from thee)
Desend us this ensuing-night.
5 When we shut up, in darknesse, lie,
Let not the guilt of any Sin,
Appeare, our Soules to terrise
With Frights, which bring Despairings in.

Bu

49

But free from harmes and flavish Feare, Let us a Peacefull Rest obtaine; That when the *Morning* shall appeare We may renew thy Praise againe.

HYMNE XVIII.

Another Evening Hymn.

In this Hymne, God is praifed, and his protecting and preventing Grace implored, to secure us from the dangers and Temptations of the Night, and it is intended for an Evening-Hymn.

Ow the cheerfull Day is past, And the Beauties of the *Light*, Are with shadowes, overcast, By the Mantle of the *Night*.

Thanks to thee, ô Lord! I pay
For each Bleffing of this Day;
Asking Grace for ev'ry Sin,
Whereby err'd I have therein.
Though the Sunhath left us now,
And withholds his Light from me;
Lord, From hence depart not thou,
Nor in Darkneffe, let me be.

But the Raies of grace divine,
Cause thou round me still to shine;
And, with Mercy overspred
Both my Person, and my Bed.
3 Chase all wicked Fiends, from hence,
That they doe me no despight,
By deluding of the Sense,
Through the Darknesse of the Night.

But, ô Lord, from all my Foes, Let thine Angels me enclose; And protect me in my sleep, When my selse I cannot keep. 4 Whil'st my Body taketh rest, Let my Soule attend on thee. Let no dreame to me suggest Fancies that unchaste may be.

Whether I shall wake or sleep,
Me in Mind and Body keep,
Not from Acts of Sin alone,
But, from dreaming they are done.
5 And since Death and Sleep are said,
Some resemblances to have;
In my Bed ere I am laid
So prepare me for my Grave;

That with comfort wake I may, To enjoy the following day, Or, (if *Death* close up mine eies) Rest in *Hope*, till all shall rise.

HYMNE XIX.

When we put off our Apparell.

Whileft we are putting off our Apparell, the senging of this briefe Hymne, will be neither tedious nor unprositable; seeing we may thereby prepare as well our Minds as our Bodies for the better enjoying of a comfortable Rest.

Sing this as the 33, or 34. Pfalmes.

C 2

Part.I.

A S e're I downe am couched there,
Where,now I hope to rest;
I,first,from what I daily weare,
Begin to be undrest.
So,in my Grave,e're I shall be
In blest reposure layd,
Of many Rags,yet worne by me,
I must be disarayd.

2 My fruitlesse Hopes, my foolish Feares, My Lust, my losty Pride,

My fleshly-Joyes, my needlesse-Cares, Must quite be laid aside.

Yea that Selfe-Love, which yet I weare
More neare me then my skin,
Must off be pluck'd, e're I shall dare

My last-long-sleep begin.

3 Of *These*, and all such Rags as these, When I am disarayd

My Soule and Body shall have ease, Where ever I am layd: For Feares of Death, nor Cares of Life,

Shall then difquiet me;
Nor dreaming-Joyes, nor waking Griefe

My Sleeps disturbance be.

4 Therefore, instruct thou me ô Go D /

And give me grace, to heed With what vaine things, our felves we lode; And what we rather need.

Oh / help me teare those Clouts away, And let them so be loth'd, That, I, on my last-rising-Day,
With Glory may be cloth'd.

5 And, now, when I am naked layd,
Vouchsafe me so to arme;
That nothing make my heart astrayd,
Or doe my Body harme.
And guard me so when downe I lie,
And when I rise againe;
That (sleep, or wake, or live, or die)
I, still, may safe remaine.

HYMNE XX.

When we cannot fleep.

When we cannot sleep at seasonable times, vaine munings, and want of right meditating on God is frequently chiese eause of unrest. Therefore this Meditation directeth to the remedy of such untimely watchfulnesse.

Sing this as the former Hymne.

What ayles my Heart, that in my brest It thus unquiet lies?

And that it, now, of needfull Rest Deprives my tired eies?

Let not vaine Hopes, griefs, doubts, or feares Distemper so my mind;

But, cast on God, thy thoughtfull cares, And comfort thou shalt find.

In vaine that Soul attempteth ought, (And spends her thoughts in vaine)

C. 3 Who

Hymne XXI.

30

Who by, or in her felfe, hath fought Defired peace to gain. In vain, as rifing in the morne,

Before the Day appeare: In vain, to Bed we late returne, And lye unquiet, there:

3 For, when of Reft, our Sin deprives,
When Cares do waking keep,
Tis Go D (and he alone) that gives

To his *Beloved*, fleep.

On thee, ô L o R D, on thee, therefore,

My musings, now I place: Thy free remission, I implore,

And thy refreshing grace.

4 Forgive thou me, that when my mind
Opprest begun to be,

I fought elsewhere,my peace to find, Before I came to thee.

And, gracious God, vouchfafe to grant, (Vnworthy though I am)
The needfull rest which now I want,
That I may praise thy Name.

HYMNE XXI.

A generall thanksgiving.

Because the particular Benefits which we receive of God, are so many, that we cannot sing particular Hymns for every Mercy, this general Thanksgiving is provided for those who need such helps.

Part.I.

Sing this as the 100. Pfalme.

LORD I faine would fing thy praife, But, know not where I should begin; So often, and so many waies,
Thy Favours have conferred bin.
No blessing needfull to be had,
Are we, by thee debarred from
Whereby we happy may be made,
On earth; or, in the world to come.

2 I, for my Being, thanke thee first,
And, that when I the same possest,
I was no Creature of the worst;
But, had Endowments of the best.

And thy eternall-Providence, I praise, with all the pow'rs in mee, For ev'ry grace vouchfaf'd me fince I first receiv'd my life from thee. 3 For ev'ry Senfe, for all my Limbs; And, for each gift, I praise returne, Which outwardly my body trims; Or, me doth inwardly adorne. I praise thee, for my Strength, my Health, My Shape; and also for that share Which I have had of worldly-Wealth, And, of some honest-Pleasures here. 4 I praise thee for my Friends and Foes; (For,both have usefull been to mee) Yea, for thy just-correcting blowes, I render hearty thanks to thee.

I

I likewise magnishe ô G o D /
Thy wisedome, for that goodly Frame,
Which over us thou spread'st abroad;
And, for this Globe on which I am.
5 For all things of this lower-World;
For ev'ry Star, in ev'ry Sphere,
Which round about this Orbe is whirld,
I praise thee with a heart sincere.

But,most of all, I praise thee, LORD, For pardoning what is done amisse; And, for the means thou dost afford To bring me to Eternall Blisse.

6 For chusing me, e're time was made; For thy Creating me, in Time; For my Redemption, when I had Well-being lost, by Adams crime.

For me inlightning, by those Rayes, Whereby the Paths of Truth I see; For bringing me from Errors wayes; For these things, Lord, I honour thee.

7 I blesse thy Name, that by thy Grace I freely justified am;
And, that, when I polluted was, I thereby sanctified became.

I praise thee too, that I abide Preserved in the State of Blisse; And, that, of being Gloriside, My wofull Soule, kept hopefull is. 8 Oh Lord, to sum up all, in One, (In One, which ev'ry Blisse containes)

I

I give thee thanks for CHRIST thy Son, Who all these gracious Favours daignes. To Him, for whatsoever HER Hath fuffred, said, or done, be praise. And, to that Spirit, who to mee, The meanes of all this Grace convayes.

HYMNE XXII.

When we ride for Pleafure.

We make use of GOD'S Creatures, as well for pleafure, as for necessity. Therefore when we ride forth for pleasure, it will become us to mix, now and then such thankfull Meditations with our lawfull Pleasures, as are in this Hymne.

Sing this as the 10. Commandements.

If God, how kind? how good art thou? Of Man, how great is thy regard? Who do'ft all needfull things allow, And, fome for Pleasure, hast prepar'd? With what great Speed? with how much ease? On this thy Creature, am I borne, Which at my will, and when I please Doth forward goe, and backe returne?

Why should not I, o gracious God/More plyant be to thy command, When I am guided by thy word, And gently reined by thy hand.

Asham'd I may become to see The Beast which knowes nor good, nor ill)

nor good,nor III / More 34

More faithfull in obeying me,
Then I have been, to do thy will.

3 From him therefore, LORD, let me learn
To ferve thee, better then I do;
And minde how much it may concern
My welfare to endeavour fo.
And, though I know, this Creature lent
Afwell for Pleafure, as for need;
That I the wrong thereof prevent,
Let me, ftill, carefully take heed.
4 For, he that, wilfully fhall dare
That Creature, to oppreffe or grieve,
Which God to ferve him doth prepare,
Himselfe of mercy doth deprive.

And He, or His (unlesse in time They doe repent of that abuse) Shall one day suffer for his Crime; And want such Creatures, for their use.

HYMNE XXIII.

For him that undertakes a long-voyage.

Many are the Cafualities and Hassards of longvoyages. Therefore, this Hymn puts Travellers
in minde of some things pertinent to their safety;
and remembers them, whose Protection they ought
to feeke.

Sing this as the 4. Pfalme, &c.

Hee that a Voyage undertakes,
Had need be well prepar'd;

And.

And (when his Countrey he for fakes)
Procure an able Gard:

For, perils are so rife become, That (e're we be aware)

They often ceaze on us at home, When we most watchfull are.

2 My Journey, therefore, in thy *Name*, I,now ô Lord, begin;

That thou maist guide me through the same, And prosper me therein.

Be thou my Pilot and my Guide, My Guard, my Staffe, my Stay;

And, ev'ry thing for me provide, That's needfull in my way.

3 To Pilgrims, thou, in Ages past, Approv'dst thy selfe a Friend;

And, to their *Pilgrimages*, hast Vouchsaf'd a blessed end.

The Father of the Faithfull Race, His Son, and Grand-childe too,

Removed oft from place to place, And, Thou didft with them goe.

4 The Patriarchs in Marchantwife, For Food, to Egypt went;

Endev'ring their necessities, By Travell, to prevent.

Thy bleft Apostles (whom the Spheres, Did, therefore figure out)

Were univerfall Travellers,

To preach thy Truth about.

5 Yea

Part.1.

5 Yea, when thy bleffed Son, 6 G O D! Did in our flesh appeare, (And made amongst us his abode)

And made amongst us his abode,

His Travels,many were.

To Egypt, he a voyage made, Ev'n in his tendrest age;

And other painfull Journeyes had, To scape the Peoples rage.

6 LORD, make a voyage now with me; Conduct, and guide me, so,

As If ed guided was, by thee, In Ages long agoe.

Like *Iacobs* Voyage,make thou mine, With me thine Angell fend;

And let thy face upon me shine, Vntill my Journies end.

7 Twixt me and ev'ry perill stand, That shall my life assaile

Vpon the Water or the Land, And let them not prevaile.

Protect from Poyson, Fire, and Sword, From theeves and beasts of prey:

From unexpcted Sickneffe, LORD, And Stormes upon the way.

8 From all extreames of Cold and Heat; From all Infectious Aires;

From Wants or Torments overgreat; From Bondage, and Despaires:

From their Despight that Goodnesse hate, And mischieses doe intend:

From

From Flattrers, and a Faithlesse-mate, Thy Servant, LORD, defend. Preserve me sober, and Discreet, Just, humble, meek and kind; That, fuch as would enfnare my feet, No powre thereto may finde. Make cleane my heart, and keep my Tongue, That I nor think, nor fay, What may be to anothers wrong; Or mine own life betray. 10 Throughout my Travels give me grace Discreetly to avoyd, The Sins, and Errors of the Place, wherein, I am employed. And, let me those things only learn, Which to thy praise may be, My Countrys good, fomeway, concern, Or truly profit me. 11 To these intents, thine Ayd afford; Thy daily bleffing, daign, And, bring me in due time, ô LORD, In safetie back again. That, I may joyfull praifes give Vnto thy holy Name; And others, (who thy love perceive) Assist me in the same.

HYMNE.

HYMNE XXIIII.

For fafe return, from a Voyage.

Men that are in want and danger (farre from their homes) havemany longings for a fafe return; But, being arived where they would be, a vain Jollitie, or negligence, puts (oftentimes) out of minde all remembrance of due thankfulnefse; which we defired to prevent by this Hymn.

Sing this as the 100. Psalme.

Ow great! how gracious have I found Thy Favours, LORD my God, to mee! How, for thy mercies, I am bound, With all my Powr's, to honour thee?
For, that whereto my wish aspir'd,
To me thou, timely, granted hast,
(As fully as my heart desir'd)
And, all my Fears are gone and past.

Me, thou hast hither, from a far,
Through many Streights and perils brought;
And, now, in presence, those things are,
Whose Absence, overlong I thought.

How often! hath my heart been fad, Whilst *Hope* did suffer by delay? And, ô! how faine would I have had A sight of what I view this day.

3 The place desir'd, the Friends belov'd, And, many wished pleasures more,

From

From which I lately was remov'd,
Thy Mercie doth to me reftore.
Nor didft thou, only, thus preferve
And bleffe me, Lord, beyond defart;
But, when disfavour I deferve,
My kinde, and conftant Friend thou art.
4 Permit not, ô permit thou not
Thefe overflowings of thy grace,
To be abused or forgot,
In any future Time, or Place.
But, let me all my life time-long,
My Will, my Wits, and Strength bestow
As well in Action, as in Song,

My Will, my Wits, and Strength bestow
As well in Action, as in Song,
Thy Wisdome, Powre, and Love to show.
5 And, when those Travels have an end,
Which for mine own advantage, here,
(Or for thy service) I attend,
Make my last Voyage without sear.
Yea, when my Iourney I shall take
Vnto my last, and longest-Home;
A Joyfull Passage, let me make,
And, blessed in thy Rest, become.

HYMNE XXV.

When we are upon the Seas.

Death is alwaies within a few ynches of those who continue on Ship-bord: yet, most men, in their Seapassages, are vainly employed, & insensible of their perils. This Hymn, therefore, offers their Condition, and Dutie, to consideration.

Sing

Sing this as the 48. Pfalme &c.

N those Great Waters now I am Of which I have bin told, That who foever thither came, Should Wonders there behold. In this unsteadie place of feare Be present Lord with mee, For, in these Depths of Water here, I depths of Danger fee. 2 A flirring-Courfer now I fit; A headstrong-Steed I ride, That champs and fomes upon the Bit, Which curbs his loftie pride. The foftest whistling of the winds, Doth make him gallop fast, And, as their breath increased he finds The more he maketh hast. Take thou ô LORD, the Reines in hand; Assume our Masters roome: Vouchfafe thou at our Healme to stand; And Pilot to become. Trim thou the Sailes, and let good-speed Accompany our hast: Sound thou the Channells at our need, And anchor for us cast. A fit and favourable wind To further us, provide; And, let it waite on us behind, Or lacky by our fide.

From

FromSudden Gu/ls, from Stormes, from Sands;
And from the raging-wave,
From Shallowes, Rockes, and Pirates hands,
Men, Goods, and Vessel, save.
5 Preserve us from the wants, the seare,
And Sicknesse of the Seas;
But, chiefly from our Sins, which are
A Danger worse then these.
Lord, let us, also safe arive
Where we desire to be;
And, for thy Mercies, let us give
Due thanks, and praise to thee.

HYMNE XXVI.

In a Storme at Sea.

Passionate expressions of Fear, intermixt with reasonable considerations do help mitigate our passions in great Extreames; and Lamentations are as properly express in Song, as mirth: Therefore this Hymne may prosidably, be said or Sung, in a terrible Tempest to beget Courage, and strengthen our Faith.

ORD, how dreadfull is this howre?
And how fad is ev'ry Eie?
Clouds dissolve, the Skies do lowre,
Waves are fierce, and windes are high:
Wrath, above us frowning sits,
Danger, hath enclos'd us round;

Fear.

i

42 Hymne XXVI.

Fear, of us, possession gets, And, beneath us, *Death* is found.

LORD, awake ! awake we pray; Chase this raging Storme away:

Els, we perish all to Day.

2 LORD, we know that thou art nigh,
Though, as yet, thou seem not near;
And are sure thou hear'st our cry,
Though asseep, thou dost appear.

Let, ô let not any Crime, (Past or present) come in place, To condemn us, in a time,

When, so much, we need thy grace:

But, o fend us, now, thine ayde;

Let not Mercy be delayd:

For, thy Servants are afraid.
3 If our Vessell bear ô Lord!
Wicked Fraught, or Crying Sin;
Help to heave it over-boord,
That, Salvation may come in.

Bid the Seas, more calme become; Bid the Waves more lowly grow; Check the Winds, and call them home: That, the Deeps they stir not so.

Hear, whilst call on thee we may: For, if Thou the Word but say, Winds and Waves will thee obay.

4 More this *Tempest* doth not rage, Then when *Ionah* shunn'd thy Face: But, that Storme thou didst asswage,

When

Part. I.

HYMN

When the Seamen fought thy grace. When in Dangers, like to these, Thy Disciples, grew asraid; Thou didft Then the Winds appeare, And, the Tempest was alayd. They for help, invoked Thee. LORD! they Cryde; and fo do we: Therefore, saved let us be. 5 Though our Lives, we value dear, And our Goods, too highly rate: Death is not our chiefest Fear, Nor the losse of our estate. More we fear to loofe thy Love; More we fear thy wrathfull Frown: For, our Conscience doth reprove; And, to us, our Guilt have shown. Sense, and Conscience, of our Sin, Is more terrible, within; Then the Storme, without, hath bin. 6 These internall Stormes controul: And, (how er'e our *Bodies* fare) Speak thou kindly to the Soul, Thy fweet Calmes, vouchsafing there. Then, the Tempest rais'd without, Shall, to us, no Danger bring: But, (repreev'd from Fear, and Doubt) We thy praise, ô Lord! will sing. Yea, though WindsandWaters roare, (Rend the Rocks, and tear the Shore) We will fing thy Praise the more.

HYMNE XXVII.

When a Storme is past, at Sea.

Fear compells most men, in times of Danger, to call upon GOD, whom they seldom remember before they are troubled; and when the perills are past, sew return thanks for their Deliverances. Therefore, this Hymne offers it selfe, to remedy that Forgetfulnesse.

Sing this as the 100. Psalme.

See, see, the Skie from stormes is clear; More smoothly, now the Waves do slow: The Billows, that above us were, Contented seeme, to lie below.

The furious Winds are much alayd; More fober, now, the Ship appears; And, we, who lately were afrayd, To Hopes, have changed all our Fears.

2 Our Vowes, our Frayers, and our Crie, With God, have good acceptance had. He saw our danger, from on hie And, speed to save us, he hath made.

Come, let us therefore to his praife, (With joyfull hearts, and hands upheav'd) In thankfull Songs, our Voices raife; And fing of what we have receiv'd.

3 The Fears of Death, inclos'd us round; The Sins of Life, increast that Fear:

No

No means of fafetie could be found; Nor did in us, much hope appear.

Above our heads, the waves did roul:
The Winds did make our Tacklings crack.
The Deeps had nigh o'rewhelm'd our Soul;
Both Skill and Courage we did lack.
4 Some did the losse of Goods, deplore,
(Of which depriv'd they thought to be)
Some griev'd, through fear, lest they no more,
Should their lov'd Friends, or Country see.

Some feeming nigh Destructions brink, (And feeing Danger gape so wide)
Oppress with fear, began to think,
In how ill-state, they might have dide.
5 There was no Soul among us, here,
But, feared more then did befall:
For, Gop, in mercy, doth appeare;
And shows compassion to us all.

Therefore, let us (now fear is past)
Consider what small Joy or ease,
Those things, whereon our hearts were plast,
Afford, in dangers, like to these.
6 And, let us purchase, whilst we may,
That Grace, whereby we may be fraught
With Courage, in a Dreadfull-Day,
To set the Worldlings Fears at naught.

And, as we joyntly do partake The Mercy, which we now possesses; So, let us joynt-Confession make And thus to thee, our God, confesse.

7 Oh

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7 O LORD! our fafetie is of Thee. It was thy Powre and love, alone, By which we now fecured be; And other *Helper*, we have none.

To Thee, from whom we did receive This Grace (and thousands heretofore) Our Tongues, our Hands, and Hearts we give, To serve and praise thee evermore.

HYMNE XXVIII.

When we come a Shore.

It is a Mercy worth acknowledging, when GOD hath brought us to fixe our feet on firm land again; and that the Winds and Tides have been made ferviceable unto us: Therefore, in this Hymn GOD is praifed for that Benefit.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

I Thank thee Lord, I thee adore,
With humbled heart, and bended knee,
That, thus upon the Stable Shore

My Feet in fafetie fixed be.

I praise thee, that the fickle Seas, For me a Pathway, have been made, Through which unharmed, and at ease, A Passage, hither, I have had.

2 I thank thee that thou didst provide, And serviceable make to mee, The motions both of Winde and Tide; Though I am slack in serving thee.

1

I praise thee, that, no Swall wing-Sands, No Splitting-Rock, no Gulph, or Bar, No Storme, or Bloody Pyrats hands, To ruine me permitted were.

3 For this, and ev'ry other thing, Which by thy Favour I possesse, I thank thee Lord; Thy praise I sing; And thy abounding love consesse.

O let thy Grace (which fixed hath My seet in safetie on the Land)
Preserve me constant in thy Path And, ever true, to thy Command.

HYMNE XXIX.

When we Journey by Boat or Barge.

Some who Travell in Boats or Barges, are delighted to employ the time of their Passage in stirring up good Assections in themselves and other Passagers by Hymns, and Spirituall Songs; we have therefore prepared a proper Hymn for that Occasion.

Sing this as the 4 Pfulme.

H Ow are ô G o D! we Sinners bound
To give thee thanks and praise?
Who to prevent our pains, hast found
And shown us, many waies.
By Horse and Coach we at our ease,
Ore Hils and Dales may ride;
Through

Through Lakes, through Rivers, and through In Boates, and Ships, we glide. (Seas,

The Waters which unruly are, To ferve us, may be won;

And forc'd our Burthens home to bear, Which way so e're they run.

The Windes, to give our Courfer breath, From ev'ry Quarter blow;

And, we, within a foot of Death, In ease and safetiego.

Vpon the Water, now we passe, And, safe we hope to be,

By thy Protection, and thy Grace, Because we trust in Thee.

Continue with us, all the way:

(Though we are full of Sin)

Preferve us, and our *Boat*, we pray,
With ev'ry thing therein.

4 Guide thou this Veffell, trim our Sails; In Danger hear our Cry:

And, when our skill, or Courage fails, Those failings L o R D, supply.

No Passengers, Orelights, or Crime, LORD, (whether great or small)

Within this Vessell, at this Time, To question, do thou call.

5 The foolish *Tales*, the *Lies*, and *Oathes*,
That passe among us, here;
(And, which the well affected loathes)
To mark, be not severe:

Nor

Nor let the Civill-passenger,
The more usafely passe,
Because this Boat, perhaps, doth bear
Despisers of thy Grace.
6 And, when that Key or Port, we gain,
Whereat we would arive;
To Thee, (that sase we may remain)
Due Praises let us give.
And, while in progresse, thitherward,
We are in motion, here,
Let us, (if we expect Regard)
Continue in thy Fear.

HYMNE XXX.

When we are Walking in a Garden.

The Garden is a Place of Delight; and we may take Many Occasions, whilst we are there walking, to meditate things pertinent to God's glorie, and our own Instruction, both to the prevention of Sin, (which may els be committed) and to the sanctifying of our honest pleasures, there: which is intimated by this Hymn.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

To yeeld us profit with Delights,
The Garden was ordain'd:
To many Pleasures it invites,
Not ev'ry-where obtain'd.

D

And,

Part. 1.

And, if we be not well aware, How we converse therein, The Serpent, still, is lurking there, To tempt us unto Sin. Within a Garden, he began His Engines first to lay. There, first he brought a Curse on man; There, he did *Christ* betray. And, in our Gardens, many times, (Whilst Pleasure we pursue) We are allured to those Crimes, Which afterward we rue. LORD, therefore, fanctifie to me, The Pleasures of this Place; That they may raise my heart to thee, And, minde me of thy Grace. Whilft, here I feek Delights to take, Let me in thought retain, What in a *Garden*, for my fake, My Saviour did fustain. 4 His Agony, and Bloody-fweat, Shall, then, prevent my pain; His Grief, my Pleasure shall beget, And, ease for me obtain: Of those Requests I shall partake, By which he fought thy grace.

And, thou shalt sweet, and harmlesse, make The Pleasures of this *Place*.

HYMN

HYMN XXXI.

When we are walking in the Fields.

The Fields are oft frequented both for Pleasure and Profit; and, many times, Idle musings make those things dangerous, which might, els, bring a double Advantage. This Hymn, therefore, offers these profitable Meditations, which become the leisure of that Place.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

The Fields, for prayer, Ifa'ck chose:
And, they who trie, shall finde,
That for Devotion, they dispose
A well-devoted minde.

The Bleffings which we there espie, Occasions are of praise:

The loftie Prospects of the Skie, Are helps our Hearts to raise.

When I o God! behold this Frame, Which is above me plast;

How richly thou dost deck the same, How ordred it thou hast:

And therewith call to minde, for whom, This Work, by thee, was wrought;

Amaz'd it makes me to become, And, thus it moves my thought.

3 LORD, can it be that thou should rear For such poore Wormes as we,

D 2

Α

A Structure, wherein do appear,
Such Glories, as I fee?
And that there be, (as I have heard)
Above that Spatious-Round,
Things, far more excellent, prepar'd,
Then, here by Sight are found.

4 If fo it be, (as without doubt)
I do beleeve it fo;

Why are my Thoughts employ'd about, My vain Designes below?

Why do I Fear? why do I love, Or Covet, ought but Thee? And hazard things, in heav'n above,

For those that earthly be?

5 O! from these Dung-hils, raise my minde,
And, teach it so to mount,

That I may best Contentments finde,
In things of best Account.

Yea, teach me so to raise my Thought,
That I may, by Degrees,
And in due time, be thicker brought

And, in due time, be thither brought, Where Faith my place foresees.

HYMN XXXII.

Before, or at a Feaft.

Fealts are ufefull to cheere our mindes, by a plentifull enjoying of the Creatures, in a Neighbourly Societie, when Times, and good Occasions allow the same. And, this Hymn offers to Remembrance some Cautions, to sanctifie, and keep harmes from such Refreshings.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

WWHat Plenties(ô thrice gracious LORD!)
Before us, now, appear?

How hast thou furnish'd out this Boord, For us, thy Servants here?

Thy Fruits are pull'd, Thy Flocks are kill'd, Thy Foules displum'd we see:

And by thy bountie, over-fill'd;

Our Bowles and Dishes be.

2 LORD, let this meeting now be blest, And, what prepar'd thou hast.

In ev'ry morfell of this Feast, Let us thy sweetnesse tast.

Grant also, lest our health it marr, That we excesse may shun:

And, let among us, neither Jarr,

Nor discord be begun.

Chase all prophane Discourse away;

Let honest Mirth appear:

Let none of us, an evill fay,

Of those that are not here.

But, let each Word, and ev'ry Deed, That shall be faid, or done,

Be meant, true Mirth and love to breed; And grieve, or injure none.

4 Yea, let us all, so heed those ends,
For which good Feasls are made;
D 3 That

77

Hymn XXXIII. Part.1.

That, they may keep us loving Friends, And make us, wifely, glad. And, (being filled) let us cheer, The hungry, with fupplies: So, shall this Feast, be (as it were) A holy Sacrifice.

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HYMN XXXIII.

A Hymn after a Feast.

We are here remembred to be thankfull for our Refreshments; to acknowledge GoD's Bountie in giving his Creatures as well for Delight as Necessitie; and to use his good blessings with Temperance.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

[/ Hen is it fitter to begin The Sung intended, now, Then when our Table spread hath bin And Cups, did overflow? For, lo; those things which God prepar'd The hearts of men to chear; Have those effects on us declar'd For which, ordain'd they were. 2 Our Wants we now remember not; No Cares oppresse the minde: Our Sorrows, all are quite forgot, No Feares in us we finde. And, if we stay in this Degree Of good and fober mirth,

We

We are ô God! allow'd by thee, These Blessings of the Earth. 3 As well for Pleafure, as for need, Thy Creatures are bestown: As, heretofore, by his own Deed, Thy bleffed Son hath shown: For, at a Wedding, where each Guest, Of wine, had drunk, before; It pleas'd him, to inlarge the Feast; And, adde a great deal more. 4 The more thy Bounties we shall see, The more we should beware. That, neither they abused be; Nor we unthankfull are. And, therefore, lest our Appetites, Our *Iudgements* may confound; To that, in which our Flesh delights, We now impose a Bound. For all Refreshments of this Day, We praise thy bleffed Name; We honour it, in all we may, We Sanctifie the same: And, that we may depart in peace, Of thee we humbly crave That, what was done or faid amisse, This Day, may pardon have.

D 4 HYMN

HYMN XXXIIII.

A Hymn before Meat.

God is praifed for furnishing our Table: he is also pray'd that his good Creatures may be received of us to the enabling of us in performing our Chrishian duties; and that when we are full, we may be mindfull of the Poore.

Sing this as the Magnificat.

FOr fpreading LORD, our Table, thus, To thee we thankfull are:

O! let it not be unto us, A mischiefe, or a Snare.

But, these thy Creatures blesse thou so (Whereon we hope to feed)

That we our Duties well may do
And gain the Strength we need.

2 Let not thy Plenties make us dull, Or wantonly inclinde:

And, LORD, when we ourselves are full, The emptie, let us minde.

Preferve thy *Church*, protect our King, And, all his Kingdomes bleffe:

That, at our *Tables*, we may fing, And, eat our Bread in Peace.

Hymn

Preferve

HYMN XXXV.

A Hymn after Meat.

God-Almightie having fed our Bodies; is here befought to feed our Soules also; and desired that whether we Feed or Fast, he may be gloristed thereby.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

X/E praise ô GoD! we honour Thee. By whom we now are fed! And, we acknowledge, that from Thee, We have our Daily-bread. As with externall Food, ô Lord! Thou fedd'ft our Bodies, now; Ev'n fo, thy Blest Incarnate-word, Vpon our Souls bestow. 2 And, whilst the Flesh her nourishment, From thy good Creatures takes; Let not into our Souls, be fent, What, there, a leannesse makes. But, whether want, or thrive we shall, Or Fast, or take our Food; Vnto thy praise, convert it all: And all things to our Good. 3 With Health and Plentie, bleffe this place; From *Error* keep us free: And, let thy Gospel, and thy Grace

Our Portion alwayes be.

D 5

1

Preserve thy Church; protect our King; And all his Kingdomes bleffe: That, we may at our Table fing, And eat our Bread in Peace.

HYMN XXXVI.

When we walke to the Church.

Such as dwell in the Countrey, a good distance from the Church, may shorten the way, by singing, otherwhile, this Hymn, to praise GOD for the free libertie of coming to his House; and to prepare their mindes for the Place and Service, toward which they walk.

Sing this as the 117. Pfalme.

H Ow bleft are we! who may repaire In peace, and fafetie LORD, Vnto thy bleffed Houfe of Prayre, And hear thy holy Word? Such Times, thy SAINTS have lived in, That, thus they could not do; Vnlesse, it had with hazard bin; Of Goods, and Freedome too. Continue, still, through these our Dayes, The Grace which, now, thou show'st; And make us mindfull, thee to praife, For that, which thou bestow'st. Thy Voice so let us hear to Day, And so meek hearted be

That

That thou mayst hear us, when we pray, And, give us Rest in thee.

3 When we into thy *House* do come, Lord, minde us, evermore,

To leave our Wordly Thoughts, at home,

And, fend our hearts before. Vnto our Footing, let us all

Take heed, when we come there.

And; on the Pavement, humbly fall

Before thy Face, with Fear.

4 Our Sins, there, let us open lay, And, there, our State condole;

Till thou shalt pleased be to say,

Your Faith hath made you whole. In Peace, then fend us back again,

And, give us powre to fee,

That, in thy presence we remain, Where ere our Bodies be.

HYMN XXXVII.

When we walk from Church.

We are hereby put in Remembrance that we endeavour to become profitable, Hearers, by practifing in our lives that which we are taught; and to befeech God, to enable us thereto.

Sing this as the former Hymn, or as the 4 Pf.

ORD, let the *Words* we heare this day
The Heart so deeply peirce;

That,

60 Hymn XXXVIII. Part.1.

That, in our lives we practife may Their meanings to reherfe Let not thy holy Seed, be found Dispers'd abroad in vain; By falling on a Stony-ground, That yeelds no lasting-gain. 2 Permit thou not those Aiery-hopes, Which Ill-fuggestions breeds, To rob us of celestial crops, By rav'ning up the feeds: Nor, let the Thornes of Worldly Cares So choke them up, we pray, That, they produce unfruitfull eares, Or wither, quite away. But, teach us to receive thy Word, Like fuch a fruitfull mold, As to the Sower doth afford, Sometime, a hundred fold. And, let us none of those become, Who formall Hearers are; But seldome practice that, at home, Which in the Church they hear.

HYMN XXXVIII.

When kindred meet together.

The love of kindred is grown cold; and many unkinduesses and neglects are among them. Therefore, when they visite each other, this Hymn being fung, may remember them, to cherift that Amity which ought to be between them.

Sing this as the 133. Psalme.

H Ow happy is it, and how sweet, When *Kindred* kind appeare! And, when in *Vnity* we meet,

As we obliged are?

Each bleffing, which on *One* doth fall, Will multiplied be;

And prove a bleffing to us All,

As long as we agree.

2 As from high Hils, a show'r of Raine Along the vallies trils;

And, as they vapour up againe

A moystning for those Hils: So, Kindred(whether poore or rich) If truly kind they prove;

Each other may advantage much, By interchange of Love.

3 The flendrest Threds together wound, Will make the strongest Band;

And, smallest Rods, if closely bound, The Benders force withstand.

But, if we those asunder take, Their strength departs away;

And, what a Gyant could not breake; A little Infant may.

So, if in Concord, we abide, (If true in heart we prove)

We

62 Hymn XXXVIII. Part.1.

We may the more be fortifide, By interchange of Love. Let us, therefore, who now have met, Observe this Lesson, so, That we do not the same forget, When we apart shall go. 5 Let none of us delight to tell, Or pleasure take to heare, Wherein his kinsman doth not well; Or, faulty may appeare: But, let each of us, our owne Crimes, With others Errors weigh; And, feek the fittest means, and Times, To mend them what we may. 6 If Malice injure any One, To whom allide we are, Let us repute the wrong as done To ev'ry Person here. Yea, if a Grief, a Losse, a shame, To one of us befall. Let us be tender of the same, As grievous to us all. 7 So, we that are, but linked, yet, In Bands of common kind; Shall, at the last, be nearer knit, By Vertues of the Mind. And, when the Ties of carnall-kin, By death, shall be undone; We, that have so allied bin, Shall be, for ever, One.

Hymn

HYMN XX XIX.

When Kindred depart from each other.

Kindred having visited each other, and being to returne to their severall habitations, doe in this Hymn praise G o D for their Meeting; and pray him to blesse them in their separation.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

o bid each other now adue Time, warnes us to prepare; And, that those Callings we pursue To which oblig'd we are. To thee therefore, by whom we came Each others weal to know: We render praise: And in thy Name, Asunder LORD, we go. Though us, ô LORD / to live apart, Our Fortunes do compell; Keep us united, still, in hart, Where ever we shall dwell. A Dweller, in our Dwellings be: Vs, there, depart not from. And let us meet againe, in Thee; When we together come. 3 Alliances are feldome good; And, rarely kind they are,

Who nothing have, but Flesh and Blood,

To make, and keep them Deare.
Therefore,

64

Part.1.

Therefore, let us endeavour fo,
That we, by Grace, may be
More nearly knit, and thereby grow,
Vnited all to thee.

At least, when we shall mourne,
Make Sorrow midwife to the Birth,
At which, true Joyes are borne.
And, of our Meetings, here below,
If this the last shall prove;
Our Conversation, forme Thou so,

That we may meet above.

HYMNE XL.

A Hymn at Seed-time.

Husbandmen when fowing-time is ended, have(in fome places) their feed-Cake, or fome other extraordinary Allowance to refresh them in their Labours, and it would not be without profit if they fanctified those Refreshings with this or the like Meditation.

Sing this as the 4 Pfalme, &c.

NO Time, to trifle forth, in wast,
For us, allow'd hath bin;
But, alwaies, when one work is past,
Another doth begin.
Each day, a daily labour brings,
For us to work upon:

And

And ev'ry yeare, hath many things, That must be yearly done.

2 Affoon as *Harveft* in is borne, The *Seed-time* doth infue;

And, they, in order, still, returne, Our Labour to renewe.

That, with the Seafon doth befit, We, now (in hope) have fown:

And Lord/we unto thee commit, What we abroad have thrown.

3 When Isa'ck tilled in that place, Where, he a Stranger liv'd;

A hundred-fold, the profit was Which he from thee receiv'd.

Then, since it is as easie, I.ORD,

As pleasing let it be, A Benediction to afford

Vpon my Pains and me.

To us,a Pow'r thou dost allow
To water and to Plant;
Put thou a Plassing must be form

But, thou a Bleffing must bestow, Or, we our Hope shall want. Vnto our Labour, therefore adde The Supplement, it needs;

Lest (missing that) the Soile be made

A Stepdame, to our Seeds.

5 Command the Earth to wrap them close;
Let Moisture, Warmth and Aire,

Their vertues into them dispose; That, nothing them impaire.

And,

Part.1.

And, when they forth to fight are fprung,
Them, likewife bleffe thou fo,
That no difafters do them wrong;
Till they to ripeneffe grow.

Then grant that we(or they to whom Our portion shall descend)
May fetch their Crops, with gladnesse, home;
And, them with comfort spend.
Grant, also, that the seeds of Grace,
(Sown in our hearts, by Thee)
Prove not lesse fruitfull in their place,
Then Earthly Fruits may be.

HYMN XLI.

When Harvest is come home.

When we have housed the fruits of the Earth, It becometh us (in stead of the rude jollities used in some places) to praise God's mercy for vouchsasing to us the fruit of our Labours, to pray for continuance of his blessing both on them; and on us, in the use of them; In which duties this Hymn assisteth.

Sing this as the former.

Some, have a Custome, when they bring
The last of Harvest home,
To make the fields with Ecchoes ring,
And, joyfull to become.

Which

Which was at first (though chang'd we have, This Joy, to brutish mirth)

A Triumph to his praise, that gave The Blessings of the Earth.

In stead of brutish Clamors, then, That Custome we renew;

And(as becometh Christian men)
Our selves would thankfull shew.

For, that which we, in hope have fown; And, till'd with costly pain,

We, by Gods grace, have Reap'd and Mown; With likelihood of gain.

3 The dangers of cold Winters blaft, Of Springs offensive hours,

And, of that Summers drougth is past, Which Corn and graffe devours.

The Fruits, for which we delv'd and plough'd, And, toyled long, with care; In Barnes and Stacks, are hous'd and mow'd;

Of which right glad we are.

When Winds, & Frosts, & Rains, & Snows,
Make barren Grove and Field;

When naught on hill, or valley grows,
Which food for man doth yeeld:

Which, food for man, doth yeeld: We, to relieve our wants, have hope,

By thy free Bounty, LORD; And, means to raife a future Crop, By that we up have flor'd.

5 As, when thy *Manna* downe did fall, So be it also now:

Let

Part.1.

Let them, whose gath'rings are but small,
Confesse they have enow:
Blesse thou our Basket, and our Store;
And, when refresh't we be;
Let us distribute to the poore,

The portion due to thee.

6 But, let us chiefly mind their need, Whose Labours were employ'd, To Till, what them and us must feed; And what is now injoy'd.

And, let it more our hearts affect,
That we are in thy grace;
Then, great Abundance to collect,
By Corne, or Wine's increase.

HYMNE XLII.

For a Sheep-shearing.

Sheep-shearing, is a Time of rurall Merriment, in which good-cheare is afforded to neighbors and servants; among whose Refreshings, if this or the like Meditation were sometime sung; both Knowledge and Piety, might be increased thereby.

Sing this as the 23. Pfalme.

VNworthy, though, ô Lord, we are,
Of that which thou dost give:
Yet, we much more unworthy were,
Of what we do receive:

If

If any Bleffing we let flip, For which, we do not pay, Such cheap Oblations of the Lip,

As we prefent this day.

We, through thy favour now have had The Fleeces of our Sheep; And, they are almost naked made,

Our Bodies warme to keep. Before their shearers, dumb they lay,

Whil'st from their backs were shorne,

Their finest Wooll; and we now may Possesse what they have worne.

3 Deare LAMBE of God to thee be praise, Who dost refreshings give,

So freely, and fo many waies, Thy Servants to relieve.

O / let our thankfulnesse appeare, Not in bare Words alone;

But, in those Works, which reall are And, needfull to be done:

4 When any of thy Members lacks A Coat his flesh to gard;

Let us bestow, ev'n from our backs,

As much as may be fpar'd. And, as our Sheep do skip, as glad, When they their Fleeces give;

So, let us joy that means we had Our Brethren to relieve.

5 Vs, let let their Meeknesse mindfull make, (By thinking thereupon)

How

Hymn XLIII. Part. 1.

How meekly, thou didst all things take, Which, were to Thee, misdone.

That, all we fuffer, fay, or do,
May grow, in some Degree,
Resorm'd, by thine Example, so,
That Blamelesse we may be.

70

HYMN XLIII.

A Hymn for a House-warming.

The ancient and laudable use of Houle-warmings is here instinuated: For, in this Hymn, the Friends assembled, are taught to besech God Almighty to make that habitation prosperous and comfortable to them, and theirs who are newly come thither to dwell.

Mong those points of neighbourhood, Which our Foresathers did allow; That Custome in esteeme hath stood, Which we do put in practise now.

For, when their Friends new-dwelling shad, Them, thus they welcome thither made: That, they the sooner might be free, From Strangenesse, where they Strangers be.

2 To this good End, we partly came; And, partly, Friendship to augment. But, if we faile not in the same, This is the prime of our intent:

₩e

We come, with holy Charmes, to bleffe The House, our Friends, do now possesse. In hope, that G o D, Amen will fay, To that, for which we now shall pray. 2 LORD, keep this place, we thee defire, To these new-Commers ever free From raging Winds; from harmfull Fire; From Waters that offensive be. From graceleffe-Childe, from Servants-ill; From Neighbours, bearing no good-will; And, from the chiefest Plagues of Life, A Husband-false, a faithlesse-Wise. 3 Let neither Theeves, that Rove by Night, Nor those, that sneake about by Day, Have pow'r their persons to affright; Or to purloine their Goods away: Let nothing here, be feen or heard, To make by Day or Night afeard: No sudden Cryes, no fearfull Noise; No vision grim, or dreadfull Voice. 5 Let on this House, no Curse remain, If any on the fame be laid. Let no Imposture pow'r obtain To make the meanest wit afraid. Let here nor Zim, nor Jim be feen: The fabled Fai'rie King or Queen; Nor fuch Delufions, as are faid, To make the former Age afraid.

6 Keep, also, Lord, we pray, from hence, (As much as frailty will allow)

The

Part.I.

72

The Guiltinesse of each Offence, Which to a *Crying-Sin* may grow.

Let, no more Want, Wealth, Hope, or Feare,
Nor greater Griefs or Joyes be here,
Then, may still keep them in thy grace,
Who, shall be dwellers, in this place.
But, that just measure let them have
Of ev'ry means, which may acquire
The Blessednesse, which they most crave,
Who to the truest Blisse aspire.

And if Well-wishers absent be, Who better wish them can, then we, To make this Bleffing up intire, We thereto adde what they desire.

HYMNE XLIIII.

For a Contract.

This Hymn is tendred to those who purpose a Contract of Marriage; in hope it may so remember them, to consider what they intend; that it shall keep them from proceeding farther then they lawfull may; and from prosessing more then they mean.

Sing this as Te Deum.

OR D, in thy Name, and in thy Feare, Our Faith we plighted have; And, that our meanings are fincere, Thy witnesse, now, we crave.

We

We come not, only to repeat Our Vowes, before thy face; But, that we may likewise intreat Thy Favour, and thy Grace. 2 For, mutuall helpers whil'st we live, (According to our might) Our felves, we to each other give, So far, as we have right. And, we professe that free we are, (For ought that we do know)

To be each others wedded Peer,

If thou permit it fo. 3 We see no contradicting cause, But, that we may be join'd, Without infringment of the Laws,

Whereby we are confin'd. Nor any fuch Infirmity

In us do we fuspect, As that our Marriage-Band, thereby,

Shall prove of no effect. We have no guilefull Dealings us'd, Our purpose to acquire:

Nor one anothers Trust abus'd, To gaine what we defire. But, our Affections are fincere, And, as they have been true, Vpright those Courses likewise are,

By which, we them purfue. If both have, now, ô L o R D / profest What may not be denide;

Let

Let our Affection fo be bleft,
That,nothing us divide.

Let nor by Beauty,Wit or Wealth,
By high,or low Degree,
By want of Riches,or of Health,
Our Hearts estranged be.

6 But if that either of us,now,
Hath trod a Faithlesse Way;
Or,shall infringe this holy Vow,
Before our Wedding-day;
Lord, let the party Innocent,
From blame and guilt be free:
For, Truth a Contract, never ment,
Where, nought but Falshoods be.

HYMN XLV.

For a Marriage.

GOD is hereby befought to blesse the Marriage solemnised to all there present; and so to prosper the Bridegroome, and Bride, in their Desires and Affections, that the Waters of their Carnall Contentment, may be turned into Wine of spiritual, Delighis.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

To grace (ô Lord) a marriage-Feast,
(In Cana, long ago)

It pleased thee to be a Guest,
And there, thy pow'r to show.

For,

For, by a Miracle divine,
(When they their Wine had spent)
Thou changedst Water into Wine,
Which did their want prevent.

2 LORD, let the brightnesse of thy Face Among us now appeare:

So let the Bounties of thy Grace, Be manifested here;

That neither Bridegroome, Bride, nor Guest, In body, or in mind,

Of lesse content may be possest,
Then they have hope to find.

3 All Joyes which in a married-life, Well-matched Couples know.
On this new-wedded Man and Wife,

Vouchfafe thou to bestow.
Fulfill their Hopes, prevent their Feares,
Grant them their just Desires:

Increase that Love, which keeps off Cares, And warmes with lawfull Fires.

4 To Wine, those hurtlesse Waters turn, Within their Vessels be;

To give them Comfort when they mourn; And make them glad in thee.

And though the pleasures of their Love,
Have yet a pleasing tast;
Vet let them dolly freeter prove

Yet, let them daily sweeter prove, And best of all, at last.

E 2 HYMN

HYMN XLVI.

When a Woman hath conceived.

We are all conceived in sinne: yet some have been sanctified in the wombe. Therefore, we cannot begin too early, to pray for the sanctification of the fruit of our Bodies; and that it may be borne to Gods glory, to our comfort, and to a happy being in it selfe: which is desired in this Hymn.

Sing this as the 10. Commandements.

ORD, if the Signes may trufted be, That Symptomes of Conception are; A living-Soul deriv'd from thee, Within my wombe, I now do bear. Therefore by her example, taught Who was the Mother of thy Son It well befeeming me I thought, To magnifie what thou hast done. 2 If so it be, as I beleeve; LORD, fanctify, I humbly pray, That, which in fin I did conceive: And, grant that grace obtain it may. Let not the Parl which thou hast made, Subjected to pollution grow, By what it from the Parents had: But let it keep the flesh below.

3 In

3 In ev'ry Sense, in ev'ry Part, Persection to this Creature give; And, sow those graces in the heart, By which the Soul doth truly live.

Whil'st I shall bear it in my wombe, Let me likewise, my part sussil :
And, when it forth to light shall come, Instruct it how to do thy Will.
4 O/let me not a Mother be,
To fructisse for Hell and Sin;
But, let my Fruit be born to Thee,
In whom Well-beings do begin.

So, whether it shall be design'd Short time, or long, on Earth to stay; A happy portion it shall finde, And give thee all the praise, it may.

HYMN XLVII.

When a Woman is fafe delivered.

God is hereby praifed for that Miracle in our Nature, which is wrought when a Woman is delivered fafely of her Childe; and the Continuance of his Mercy is defired in vouchfafing the Newbirth of Grace, to perfect and felicitate the life of Nature.

Sing this as the former Hymn.

E 3

Among

78 Hymn X L V I I. Part. I.

A Mong those wonders here on Earth, Which brought to passe, by Nature be, (If rightly, we observe our birth) In this, her greatest marvels be.

Yea, they who fully can conceive,
What passe into this World we have,
May find it easie to believe
The Bodies, rising from the Grave.
2 A breathlesse Life, a Living-Tombe,
Within our Mothers wombe we had.
Through Gates of Death, to Life we come,
And, Strength, is out of Weaknesse make.

She who in bitter Pangs remains, Disheartned is when they do cease; And they who most bewayle her pains, Desirous are they should increase.

3 Of this thy great Mysterious worke, Experienced, this Day, are we: And, will confesse, that therein lurke More secrets, then our eies can see.

But this,ô LORD/ we fee and know: It was thy Mercy, and thy Pow'r, Which did the timely Ayd bestow, That help us, in the hoped hou'r.

4 To thee be praise, that now are past The pangs which made us lately sad: To thee be praise, that fent thou hast, These Comforts, which now make us glad.

LORD, perfect thou the Grace begun. Give Strength, where Weaknesse yet is found:

And,

And, let the Race this Babe shall run, With Everlasting Life, be crown'd.

5 The Life of Nature he hath had:
But, let it be new-borne again;
The Life of Grace, to Nature adde,
And, make him, in that state remain.
So (whether, here, an Age he stay,
Or, whether Thou translate him, from
This Life, within a shorter day)
In Christ, he perfect shall become.

HYMN XLVIII.

When a Childe is baptized.

GOD, is here praised for the great Priviledges vouchsafed by Baptisme: He is prayed also, to enable the Childe Baptised to Do and Beleeve, according to the Conditions of the Covenant made; And he is likewise acknowledged the Author and Finisher of every Holy-Desire, and laudable Performance.

ear God! how great, how large a Grace, Vnto that Soul, this Day, is done, Who, in thy Church, admitted was, To be a Member of thy Son? For, he which was the Childe of wrath, And borne to nothing, but Despaire; The Comforts of thy Favour hath, And of thy Kingdome, is an Heire.

E 4

2 Of

2 Of that great City, where no Sum, A Freedome for him, could have bought, To be admitted, he is come; And, by meer favour thereto brought.

Of CHRIST'S most holy Order, now, The faire, and famous Badge he beares; Which will right happy make him grow, If to the Grave, the same he weares. 3 LORD, blessed be thy holy-Name, That thou this Mercy hast bestown: We praise, and love thee for the same,

As if the good were all our own.

In this estate, preserve him fast,
Vntill he fully understands
The Covenant, betwixt you past,
Thy Promises, and thy Commands.
4 Then, also, leave him not, ô Lord But grant him thy Affishing-might
Thy loving-presence, and thy Word,

With ev'ry means to keep him right.
To make his *Happineffe* intire,
Be pleafed to vouchfafe him too,
A Renovation in Defire;
And, chearfulneffe thy will, to do.

Нуми

HYMN XLIX.

When publike Thanks hath been given for fafe deliverance in Child-birth.

Though Thanksgivings are publikely exhibited for fuch Deliverances; yet, the same ought to be privately acknowledged also: and, perhaps, there may be some private Deliverances accompanying the former, which ought to be considered, as this Hymn implyes.

Sing this as the 101 Psalme. Lthough, my Goo! that Sacrifice, A I tendred have to Thee, Which to be made in publike wife, This Church enjoins to me. Yet, if in fecret, I forget

My private Thanks to Day, A Duty (doubtleffe) I omit, Which I am bound to pay.

2 Besides, the Mercies lately shown, (And which confest have been) Thou, Favours hast on me bestown, Which others have not feen. From Sins within my heart conceiv'd.

May greater mischiefs come, Then can be,otherwise,deriv'd, From any Childing-wombe.

LORD, therefore, by my Selfe alone, To thee I now repaire,

Thy

Part.I

Thy holy-Name, to call upon,
In Praises, and in Pray'r.
I praise thee, that escap'd I have
The Danger, lately past;
And, that my Body from the Grave,
Thou, yet, preserved hast.

4 I praife thee, that my Tongue I find Now founding of thy praife:

And pray thee, that my heart may mind
This Duty, all my Daies.

I pray thee too, that from all Sin,
I may be purifide;

A stricter Course of Life begin; And,in thy Fear abide.

HYMN L.

A Rocking Hymn.

Nursesufually sing their Children asleep; and through want of pertinent matter, they oft make use of unprositable (if not worse) Songs. This was therefore prepared, that it might help acquaint them, and their Nurse-Children, with the loving Care and Kindnesse of their heavenly Father.

Sweet Baby fleep: what ailes my Dear? What ailes my Darling thus to cry? Be ftill,my Childe, and lend thine ear, To heare me fing thy Lullaby.

My

My pretty lambe forbear to weepe: Be still my Dear; sweet Babie sleep. 2 Thou bleffed Soul, what canft thou fear? What thing, to thee, can mischief do ? Thy GoD, is now thy Father dear; His holy Spouse, thy Mother too. Sweet Babe then, forbear to weepe; Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep. 3 Though thy Conception was in Sin, A facred Bathing thou hast had. And, though thy Birth, unclean hath bin, An blamelesse Babe, thou now art made. Sweet Babie then, forbeare to weep; Be fill my Dear; fweet Babie fleep. 4 Whil'st thus, thy Lullabie, I sing, For thee, great Bleffings ripening be. Thine Eldest Brother is a King; And hath a Kingdome bought for thee. Sweet Babie then, forbear to weep; Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep. 5 Sweet Babie sleep; and nothing fear; For, who foever thee offends, By thy *Protector* threatned are, And God, and Angels are thy Friends. Sweet Babie then, forbear to weep; Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep. 6 When God-with-us, was dwelling here, In little Babes, he took delight. Such Innocents, as Thou, my Dear! Are ever precious in his fight. Sweet

1 17

My

Sweet Babie, then for beare to weep; Be still my Babe, sweet Babie sleep. 7 A little Infant, once was Hee: And Strength, in Weakneffe, then was laid Vpon his Virgin-Mothers knee; That, Pow'r to thee, might be convai'd. Sweet Babie, then, for beare to weep; Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep. 8 In this thy frailty, and thy need, He friends and helpers doth prepare, Which thee shall cherish, clothe, and feed: For, of thy weal, they tender are. Sweet Babie, then, forbeare to weep: Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep. 9 The King of Kings when he was born, Had not so much for outward ease: By Him, fuch Dreffings were not worn; Nor fuch like fwadling-clothes as thefe. Sweet Babie, then, for beare to weep; Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep. 10 Within a Manger lodg'd thy LORD, Where Oxen lay, and Affes fed. Warm rooms we do to thee afford, An easie Cradle, or a Bed. Sweet Babie,then forbeare to weep; Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep. 11 The wants that he did then fustain, Have purchas'd Wealth, my Babe, for thee: And, by his Torments, and his pain, Thy Rest and Ease, secured be.

My Babie, then, for beare to weep;
Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep.

12 Thou hast (yet more) to perfect this, A promise and an earnest got,
Of gaining everlasting Blisse,
Though thou my Babe perceiv'st it not.
Sweet Babie, then, for beare to weep;
Be still my Babe; sweet Babie sleep.

HYMN LI.

Another Rocking Hymn.

The Nurse is here taught a forme of Blessing, wherby (the may by faithfully singing, or saying the same) call downe Gods Benediction, both upon her selfe, and her Infant, to the prevention of temporall and spiritual mischiefs.

Sing this as Te Deum, or the 1 Pfalme.

Since now, my Babe, of fleep poffeft,
His lovely eies hath clos'd;
To praife the Author of his reft,
My heart is well-difpos'd:
And, to implore, that Godo, who makes
My Darling, thus to fleep;
Would prefent be, when he awakes,
And, him in fleeping keep,
Thou, praifes from an Infants tongue,
Disdaineft not to hear:

Reject

Reject not then, my Bleffing-Song; But, LORD, decline thine ear. For, though a fingle voice I raife, My Offrings, triple be. My Self, my Babie, and my praise, I offer up to Thee. 3 Dear Sonof God! who thoughtft no fcorn, (To leave thy Throne on high) Of lowly parents to be born, And, in a Crib to lie: On this my Babe, thy Grace reflect; Infold him in thine Armes. From outward perils, him protect, And from internall Harmes. 4 Let not that Feind which ev'ry howre, Doth watch and hover here, To mischiese us, obtain the Powre; Or cause my Childe to sear. But, let an Angell-guard be nigh, To put that Foe to flight: And, round about his cradle flye, To keep him from despight. As Time, his Body shall increase, Increase his knowledge too; And cause him, ev'ry day in grace With God, and Man, to grow. Preserve him streight in ev'ry Limbe,

And found in ev'ry Sense:
Yea, all his life time, keep thou him,
From ev'ry grosse offence.

5 To

6 To thee, let him be alwayes true, And, ever kinde to those, Who kindnesses to him do shew Er'e Good, or Ill, he knows. And, let not, (for thy passion sake) This Babie (now, fo dear) Those vaine, or evill Courses take. Whose end, we justly sear. O let not him, whose meanest pain, We can with tears deplore, Be one of those, who shall remain In torments, evermore. But, so to live, and so to die, Vouchsafe him grace, ô G o D! That, he may rife to live on high, Where thou hast thine abode.

HYMN LII.

When we receive the Lords Supper.

God, is hereby magnified for the great honour, and favour vouch/afed, by the bleffed Sacrament of his Body and Blood; and humbly defired thereby to conferre and continue to us his especiall Grace.

Sing this as the 148, Psalme.

Ovr Voice how should we raise! How should our Songs excell! If God-Almighties praise Our Tongues could fully tell?

Sure,

Part. 1.

Sure, whilft we fing, The Starry-Round, of that glad found, Would loudly ring. That, at thy princely Boord, This Day we feasted be, How great a favour, Lord? Have we obtain'd from thee? And who is able Himself to make fit to partake Of this thy Table? We, whom thy Bountie Feafts, (And, who now fing thy praise) Were called to be Guests, From hedges and high-wayes: And, till we came To taste this chear, we wretched were, Poore, blind, and Lame. But, from our low estates, Now, fo advanc'd are we, That, Princes are our Mates, And, Kings our Fellows be, One Cup we have, And, Angels eat no better meat, Then we receive. Perfection of Delights, Is by this Feast bestown. With Him, that us invites The Food, and Guests are One: Faith works it thus, That, thereby, we are found in Thee; And thou in us. 6 And. 6 And, though our Natures are Vnequall and distinct; By true beleeving, here, They really are linkt. And, while we bide In Faith, and Love, nought can remove, Or, us divide. Yea, fuch our *Vnion* is That, all our Sins are thine; And, ours, thy Righteoufnefse Is made by grace divine. Yet, from all staines (Through our Offence)thine Excellence Still, free remaines. 8 LORD, for this love to Man, Pow'r, glory, praise, and Fame, (As fully, as we can) Ascribe we to thy Name. And, we emplore, That, this rich Grace, we may embrace For evermore.

HYMN LIII.

Another Hymn for the Lords Supper.

GODS unspeakable Favour vouchsafed in the Sacrament of the Body and Blood of CHRIST, is acknowledged: The unexpressiblenesse of that Mysterious Communion is confessed; and those blessed

bleffed effects are hereby defired, also which ought to be endeavoured for, by every worthy partaker of the same.

Sing this as the Magnificat, or Te Deum.

THe Favour L O R D, which by thy grace,
We have this day posses,
Doth our best merits, far surpasse;
And, cannot be exprest.
Because we not alone obtain
A common-grace from thee;
But, thou thy Self dost, also, daign

But, thou thy Self doit, also, daign
Our food of Life, to be.

For which, we nothing have to give,

Whereof, thou doft approve
So much, as when we do receive
Thy kindnesses with love.

Therefore, ô L O R D! we, now do make This Offring for the same:

The Cup of Saving health we take;
And, Magnifie thy NAME.
3 O! teach us to receive aright,

What thou doft here, befow.

And, give us an Informing-light

Of what we ought to know.

And, when we cannot wade the Deep
Of thy unfathom'd Word;

Let us a Course, with safetie keep, Along the shallow Foord.

This Myslerie we must confesse, Our Compasse to exceed;

Our

Our little Faith, is also lesse
Then grains of Mustard-seed
Therefore, ô Lord! improve it so,
That, growth it may receive:
And, that we modestly may know;
And knowingly Beleeve.

5 Forgive to us our many crimes, Offensive unto thee.

Vouchfafe we may in future times More just, more pious be.

Vs,render gracious in thy Sight;
And, that, which now we do;
That, thou main therein take Delight,

And, we have love thereto.

6 No new *Oblation*, we devise

For Sin, preferr'd to be. Propitiatorie-Sacrifice

Was made, at full, by thee.
The Sacrifice of *Thanks*, is that
(And all) which thou doft crave:

And all) which thou doit crave: And, we our felves, are part, of what

We Sacrificed have.
7 In this, no groffe Realities,
We carnally conceive;

Or, that their proper Qualities, The *Bread*, or *Wine* do leave.

But, in this holy Eucharist,
(By Faith and Grace divine)

We know, we feed on thee, ô Christ!

Receiving Bread and Wine.

8 Thy

8 Thy *Real-prefence*, we avow: But, so; that, we confesse

Meere carnall-reason knows not how That *Presence* to expresse:

Because, thy Flesh we feed on, thus; (Though strange it may appear)

That, we in *Thee*; and thou in *Vs*;

At *once*, and *truly*, are.

9 No marvell few can well agree, How this, they should unfold:

For, Mysleries, Faiths objects be; Not things at Pleasure told.

And, he that would, by Reason, sound The Depths, which Faith perceives,

May both himself, and those, consound; To whom, his Rules he Gives.

10 Let us, therefore, our Faith erect, On what thy Word doth fay;

And, hold their knowledge in suspect, Who new Foundations lay.

For, thereby fome a cursed Rent Within thy Church have left;

And, by thy Peacefull Sacrament, The world of peace bereft,

11 Yea that, which thou to cherish Love, Didst graciously ordain:

Contention wrests, debates to move; And Quarrels to maintain.

Oh! let us not hereafter fo, About meere words contend;

The

The while our craftie Common Foe. Procures his curfed end. But, if in Essence, we agree, Let us, in Love assay To erring Souls, true Guids to be, And to the weake, a Stay. For, Love is that strong Cyment, LORD, Which us must reunite. In bitter speeches, Fire, and Sword; It never takes delight. 13 Meere carnall Instruments, these are; And, they are much beguild; Who dreame that these ordained were, Our Breaches to rebuild. Therefore, we pray thee, by that love Which us together brought, That thou all Christian-men wouldst move To love, as Christians ought. 14 Let not Self-will our hearts bewitch With pride, or private hate; Or cherish those Contentions, which Disturbe a quiet State. Nor fuffer Avaritious ends, Or ignorant despight, To hinder those from being Friends, Whom Love should fast unite. 15 Let those, who (heedlesse of thy word) Suppose, that Fleshly-powre,

Or, that the *temporary Sword*,

Can ghostly Foes devoure:

Let

Hymn LIII. Part.I.

94

Let them perceive, thy weapons are, No fuch as they do fain;

Or, that it is a carnall warre,

Which must thy Truth maintain.
16 Confessors, Martyrs, Preachers, LORD,

Thy Battailes, fight for thee. Thy Holy-Spirit, and thy Word,

Their proper weapons be.

Faith, Hope, Long-fuffering, Praise, and Love, For Bulworks are prepar'd;

And, will their fittest Engines prove,

To Conquer, and to Guard.

17 For, Babel, doubtlesse, may as well

Thereby, be overthrown,

As those accursed walls, which fell When Rams-horne-Trumps were blown.

This, if we credit; we shall cease
The worldlings parts to play,
Or, to believe G o D s blessed peace,
Shall come the *Devils* way.

18 LORD, let thy Flesh and Blood divine (Which now receiv'd hath bin)

Our hearts, to Charitie incline: Our Souls refine from Sin.

And by this holy Sacrament
Make us in minde retain,

What thou didst suffer, to prevent Our everlasting-pain.

Moreover, let us for thy fake, With one another bear,

(When

(When we offences give or take)
That, thine we may appear.
And, that, when hence we called be,
We thither, may afcend.
(To live, and be belov'd, of thee)
Where Love, nor Life, have end.

HYMN LIIII.

For Deliverance from Sicknesse.

God is hereby praised for delivering us from those Distempers which deprived us of health; he is besought also, to give us grace to employ our future health to his glory, and to the health of our Souls.

Sing this as the 4 Psalme.

WHilft we endeavour to obay
Our bleffed Makers will;
All Creatures do the best they may,
Our pleasures to fulfill:
But, when we negligent become,
In doing what we ought,
All things to us are troublesome,
And, bring our hopes, to nought.
2 Ev'n that, which is a part of man,
(Or, in his Bowels bred)
Makes insurrections, now and than,
Which wound, or strike him dead.
Within my Self, experiment
Of this, I lately found;

For,

Hymu LIIII. Part. 1. 96 For, inbred humours, had nigh fent My Body, to the ground. 3 But Drougth, and Moisture, Heat and Cold, Now reconciled be; And, fuch an equal Temper hold, As, health restores, to me. My fainting Spirits be releev'd; My Tast regain'd I have: My weakned Body is repreev'd, And, ranfom'd from the grave. For which, a Sacrifice of praife To thee, ô Goo! I bring; And unto thee, my voice I raife, A thankfull Hymn, to fing: Confessing, that by thee, ô LORD! And by thy grace, alone, The health and vigour is restor'd, Which I have now put on. 5 So long as here, I do enjoy

Let me, my Health and Strength employ,
Thine honour, to promote:
And, when my Life hath reach'd that houre,
Past which, I must not stay,
Through weaknesse, bring me to that powere,
Which, never will decay.

The Being, I have got,

HYMN

HYMN LV.

A thankfgiving, for fetled Health.

It is a great temporall Benefit, to be delivered from Sicknesse, but, it is a greater (if we be not unthankfull) to have a continued Health, yet few men remember to praise God, particularly, for the same. Therefore, to put us in minde of that Dutie this Hymn is tendred.

Sing this as the 22, Psalme.

I N times of Want, we feele what bliffe, Our yeers of Plentie be.

When War doth rage; the sweets of Peace, The meanest wit can see.

And, when with Sicknesse we are pain'd We know it just, 8 LORD!

To render Praise and Thanks unfain'd; When *Health* shall be restor'd.

2 Sure then, the many healthfull Daies, And yeers, which I have had,

Deferve, that heartie Songs of Praise, Should for the same be made:

And, that whilft health and Strength do last,
I should the same employ

To memorize the Mercies past, And those which I injoy.

3 Whilst others grone with aking bones
With wounds, or inward pains;

With

Part. 1.

VVith Gouts, or those Tormenting Stones VVhich fret and rend the Reines: Yea, while ten thousands feele the fmart, VV hich on the Sick doth cease: In Head, in Body, and in Heart, I am at perfect eafe. LORD / ever bleffed be thy name For this externall-Grace. Preferve me thankfull for the fame, Whilst thou prolongst my Race. And, if to my immortall Bliffe, It shall not hindrance be; (Nor thou thereby, due Glory misse) Thus healthfull, keepe thou me. 5 But, if my Patience must be tride, By Sicknesse, and by Pain; Let Sin, thereby be mortifide; And, Vertue strength obtain. Be pleas'd, likewise, that whatsoere Thy Wisdome shall impose, It be no more then I can bear; Though strong, and sharp it grows.

HYMN LVI.

A Hymn putting us in remembrance of *Death*.

The Remembrance of Death, is judged a good means to make us heedfull so to live in this world, that that we may live happily in the world to come; and to that purpose this Memento mori, is provided.

Remember Death: For, now my Tongue To fing of Death, shall tuned be.

Remember Death, which els, ere long,
Will to the pain remember Thee.

Remember Death, whose voice doth say, This night a man, to morrow clay.

2 If Lucre shall thy heart intife, Thy needy neighbour to oppresse: If Pride shall tempt thee to despise, Or sleight thy Brother in distresse.

Remember Death: And, then, I know More Just, more humble thou wilt grow.

3 When Lust shall woo thee to commit, What, Soul and Body may defile: VVhen Sloth shall make thee lazie sit, (And let thy Talent rust the while)

Remember Death, of old hath bin And is, the wages due to Sin.

4 VVhen Envie shall thy heart possess; VVhen thou shalt Cheat, curse, sweare, or lye, VVhen thou shalt wallow in Excesse; Thy Faith abuse, or God deny:

Remember Death, and what attends, On wilfull Sinners latter-ends.

5 Remember, Death no truce hath made, A yeer, a moneth, or weeke to flay.

`2 Remem-

Part. 1.

Remember, how thy Flesh doth sade,
And, how thy Time doth steal away.

Remember, Death, will neither spare
Wit, Wealth, nor those that lovely are.
6 Remember, Death foregoes the Doomes
Which due to thy Deservings be.
Remember this, before it comes.
And, (that, Despaire oppresse not thee.)
Remembring Death, remember Him;
Who doth from Death, and Hell, redeeme.

HYMN LVII.

A Hymn of Life eternall.

That we may not be deluded by the vain pleafures, or discouraged by the afflictions of this life; The excellencies of Life-eternall are here illustrated, and the Desireablenesse thereof is in some degree expressed by this Hymn.

Sing this as In sad and Ashy weeds.

VHy live I mudling here,
Inbase and fruitlesse works employ'd?

As if I knew not where
A better Lise might be injoy'd?

Since I have sought
And have been taught,
The noblest things to know;
Why should I still,
Retain a Will,
To spend more time below?

2 My

2 My Soul, that was not made, Of flitting Aire, or mouldring clay; Intelligence hath had, Of more, then words can well display.

The things we fee, The shaddows be, Of those, which will appear:

Are nothing els

But Tipes and Shells, Which Time away will weare. 3 There is a bleffed-Place, (If Place, eternall things contain) Whereto, I hope to paffe,

When here I must no more remain.

There is a Life,
In which no griefe,
No pain, no Fear, is found;
And (more then this

And (more then this)
It yeelds that Bliffe,
Which doth admit no Bound.

4 My Hope, and my Belief That of this *Life* I shall partake, Cures all my present Grief,

And, of my Pains, doth pleasures make.

The thought of it,
Makes me remit
The Spights of those poore-things,
Who Dominere

On mole-hils, here Like foolish Pettie-kings.

5 When

Part. 1. Hymn LVII.

102 5 VVhen, thither 1 am gone, The Love of Worldlings, or their Hate, VVhen, thither I am gone, VVill not be thought upon; Nor marr, nor better my estate. To misse, or have, What most men crave, (Who love this lothed Place,) Will, there, to me

No Pleasure be; No Honour, or Difgrace. That Life, who ever lives, Not only, bleffed therein, is. But, thereby, also, gives Perfection to the Common-bliffe.

It, open fets The Cabanets VVherein contained be Those Rarities, Which mortall eies, Shall never come to fee. In One, to fum up all,

Which of that life, we may declare; Him, there, behold we shall,

In, and By whom, all Creatures are: And, not alone,

Then, look upon That, most-beloved Sight: But, gain by Grace, His free embrace; With fulnesse, of Delight.

8 Oh !

Part. I. Hymn LVIII.

8 Oh / thither; thither, LORD / And to this *Life*, my Soul convay; From this, which is abhord, And, unto *Death*, a tedious way.

I have gone wrong, From thee, too long; For which I grieved am: And, I shall mourn, Till I return, To thee from whom I came.

HYMN LVIII.

A Thanksgiving after a dangerous Sicknesse; by one, who was unprepared for Death.

This Hymn ferves to bring to minde, how terrible Death will be to those who are not ready for it; and personates, by exemplary expressions of Fear and Thankfulnesse, what may be the condition of others, who live unprepared; and how thankfull they ought to be for mercy obtained.

ORD/from Death's forgetfull shade, Since I had By thy pow'r, my preservation; I will both with Heart and Tongue, Tune a Song, To thy mercies, exaltation. For, to Thankfulnesse inclinde, So I minde F 4

From

103

104 Hymn LVIII. Part. 1.

From what Sorrows, I was raifed; That, thy Favour, shall of me,

Ever be

With my chiefest cunning, praised.
2 And, my Fellow-creatures, all,

When you shall

Heare what grace, to me, he showeth; Daign, your Thankfulnesse, to joyn,

Vnto mine,

To discharge the dues it oweth. And, ô Lord / enable mee

Vnto Thee

So to render praises-giving;

That, all may, who heare the fame Bleffe thy name,

That I breath'd among the living. 3 For, (as yet) me thinks, I fee

Life in mee,

In Her powrs and Senses failing: And my shortned-panting Breath,

Yeelding Death,

All the Symptoms of prevailing. But, for Death, not well prepared,

So I fared,

That, much terrour I fustained: And, Vain-longings having, still,

Thrall'd my Will;

Thus, I fearefully complained.

4 VVhere is now; where is, alas?
Time, that was?

VVhere

Part.I. Hymn LVIII.

105

VVhere are all those hopes bestowed; And those pleasing Dayes, wherein,

I have bin

Youths beguiling Pleafure showed? Must I / must I, now (thought I)

Helplesse Die?

And, be carelesse left, to morrow;

In a dark, and lonely grave?

VVhere none have Sense of Comfort, Joy, or Sorrow?

5 VVill no mortall Wit, or Powre,

From this Howre,

My despairing Soul, release?

But must ev'ry earthly Thought, Come to nought,

And my Hopes for ever cease?

Shall I never / never-more, (As before)

View the *Daies* approching Glory? But, must this black Night, nigh past,

Be my last?

And conclude my mortall-Story?

Such, my foolish fancies were,

As you hear;

And, thus fruitlefly I mourned. But, at last (by Terrors taught)

Him I fought,

Whose free Grace my Death adjourned. LORD! faid I, observe the grones,

Hear the moanes, F 5

Of

129

106 Hymn LVIII. Part. 1.

Of a Soul in depth of anguish: And, my humble suit allow, Lest I, now,

In an endlesse terror languish.
7 Sins, I have, which numberlesse

Me oppresse.

And, so strongly overlay me:

That, if yet I should appear, Much I sear

Down to Hell, their weight might weigh me. And, Alas! can trembling Duft,

So unjust,

Stand before the Lord of Thunder?

Whilst that Guiltinesse abides,

Which divides,

Me, and Comforts, far afunder?

8 LORD! I dare not to appear,

Till I hear

That I am to favour taken. Therefore, thy fad Servant, now,

Comfort Thou,

Whom all Comfort hath forfaken. Let not thy Compassion, be

Lesse to me,

Then my Foes despight hath proved. But, oh / let my Fear, and Pain,

Once again,

Be abated, and removed.
9 Iefu, for thy passion-sake,

Daigne to take,

From

Part. I. Hymn LVIII.

From my heart all vain Affections; That, my naturall estate

I may hate

And delight in thy perfections. Spare; ô blest Redeemer, spare!

Let my Fear

To fo firm a Faith be turned, That it may true Joyes beget;

And,oh / let

Death be, till that houre, adjourned. 10 LORD / if this, for which I pray,

Gain I may;

(If to health I may be raised)

Of thy Love,my Song shall be:

Thou, of me,

Shalt, for evermore, be praifed. In deep fighs (that spake aloud)

Thus I vow'd;

With a heart, at large distressed;

And, the Spirit, help'd my mones, With fuch Grones,

As may never be expressed.

11 Those Complaints my Saviour heard

With regard:

As I pray'd, right so befell it:

From those Fears, which on me ceas'd,

I was eas'd.

And, alive I am to tell it. For which Mercy, let no day

Passe away,

VVherein,

107

Hymn LIX.

108

Wherein I forget thy pitty; But till I in earth embra'ft,

Sleep my last,

Part.I.

Let thy Goodnesse be my Ditty.

12 And, although a Slave to Sin,

I have bin,
Make me truly now abhor it.
And when Death part summon

And, when Death next fummons me, Let me be

Ev'ry way prepared for it. So, no false, no vain delight,

No Affright, From her bliffe, my Soul shall sever. But, so love, so live shall I,

(Live or die)
That, I bleft shall be for ever.

HYMN LIX.

A Hymn encouraging ficke persons to be willing to dye.

Sicke-persons are not usually disposed to sing; yet fome are sometime desirous to chear up their hearts, and strengthen themselves against the seares of Death, by considering the Priviledges of Life-eternall: And, perhaps they who want strength to sing this Hymn, shall receive comfort to heare these Meditations sung by others in their presence.

Sing this as the Pater-noster.

If

F by the Signes foresee we may, When our short lease of Life is done; Now neer unto me feems the day. In which my Glasse will quite be run: And, I that here, yet lie, and grone, Shall to my resting place be gone. 2 My moisture, and my vitall heat, In me,do now begin to cease. My pulses out of Order beat; Strength failes, and Weaknesse doth increase. Therefore, ere Death all sense bereave, Thus, of the World, I take my leave. 3 First, my Deare Friends, farewell to you, Live bleffed in a true belief. Disturbe you not my last adieu, By fruitlesse Teares, or needlesse griefe: For, from a prison full of woe, To Bowres of Joy, and Rest I goe. 4 For aye, adue my hopes of health; Farewell to all my vain Desires. I have no pleasure now in wealth: My Soul to better things, aspires. All earthly pleasures are untrue: I, therefore bid them all adue. 5 My flesh, oh / be not thou afraid, To let my Soul depart from thee. Or, when thou all alone art laid, Where thou must quite corrupted be, For fince my Saviour lodged there, He from the Grave hath banish'd fear. 6 VVhat 6 What though within that lonely place, In darkneffe, and and in stench thou lie, Where wormes thy feature shall deface, And make thee lothsome to the eie?

Thou shalt to life again arise;
Renewed in a glorious wise.

6 Thy Soul (of which thou art so fain)
Although from thee it shall depart;
Will come and find thee out again,
However hid, or chang'd thou art.

You shall be joined, as before; And, never be divided more. 8 What pleasure in thy life appears, As thou art now deform'd and pain'd? What get'st thou but renewed cares, If Life with Health might be regain'd?

This Life is nought but pain and grief: Yea, pain, fomtime, without relief.

9 My Flesh then goe; yea, gladly go
Of thy last Bed, to be posses.

O' wherefore dost thou linger so,
In Torments, when thou may'st have rest?
Know'st thou, what followes after Death,
Thou could'st not love this aiërie Breath.
To Thou shalt in Beauty passe the Stars;
And no desect on thee shall rest.

Thou shalt in Beauty patie the Stars And no defect on thee shall rest. Thou shalt be swifter then the Sphears; And wear perfections of the best.

Death is a Gate (though fomwhat low)
Through which to highest Blisse we go.

ıı In

II In thee, now, Sins and Sicknes dwels, Vncertain hopes, and certain pain:
And thou art fit for nothing els,
But, thy Corruptions to retain.
Thy Mates by Death, thall Angels be,
And God himfelf, thall dwell in Thee.
Is Since nothing more thou canft defire,
Now give thy Soul, a free release.
To thy Great-Grandames wombe, retire;
There, take thy rest, in Hope and Peace:
And, God (who formed thee of Clay)
Grant thee a Loyfull rising-Day.

HYMN LX.

Another Hymn encouraging against the seare of Death.

The Sick, are here taught to encourage their Soules to be willing to leave this Life, and enjoy the perfections of the next world. And, to that end some Jnconveniences of this Life; and some of the Benefits, which the Faithfull enjoy by Immortality, are mentioned in this Hymn.

Sing this, as I loved once.

MY Soul, why dost thou linger so, And in thy prison, seeke to stay? Since Since thou art summon'd hence to go, By Sicknesse, which prepares thy way?

VVhy would'st thou loyter longer here Perplext with pains, and vext with Fear? God cals us hence, Come, come along, And let us meet him with a Song.

2 VVhy, on this Carkasse dost thou dote, VVherewith, too long thou hast been cloth'd? VVhat have you by your Friendships got, But Sin and Sorrowes to be loth'd?

Since, thou hast Licence to be free,
No longer now, inthralled be;
But, come away; come, come along,
And meet thy Maker with a Song.
3 Thy wanton flesh (to thee so Dear)
By searching where thy strength was laid;
Hath oft (though friendly she appear)
Vnto thy Passions, thee betraid.

This Troup, with her, still watching lies,
To put out Faith's and Reasons eies.
These Foes, then stay thou not among;
But, sly thou from them with a Song.
4 Consider this unhappie place,
How full it is of discontent.
Remember well thy noble Race,
And from whose Bosome, thou wast sent.

There is a place referv'd for Thee, Where endlesse Joyes and Pleasures be: From thence thou tarriest over-long, Fly, sly thou thither with a Song:

5 Thine

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5 Thine Effence, here, becomes impure: But, there, it shall refined grow. Thy knowledge, here, is but obscure: There,ev'ry Secret thou shalt know. Though poore thou art, and fleighted here; Thou shalt be rich, and honor'd there. Therefore, thy Bliffe no more prolong: But, fly thou thither with a Song. 6 Here, spightfull men, and wicked Fiends, To marre thy Quiet are inclin'd. There, for thy Fellowes, and thy Friends, Both Saints and Angels thou shalt find. There, thou shalt behold and know, Thy pious Friends dead long agoe; And *Hallelujah*, those among, Shall be, thine Everlasting-Song. 7 Moreover, there, thou shalt behold, Those Worthies, whose deserved praise, For vertuous Deeds, in times of old, Hath made them famous in those daies. And, more then this; thou there shalt fee The Son of GOD, who dide for thee. Then, do not here thy stay prolong; But, goe, and praise him in a Song. 8 Go, view the glorie of his face; Go, kisse his wounds for thee receiv'd; Go, and his bleffed feet embrace: Go, and possesse what was beleev'd. Go, and confesse with Saba's Queen, That lesse is told, then may be seen: And

And fince Report his Fame doth wrong, Enlarge his Glory in thy Song. 9 Go, and in God, those Ioyes possesse And, that well-being (without end) Which language never could expresse, Nor Heart of mortall apprehend.

There, praise the Founder of that Blisse. And, when thy Body raised is; (Which, GoD will bring to passe ere long) Praise Him, together in one Song.

HYMN LXI.

A Lamentation in times of excessive Rain.

In this Hymn we lament the miseries like to befall us by excessive Kains and Waters, confessing that plague justly insticted for our sins; beseeching it may beget in us true penetency; that upon Repentance the plague may be removed; and, that the same being removed, we may be thankfull.

Sing this as the Lamentation.

Lthough Transgressors, Lord, we be, A(And, thy Displeasure justly sear) To fing a mournfull-Song to thee, Before thy Presence,we appear. Oh ! mind thou not our follies past; But, our Submission, daigne to heed.

And

Part. I.

And (fince our hope on thee is plac't)
Both hear, and help us at our need.
2 For, now ô God/that Aiery-Sphear,
(Which is to bound the upper Deeps
From those that underneath us are)
Continuall vapours, on us, weeps.

The Floods-beneath do swell more high Then their accustom'd Limits goe; And they which are above the Skie, Do presse, to meet the Deeps below.

3 Thy Servants, therefore, are afraid, That, if thou send not thy Command, Whereby their daring may be staid, Our whole undoing is at hand.

For, L o R D, by these excessive rains, We lose, not only Time and Cost, But, therewith our laborious pains, And, means of Life, is, likewise lost.

4 Thou wilt we know, permit no more, An universall Over-flowing;
Nor frustrate make, as heretofore, The Times of Harves, or of Sowing.

But, LORD/to us what profits it, That, fo it promis'd was by Thee; If now the Waters thou permit, The prefent Spoile of us to be? 5 Or, what to live will it availe, If Raine and Moisture in excesse, Shall make the means of Life to faile, And keep us lingring in distresse?

Except

Except in bearing of that Crosse, Which this Affliction may procure, We gain Repentance by the losse, And make some Future Blessing sure.

6 For these great Rains, perhaps are sent To make us heedfull of our Sin, And, with compunction to lament The waies which we have erred in.

O / teach us Lord, fit be fo,
Our groffe offences to bemone:
And, let a pleasant Season show
That, thy Displeasure quite is gone.
7 Let not thine Vniversall-Grace
To us, in special be denide.
For speciall-Favour, here is place:
O! let that also be applide.

Dry up,or chafe the Clouds away, Whose vapours breed corrupted Aire. Disperse those Fogs, which dim the day, Make thou the Weather clear and faire. 8 To us, vouchsafe, likewise, ô God! The Drought-desired, to prolong; That, we may change this mournfull-Ode, Into a praisefull, joyfull-Song.

And, when the Soile, fo dry shall grow, That show'rs will needfull be again; In season, Lord on us bestow The Former, and the latter-Rain.

HYMN

HYMN LXII.

A thanksgiving after excessive Raines.

When we are delivered from the plague of excessive Rains and Waters; they who desire to sing a Song of Thanksgiving for the same, may musically expresse their gratitude in this briefe Hymn.

Sing this as the 4. Pfalme.

'He show'rs which wash'd away almost, The Comfort of our pains; (And fruitlesse made our hopes and Cost) Thy mercy, L o R D / reftrains. Thy Breath hath purg'd the foggie Aire: The Sun,doth bright appear. The Fields waxe dry, The wayes grow faire; The Skie, from clouds is clear. We, therefore, turn out mournfull Songs, Into a thankfull Ode, And, we confesse, the praise belongt, To none, but thee, ô God/ Accept the fervice we professe, And, give us grace, ô LORD! To manifest our Thankfulnesse, As well in Deed, as Word.

HYMN

HYMN LXIII.

For time of extreme Drougth.

Many afflictions accompany excessive Drougths, as may appear by this Lamention, whereby they who are unsensible of such a Judgement, may be made more sensible of Gods Visitation in that kinde; and such as have a true seeling thereof, may have words whereby to expresse the same to the stirring up of penisence in their hearts.

HEar / oh great Almighty King / Who from Earth's extreamest part, Lightnings, Winds, and Rains do'st bring: And, commander of them, art.

Thou art he, who fends the Rils,
To refresh the fruitfull plains;
And bedewes the thirstie Hils,
With sweet Show'rs, and wholsome Rains.

Hear, and heed thou from on high,
This our loud and wofull cry:
For, from thee, we feek relief;
Who, hast Cures, for ev'ry Grief.
2 By a wastfull scortching Drougth,
We, now Lord, afflicted be;
And, the Earth with gaping mouth,
Makes a sad Complaint to Thee.

Hils,

Hils, and Dales, and Fields, and Downs, Robes of Sorrow have put on; And in mourning-Russet Gowns, Our Distresses do bemone.

For (unlesse thou gracious be)
Bird, and Beast, and Herb, and Tree,
And what e're doth Breathe or Spring,
To decay; this Drougth will bring.
3 Lo, the Branch that leaved was,
Is become a wither'd Spray.
Medowes, lately cloth'd with grasse,
Now, are short unmowed-hay.

Where much Corne did freshly sprout, All is now consum'd with Heat. And, the Flocks that skipt about, Now do pine, for want of meat.

Pain'd by Thirst, the Heards do rore;
Hunger makes our cattell poore:
And, unlesse thou Mercy show,
They that owne them, poore will grow.
4 Earth (whose ever teeming wombe,
Many Births, at once could bear)
Now, unfertile is become;
And, her Fruits abortive are.

At her Brest, the late green plant, Starv'd, by lack of Sap, doth lie. Moissure, now her Furrowes want; And her Clods are stark and drie. Clouds of Dust, in stead of Rain, Overspread both Hill and Plain:

From

From his Banks, the River shrinks; And the slanding-water slinks. 5 Lord/ with pitty now behold, How distress the Creatures be. At such needs, in times of old, Help hath been vouchsaf'd by Thee

When the People thirsty was, Thou from Rocks didst water bring. In the Jaw-bone of an Asse, Thou for Sampson mad'st a Spring.

When Elias thee befought,
Needful Rain, was timely brought:
And, thou mad'ft the water fweet,
Which for usage was unmeet.
6 In the Floods, thy Chambers are;
They with Clouds be roofd and wall'd.
To attend thy pleasure, there,
Dewes and show'rs are still exhal'd.

When we ferve thee, they are fent, To refresh us in our needs. When we merit to be shent, Thence Correction then proceeds.

When thou frown's, the weather low'rs;
And, by Stormes or Drougth devours:
When thou smilest, we obtain,
Kindly Warmth, and timely Rain:
LORD, forgive us that offence
VVhich hath stir'd thine Anger thus:
Take this washing Drougth from hence;
VVith calme show'rs recomfort us.

Let

Part. I. Hymn LXIIII.

Let it plentifully Rain, That it may refresh the Aire. Drop thy fatnesse on the plain; And the parched Hils repaire.

Mark what mone the Fowles do make;
On the beafts, compassion take:
Think upon the Widowes need;
And, the wants of Orphanes, heed.
8 By the moisture of thy Dew,
To the Plants new vigour give.
The decayed Herbs renew;
And the scorched seeds revive.

That the graffe anew may grow, Wherewithall our Beafts are fed: That, there may be Corn enow, To fupply our daily bread.

That, to make us also glad, Wine, and oyle may still be had: And, that these Lamenting Laies May be chang'd to Songs of praise.

HYMN LXIIII.

A Thanksgiving after a Drougth.

God is hereby praifed for vouch/afing to refresh the fcorched Fields with needfull dewes, and showers upon the humble petition of his Servants who had been afflicted by an excessive Drougth.

Sing this as the 23. P/alme.

So

121

122 Hymn LXIIII. Part. 1.

So pow'rfull are the faithfull Cries, Which men afflicted raise; That, to ascend the starry Skies, They find out fecret waies. And, thou hast Lord, an open ear To ev'ry Soul distrest, Which with a due regard will hear The meanest mans request. The Clouds, oh God / at thy Commands, Did needfull show'rs distill; Whereby the dry and thirsty lands, Have fweetly drunk their fill. That scorching Drougth is now alayd, Which Graffe and Corne destroyes; And, that for which we humbly pray'd, Thine heritage injoyes. Aswell as to the Just, oh LORD/ To us that wicked be. Thou Raine and Sun-shine dost afford When fuit is made to thee. To thee, Love, Wifdome, Pow'r and Fame, Ascribed be therefore. And bleffed be thy holy-Name, Both, now, and evermore.

HYMN

HYMN LXV.

A Thanksgiving for feafonable Weather in generall.

This is a Hymn of Praise for that seasonable Weather whereby we are inabled to receive the fruits of the earth, or continued hopefull of that blessing. Sing this as Te Deum.

CRD/should the Sun, the Cloud, the wind,
The Aire and Seafons be
To us as froward, and unkind,
As we are false to thee;
Our Labours would, by Winds or Storms,
By Drougth or else by Rain;
By Heat, or Cold, by Weeds, or Wormes,

Prove Labours all in vain.

But, from our Duties, though we fwerve,

Thou, still, do'ft Mercy show;
And, us and ours from spoile preserve,
That we might thankfull grow.
Yea, though from day to day we sin,

And thy disfavour gain; Affoon as we to cry begin, Forgivenesse,we obtain.

3 The Weather now, thou changed haft, Which lately made us fear: And, when our hopes were almost past, Sweet comforts did appear.

G 2 The

124 Hymn LXVI. Part.1.

The Heavens, the Earth's complaints have heard: They reconciled be:

And, thou fuch weather hast prepar'd, As we defir'd of thee.

4 For which, with uprais'd hands and eies,
(As purely as we may)

The due, and easie Sacrifice Of Thanks, we now repay.

And fince the Aire thou changest thus, That we thereby are eas'd:

We pray thee work that change in us, Whereby thou maist be pleas'd.

HYMN LXVI.

A Thanksgiving after Thunder and Lightning.

Thunder and Lightning are terrible in their owne nature; and have oft-times very dreadfull effects:

Therefore, we ought to praife God, when we have heard and feene him, in those works of his without the destruction of our Goods & Persons.

Sing this as the former.

O earthly Terror, LORD, can make
A Sinner more to fear
Then when in Thunder thou do'ft fpeak,
Loud threatnings in his ear.
Thee, therefore, we did humbly pray,
Thy Stormes afide to blow;

And,

Part. 1. Hymn LXVII.

125

And, down thy Thunder-bolts to lay As is vouchfafed now.

The dreadfull Sounds, and fiery darts, Which lately us appal'd;

And greatly terrifide our hearts, Thy Mercy hath recall'd.

Yea, from the fcorching fulphurie Blaft, Which from those Engines came;

Thou us, oh Lord preserved hast, For which we praise thy Name.

3 In Language, filling us with awe, Thou neededst not to speak,

If of thy *Prophets*, and thy *Law*, More notice we would take.

Oh / give us grace, the loving voice Of *Mercy*, so to hear;

That Justice make not such a noise As fils with fervile Fear.

HYMN LXVII.

After a great Winde.

The Winde is a ferviceable Spirit, which being fet at liberty to punish us for our Sins, produceth many terrible effects; Therefore, when the tempeftuous fury is alayed, whereby it sometimes threateneth us, we shall do well to acknowledge Gods mercy for the same.

Sing this, as the former.

 \mathbf{G} 3

When

126 Hymn LXVIII. Part.1.

We merit well to be forgot,
When we shall next complain.
The blust'ring Winds that sercely rag'd,
And Bowres, and Buildings tore;
Are by thy Mercy, Lord, assward,
And ruffle now no more.

Calmgales they breath; and make it plain,
(By these effects we see)

That, He who in the Aire doth raign, Subjected is to thee.

We magnifie thy *Name*, therefore,
And, will in thee repose

Our Trust, and Hope, for evermore, What Winde soever blowes.

HYMN LXVIII.

After a great Frost or Snow.

Great Frosts and Snowes are somtime made the executioners of Gods Justice upon a sinfull Land, that frozen Charity may be unthawed by Repentance: And this Hymn remembers us to be thankfull when God shall remove such a sudgement from us.

Sing this as the former.

From

Part. I. Hymn LXIX.

127

Rom Colds, late nipping Herbs and Trees,
(Afflicting Man and Beast)
And making Lakes and Rivers freeze,
Thou, Lord! hast us releast.
The Clods are thaw'd; The Ice doth melt;
The Creatures, lately griev'd

Are eased of the pains they felt; And, from their Fears repriev'd.

2 We praife thee, for this bleffed change; And thankfull are to thee,

That thou thy help do'ft not estrange,

When we afflicted be.

Let thy Compassion us dispose,

(Where we shall need behold)

To melt in pitty, towards those

To whom our Love is cold.

HYMN LXIX.

In a Time of Famine.

Famine is one of the three great Plagues whereby God usually corrects a sinfull Nation; and by this Hymn we are taught how to addresse our complaints to God, in this Visitation, &c.

Sing this as the 22. Pfalme,

BY Mercies and by Iudgements, LORD/ We have bin often tride, G4 In Hymn LXIX. Part.1.

128

In disobeying of thy Word,

How constant we abide:

For, when we gently are chastif'd,

We stubborn hearted be;

And when our longings are suffic'

And, when our longings are fuffic'd, We kick, and fourn at Thee.

2 For, which thou quite might'st us refuse,
And, say, as heretofore
Thou for the Support Years.

Thou fay'st unto the stubborn Jewes:
7 will correct no more.

But, still, thy Love to us is true; And, ev'ry means doth find

By which thou maift compassion shew, And, be both *Iust* and *Kind*.

3 The *Plenties* which we lately had, By us, abused were.

And, Thou a Scarceneffe now hast made, By which we pinched are.

If thou hadft left us to our Sin, By feeding our *Excesse*;

That *Vengeance* had the greater bin, Though it had feemed leffe.

4 Thou, still, proceed'st with Chastifement
In such a loving wise;

That we may be the Punishment,
Find where our Error lies.
And, if we be not hardned quite,

We by the Stripes may fee
That, thou in *Mercy* hast delight;
Though strokes inflicted be.

5 Yea

5 Yea, though this Famine pincheth fore, Good Symptomes we may find,

That, thou in Anger evermore Remembrest to be kind,

And, fill, fome bleffings are injoy'd, By which we hope retain,

That, quite we shall not be destroid, Though we in want, remain.

6 Where Milk and Hony overflow'd Lean Famine breaketh in,

When *Plenty*, late her Bounty shew'd, A *Death* doth now begin.

And, they who had the finest bread, The fattest of thy Meat;

And were with many dainties fed, Have little now to eat.

7 But Lord, once more to us return; Though we unworthie are:

Consider how the poore do mourn,
And what the Rich may fear.
Forgive the Sins which have bereft,

The Plenties which we had; And, let the portion which is left, By thee, be larger made.

8 Oh / hear us, though we still offend, Augment our wasted store:

Into this Land, that Plenty fend,
Which fil'd it heretofore.

Then, give us grace, to use it so,
That thou mai'st pleased be;
G 5

And,

Part.1.

And, that when fuller we shall grow, We think not lesse on Thee.

HYMN. LXX.

A Thanksgiving for Plenty.

Plenty is the cure of Famine; and a Bleffing, for which we much labour; yet when it is obtained, we many times become so wanton thereby, that we not only abuse that Benefit, but many other Mercies accompanying the same; to prevent which unthankfulnesse, this Hymn was composed.

Sing this as the 4. Pfalme.

H Ow oft, and by how many Crimes,
Thee Jealous have we made?
And, bleffed Godh / how many times,
Have we forgivenes had?
If we with teares, to bed, at night,
For our Transgressions go;
To us, before the Morning light,
Thou Comforts dost bestow.

This pleasant Land, which for our Sin,
Was, lately, barren made,
Her fruitfulnesse doth new begin,
And we our Hopes have had.
For which in praisefull Songs, to thee,
We raise our voices Lord/
And,

And, thankfull, we defire to be
For what, thou dost afford.

Vouchfase we wast not by excesse,
Thy Blessings like the swine;
Or into gracelesse wantonnes,
Convert this Grace of thine.
But, so let us thy Gifts imploy;
And, so resresh the poore:
That, in this Land, we may enjoy
These Plenties, evermore.

HYMN LXXI.

In times of Pertilence, or other infectious Sicknesse.

This Hymn putteth us in mind (by professing our dependance upon God) that we make him our sole Refuge in times of danger. Confession, is here made also, that our Sins are the Cause of Sicknesse or infectious diseases: and God is humbly besought to be our protector in this danger

Sing this as the 51. Psalme.

BY trusting unto thee, oh Go D / And, by reposing in thy shade; A Shelter, and a safe Abode, In many Dangers, we have had.
And, good Assurances we have, That, while on thee we do depend,

Thou

Thou wilt from publike Danger fave; And from all private harmes defend.

2 In thee, this trust we have repos'd. Thy Succour, therefore, we expect, Now perill hath our Souls inclos'd; And, our Destruction, seems to threat.

For, Sins Infections have bin fpred, By lewd Examples, now, so far, That those Contagions they have bred, Whereby our lives endanger'd are. 3 Lord / let thy Spirit, from on high, On us, those healthfull Breathings blow, Which may our Climate purifie; And, wholsome Aire on us bestow.

And, let our Flesh and Blood, become So purged, by thy facred Word;
That, we may be secured from The strokes of this devouring Sword.

4 Oh / call thy slaughtring Angell home.
And(though we merit not such grace)
Compassionate, and kind become
To us, in this distressed Case.

Vouchsafe us hearts that may repent, Those Courses, which do thee displease: And, give us wisdome to prevent The violence of this Disease.

5 Let not the shaft which slies by day, Nor that, which terrifies by night, To slaughter, wound, or to dismay Within our Dwellings, Lord, alight.

But

Part.1. Hymn LXXII.

But, let thy faving-Angell bide
About our Perfons, ev'ry how'r
A shelter, for us, to provide,
Against this plagues malignant pow'r.
6 Or, if this Harbinger of Death,
Must in our Flesh, prepare him Room;
Let not the losse of Health, or Breath,
A mischief, or a plague become.
And, let both Death and Sicknes prove
A means of everlasting Blisse;
And, from these Dangers, us remove
To live where no corruption is.

133

HYMN LXXII.

For Deliverance from publike Sicknes.

When an infectious Pestilence breaketh in upon us, it is an extraordinary Mercy that we are not all rooted out. Therefore, when God remayes the same we

is an extraordinary Mercy that we are not all rooted out. Therefore, when God removes the same, we are hereby remembred to acknowledge it to his praise.

Sing this as the Pater-noster.

ORD, when a Nation thee offends,
And when thou would'st correct their lads)
An Army,still, on Thee attends,
To execute thy just Commands.
Yea, Famine, Sicknesse, Fire, and Sword;
Stand ready to sulfill thy word.

2 And.

134 Hymn LXXIII. Part.1.

2 And,here,among us for our Sin, A strong Insection lately raign'd Whose Rage hath so malignant bin, As that it could not be restrain'd

By any care, or Art of our,
Or by a leffe, then heav'nly pow'r.
3 To thee, therefore, our Cries we fent,
Thy wonted Clemency to prove:
And, our misdoings did lament
That Vifitation to remove.

And, thou thine Angell didst command,
To stay his Death-inflicting hand.

4 For which to thee, in humble wise,
Both heart, and hand, oh LORD / we raise;
And, have exchang'd our former Cries,
To Joyfull Songs of thankfull praise:
Confessing, that, by Thee, we have
Escap'd the Dungeon of the Grave.

HYMN LXXIII.

A Lamentation in time of War.

War, is the last and worst of those Temporall-Plagues, whereby GOD scourgeth a wicked Nation, and it includeth all other miseries. Therefore, when that Iudgement is sent forth against us, we are warned hereby, so to consider what is fallen upon us; and to become so penitent, that God may be intreated to withdraw that Plague.

Sing this as the 51. Psalme.

Of

Fall those Judgements which thy Word For Sin, oh LORD / denounced hath, None are more dreadfull then the Sword; Or, more inform us of thy wrath.

Except it be, when men are, quite,
To Sin, without Correction left;
Expos'd to Sathans worst despight;
Or, of a quiet minde berest.

2 For, when by other plagues we smart,
By thine own hand, chastiz'd we be:
And, Lord! so pitifull thou art,
That, Mercy, still abounds in thee.

But, when our Faults thou dost correct,
By tyranous and cruell men,
A fad event, we may expect;
And, hope for little Mercy, then.
3 Oh Go D! this dreadfull Plague of War,
All other earthly Plagues includes:
For Dearths, and all Difeases are
Attending where this Feind intrudes.

Oppressions, and continual Fears, Wounds, Watchings, Dangers, and unrest, Incessant Griefs, and endlesse cares, By warfare, Kingdomes do molest.

4 War, from the Childe, his Parents takes; And robs the Father of his Childe:
Of old, and young, it havoke makes; And, thereby Matrons are defilde.

War turns, the Freeman to a Slave: It bringeth Nobles to distresse:

And

136 Hymn LXXIII. Part. 1.

And maketh Cutthroat villains brave, With what great Princes did possesses. 5 It goodly Temples overturns; And Acteth Ill, where Good was taught. The fairest Buildings, down it burns; And, sets both God, and Man at naught.

Yea, quite it ruins in one day,
What many Ages could not rear;
And bringeth Cities to decay,
Which through the World, renowned were.
6 Chase thou oh LORD! this Tyrant hence:
Permit thou not, his hand of Blood,
To beare the scourge of our offence;
But, take it to thy Self, oh GOD!

Though many wayes, we have missione, We none have wrong'd, so much as Thee: Therefore, oh Lord! by Thee alone, Corrected for it, let us be.

7 When but the sounds of War, they hear, The hearts of many, so are strook, That they are overcome with Fear.

How, then, Wars presence can they brook?

Lord, let thy mercy so provide

That, from our Coasts he may be chas'd: That, Peace, may in our Borders bide; And, keep our Dwellings undefac'd.

8 And, LORD! fince War, fuch Terrors brings; . Such mischieves, and so much distresse; And since perpetually there Springs, Joy, wealth, and ease, from blessed Peace.

Let

Let us endeavour to regain This Peace, by what good means we may, And if the same we reobtain Take heed, we fool it not away.

HYMN LXXIV.

A thanksgiving for Peace.

Peace is the nurse of Plentie, and the means of so many other bleffings that God cannot be fufficiently praised for it. This therefore is composed, that we who have enjoyed this bleffing more then most other Nations might be more thankfull for it hereafter.

Sing this as the 4. Pfalme.

CO cause us, Lord! to think upon The Bleffing we possesse, That we may praise what thou hast done, And thy great love confesse. For, we whose Fields in Ages past, With bloodshed were distain'd, Whilst Fire and Sword layd others waste, In fafetie, have remain'd. 2 No armed Bands, the Plough-man fears, No Towr's are overturn'd; No Temple shakes about our ears; No Townships now are burn'd. No Father hears his little Childe,

In vain, for fuccour cry:

No

Hymn LXXV.

Part. 1.

138 No Husband fees his Wife defilde,

Whilst he doth wounded lye. 3 Dear GoD! vouchsafe to pittie those

Who thus distressed be:

That, to defend them from their Foes They may have help from thee.

For, by thy Mercy we obtain'd

These calme and peacefull Dayes: And for this Peace, with hearts unfain'd We, now, do Sing thy Praise.

Aswell for our internall Peace, As for that outward Rest,

Which by thy Favour we possesse Thy goodnesse, is confest,

Oh take not, LORD! this grace away, But, let it still endure

And, grant thy mercies make us may, More thankfull, not secure.

HYMN LXXV.

For Victorie.

All Victorie is of God, who is the LORD of Hoasts: therefore to him only belongs the glory of those victories which we shall obtain; and this Hymn remembers us to ascribe all our prevailings to his power and mercy.

Sing this as the X. Commandements.

Of

H LORD / we magnify thy Might, By whose prevailing grace and pow'r, We are preserv'd from their despight Who sought, that they might us devour.

Thou art our Joyfull Triumph-fong;
Thou art the Comfort of our heart:
To thee all Victories belong;
And, thou the God of Armies art.
2 It was, alone, thy Providence
Which made us Masters of the Field:
Thou art our Castle of defence;
Our Fort, our Bulwark, and our Shield.

Thou taughtst our Hands & Arms to fight; By thee, undaunted we were made:
By thee, our Foes were put to flight;
By Thee the conquest we have had.
3 For, on what hand soere we went,
Great perils, us did round enclose:
Our little strength, was almost spent,
And fierce and bloody, were our Foes.

That, hadst not thou our Captain been, To lead us on, and off again; This happie day we had not seen, But in the Bed of Death had lain.

4 This Humn, we therefore Sing to Thee: And pray thee, that, as heretofore, Thou wouldst our gracious Resuge be, And our Protestor evermore.

Yea, to our Foes let it be shown, How to our Cause thou dost incline;

And

And make it unto them be known, That, such as are our Foes are thine.

HYMN LXXVI.

For Publike Deliverances.

God hath vouchsafed unto these kingdomes, many publike Deliverances, which ought never to be forgotten, especially those on the fift of November, and 1588. And this Hymn was intended, to bring those, and such like, oftner to remembrance.

Sing this as the Pater-noster.

VIth Ifr'el, we may truly fay If on our fide, G o D had not been; Of us, our Foes had made a prev, And, we this Light, had never feen The Pit was dig'd, The Snare was laid; And, we with ease, had been betray'd. 2 But, our Oppofers, undertook What they did faile to bring to passe. For, he that all things doth or'e look, Prevented what conspired was. We found the Pit; we scap'd the Gin. And faw their Makers caught therein. 3 By Favour undeferved shown From GoD, this means of fafetie came; And, by no wisdome of our own: Oh! let us therefore, praise his name. Oh! praise his Name: for, it was He, That broke the Net, and fet us free. 4 With

4 With praises let our Temples ring; Let on our Lips, thankfgivings dwell. Let us, unto his honour fing, And, Stories of his Mercies tell. While Sun, and Moon, do rife, or fet; His kindnesse, let us not forget. 5 Oh! let us now redeeme the Time: Let us begin to live anew. Let us repent of ev'ry crime, Whereby, displeasure may ensue: Lest he that plagues from us hath took; Return them, with a doubled strook. 6 A true Repentance takes delight To memorize what G o D hath done: When passed Favours, we recite, It adds more Grace, to grace begun. And, when fuch vertues do encrease; They promise everlasting peace. 7 But, where Ingratitude we see; And, when so wicked we are grown, That fleighted those protections be, Which God hath formerly bestown, It shall betoken, to this Land That her Destruction is at hand. 8 LORD! let us not be hardned fo: Nor let thine Anger fo return: But, grant we may our duties do; And for our finfull Follies mourn: That from our Sorrows, joy may Spring; And we thy praises, gladly Sing. Нуми

HYMN LXXVII.

When we are merry-hearted.

Sometimes we are more then ordinarily inclined to cheerfulnesse, and what we should then doe, we are advised by the Apostle Iames. And lest our mirth corrupt into vanity, rather then invite us to sing Psalmes, this Hymn offereth somewhat to consideration, which may preserve, and sanctific our cheerfulnesse.

M Ethinks I feele more perfect Reft,
Refreshing now,my mind;
And more contentment in my breast,
Then ev'ry day I find.
Such Notions there,
Begotten are,
And forth such thoughts they bring:
That though I would
My voice withhold,
I cannot chuse but sing.

Too oft vain musings do dispose
My heart, to fruitlesse Mirth.

And fill it with fuch fumes as those Which vapour from the earth.
On fuch a Fit,

Sometime, I hit,
I know nor how, nor why:
And, as the fame
Vnlook'd for came,

Ev'n

Ev'n fo away t'will fly.

3 Oh LORD / if this be such a Toy, Let some well-guided thought,

Translate it to a better Joy;

Or, bring the same to nought.

For, fuch Delights,

Are like some Sights,

Which in the dark appear:
At their first view,

They comfort shew,

At last, they make us fear.

4 Let those Delights which Fancie fains;

To please a crased mind;

And, that which Folly entertains

With me, no liking find.

But, let in me,

Increased be,

Those Comforts, and those Joyes,

Which do not flow

From things below:

And, which no time destroyes.

HYMN LXXVIII.

A Lamentation and Petition of the Soule, for and against her flesh.

By this Hymn, we are put in mind to be so watchfull over the Infirmities and Corruptions of our Flesh. 144 Hymn LXXVIII. Part.1.

Flesh; that we take heed, lest our Sensualitie bring Soul and Body to destruction; and that we beseech Gods assisting Grace, to help the Soule govern as she ought, and so subdue the Flesh, to the Law of Grace, and Reason.

Sing this as the 43. Pfalme.

A H me! where may I feek a Friend? Or, where have hopes to finde

One that is Faithfull to the end; And never proves unkinde?

Since mine own Flesh, (and for whose sake, My Self I oft forget)

Doth with my cruelst Foe partake; And, is against me set?

She, in whose Bosome, I have laid, And, who hath slept in mine;

She, with whom, I have often plaid, And, lov'd with Love-divine:

She that made show, as if my Grief, Her greatest Grief would be;

(And called me, her *Ioy*, her *Life*)
Is carelesse, now, of me.

The more I trust, the more I love, The more my love I show;

The more unfaithfull She doth prove:
The more she works my woe.

Yet, still, my heart upon her dotes; And (through her wanton wiles)

My Reason, still, she so before, That, still, She me beguiles.

4 Some-

Part.1. Hymn LXXVIII. 1

4 Sometime, these wrongs I so resolve, That, her I much condemn:

And in my Iudgement, can refolve, Her Fawnings to contemn.

I take her *Pleafant-things* away, Her *Longings* I restrain;

I make her watch, and fast and pray, Vntill she Teares doth fain.

5 To fee her grieve, then grieve I too, And loving words apply;

Left to her felf, she wrongs may do, Or of the Sullens, dye.

And, She no fooner feels my heart

Her Freedome to reftore; But, the begins to play her part, As falfly, as before.

6 Teach me, my God/teach me the way To make her more fincere;

Lest, She, her Selfe, and Me, betray To *Him*, whose Hate I sear.

For, fo I love (though plain I fee Of me, she carelesse is)

That Heav'n would feem a Hell to me, If Her, I there should misse.

7 To be my Darling, the was born:

And Nature did provide
That, t'wixt us, Friendship should be sworn,
Which, nothing shall divide;

And, therefore, on each other, fo Our welfare doth depend;

That,

146 Hymn LXXIX. Part.1.

That, if the One to ruine go, Such is the Others end. 8 Therefore, oh Lord / unlesse thy love Prevent what much I fear, We, to each other, Foes may prove, The worst that ever were. Because, if they who love as we, Their Paffions guid not well: On Earth each others plagues they be, And greater plagues in Hell. 9 My God/therefore, thy help again, Thy help, I do implore, That I my Fleshly-part, to rein, May be inabled more. My Soul, instruct thou so to guid; So make my flesh obey; That, we true-Lovers may abide, In Vertues harmles Way. 10 And, though all Vertues we had got (Where of the best may boast) Vnto our selves, Lord, leave us not: Lest all, again, be lost. For, till the Flesh be mortified, Her nature, will return; Though the was partly fanctifi'd,

When she, anew, was born.

Нуми

HYMN LXXIX.

Of the vanity and infufficiency of temporall things.

That we may not be overmuch delighted with such Things as perish, to the losse of our portion in things of most Excellency. We are hereby remembred to consider the Vanitie and Insufficiency of Temporall Things.

Sing this as a Hermit-poore.

Within this Lower Orbe,

Which doth afford,

A pleasure or content?

But may disease,

Discomfort or disturbe,

Vnlesse thou please

Their mischies to prevent?

No marvell, tho

The worst do forrows bring;

Since there is woe,

In ev'ry pleafant thing.

2 Wealth bringeth Care

Sometimes, as much as Want.

Our Honours are

Attended with difgrace.

When *Hopes* are best,

Our Hearts with Fears do pant,

H 2

Our

148 Hymn LXXIX. Part.1.

Our daint'est Feast,
Is marr'd with btiter sawce.

Distrust, to lose

The Pleasure, we possesse,

Them overthrowes,

Or makes their fweetnes lesse.

3 Our Beauties fade,

Affoon as they are blown.

We Weak are made,

E're we are fully strong.

We often dote,

When wifest we are grown.

Youth, frees us not

From Griefs, whil'st we are yong.

No Age, or State,

Condition, or Degree,

Can promise that,

In which no Changes be.

4 That, which we fought,

With all our pow'rs, to win

As if we thought,

Our chiefest Blisse it were:

That, which esteem'd

Above our lives, hath hin;

And, which hath feem'd

Beyond Salvation, dear.

That is at last,

A thing unpleasing made;

And leaves no tast,

Of those Contents, it had.

5 They,

5 They, who in me
Their chief Delights did place;
Now, sensies be
Thet o're so fond they many

That e're so sond they were.

They, in whose love,

I,no lesse pleased was;

No liking, move;

And Strangers now they are.

Yea, what with pain,

I fought; I now do lothe,

Oh God/how vain

Was that, or I, or both.

6 What we despise,

Anon, is precious thought.

What, we now prize, E're long, we much disdain.

This Day we love,

Whom,next we fet at nought.

And fickle prove,

Yet shamelesly complain.

Their Vanitie,

Things mortall publish thus;

And certaintie,

Ther's none, in them, or Vs.

7 Oh LORD/fince we,

And, all that here we love,

Things changing be;

Let us on Thee depend.

From Things below,

(To reach the things above)

H 3

Thy

Part.I. Hymn LXXX.

150 Thy Servant show, Which way he should ascend. And, let me there, Live, Love, and loved be; Where Pleafures are, Whose end I shall not see.

HYMN LXXX.

When a deare Freind is deceased.

Some, are so sensible of losing their dearly beloved Friends, that, they are almost swallowed up with grief. Therefore this Hymn was prepared to miligate their forrow, by directing them for confolation to Him, in whom they may find againe their deceafed friends, and better comforts then they loft.

Sing this as, In fad and Ashie weeds.

Ow my Dear Friend is gon,
Ah me/how faint my heart appears / How fad! and how alone! How fwoln with fighs, how drown'd with tears/ Fain would I tell, What Griefs, what Hell, Is now within my breast. But who doth live, That ease can give? Or bring me wished Rest ?

2 Those

Those eares which I would fain, Should once more hear what I would fay, Shall never, now again, Vnto their Heart, my Thoughts convay.

Nor shall that Tongue, Whose Tones, were Song,

And, musicke, still to me;

To please, or chear, My drouping ear;

Hereafter turned be.

3 Oh Dear / oh gracious God / If in our felves, we bliffe had fought; Of passions, what a lode,

Vpon my Soul, had now been brought!

How had I found, Within that Round,

Wherein, I should have run?

The joyfull end, Which doth befriend, Affections well, begun.

4 Had we our Love confin'd

To that, which mortall proves to be:

Or, had we been so blind,

That we death's pow'r could not foresee.

Where had been found, When under ground,

My Dear-companion lay,

A fit Relief, To cure that Grief,

Which wounds my Heart, this Day?

But, H 4

5 But, while we liv'd and lov'd, In thee, each other up we stor'd, My Friend(by Death remov'd) In thee, therefore, I feek, oh LORD/ My Losse, by none, But, Thee alone, Repaired, now, can be. What I endure, Admits nor Cure, Nor ease, except by thee. 5 Be thou to my fad heart, A fweet Relief, now I am griev'd. Be to it as thou wert, When, here with me,my Dearest liv'd. That which I lov'd, Is but remov'd, To thee, our Perfect Bliffe. And that I had Was but the shade Of what my Darling is. 7 In Thee, Behold I shall; In Thee, I shall again enjoy; What thou away didst call, And what thou didst by Death destroy. We, by thy Grace, Shall there, embrace, Where Friends do never part. Which, now I mind, Methinks, I find Sweet hope, relieve my heart.

8 I

Part. 1. Hymn LXXXI. 153

8 I feel it more, and more,
My Soul of Comfort to affure.
And, now, for ev'ry fore,
I know, and feel, thou hast a Cure.
For which my Tongue,
Shall change her Song,
Thy Goodnes to commend.
And, thou art he
Who, still, shalt be
My best affected Friend.

HYMN LXXXI.

For Deliverance from Temptation.

To be delivered from Temptation, is one of the fix petitions in the LORD'S Prayer, which we daily repeat; and therefore that God may deliver us from the evil thereof, we shall do well to invoke him by a special Invocation according as this Hymn putteth us in mind.

Sing this as the 4. Pfalme.

H Ow hard is it for Flesh and Blood,
When Lusts the Heart assaile,
To wish that Vice, may be withstood;
And, Vertue, still prevaile!
How hard is it, when we do burn,
With euill-kindled Fires,
H 5

Our

154 Hymn LXXXI. Part.1.

Our Eies from Vanities to turn /
Or quench our loofe Defires?

2 So hard oh LORD/ so hard it is; That few can truly say,

They for thy timely ayd (in this)
With true Devotion pray.

But, rather, many are afraid,

(When they to pray are mov'd)
Lest by thy Grace, they should be staid,
From Sins, too well belov'd.

3 Of this, if others have been free, Thy Mercy, let them bleffe:

For, that this fault hath been in me,
I freely do confesse:

And, feeing better thoughts, I have)
Occasion, thereupon,

I,now,assume, thine and to crave, Before, this Mind be gon.

4 Thy Grace, oh Lord, in me did breed This motion, not in vain.

Oh! let it be the bleffed Seed Of an immortall Gain.

And, grant, that getting fomwhat loofe, From Sins imperious hand;

My heart with willingnes, may chuse The wayes of thy Command.

5 From Sathans Baits, from Follies Lures, From ev'ry cause of Ill, Preserve me clean, whil'st life endures, In Astion, and in Will.

At

At least, when I shall tempted be, Protect thy Servant fo, That, evill overcome not me; But, Victor let me grow. Vaile then mine Eies, till She be past, When Folly tempts my fight: Keep thou my Pallet, and my Taft, From Gluttonous Delight. Stop thou mine Ear, from Syrens Songs: My Tongue from Lies restrain. Withhold my Hands, from doing wrongs; My Feet, from courses vain. Teach, likewise, ev'ry other Sense, To Act an honest part; But, chiefly fettle Innocence, And purenes in my Heart: So, nought without me, or within, Shall work an ill effect; By tempting me to act a Sin,

HYMN LXXXVII.

Or, Vertues to neglect.

A Thanksgiving for the Gospell.

The Gospell of Iesus Christ, is a meanes of the greatest Blessian, which was ever conferred on Mankinde. Therefore, that we might be more thankfull for it, then we have been heretofore, we are moved thereunto, by this Hymn.

Sing

Sing this as the 10. Commandments.

Somtime, oh Lord! at least, in show, A thankfull heart, we do professe, When thou fuch Bleffings dost bestow As outward Riches, Health, or Peace. But, for that meanes which may conduce Our Soules, to their true-Bliffe, to raife, We make, not verie frequent use Of thankfull words, or Hymns of praise. 2 When Meads are drown'd, or Fields are dry; When Sword, or Sickneffe, harme hath done, To thee for help, fometimes we cry; And thank thee, when those plagues are gone. But, for that Bleffed meanes of Grace, Which we have long, at full enjoy'd; (In publike, or in private place) Few Thankfull voices are employ'd. 3 How many foules, in Errors night, Sit fighing their fad hour's away! Whilst we enjoy, the Gospels light, And, therewithall, the wantons play! How many Nations be at strife, For that which we enjoy, at will? How many want that Bread of life, Which we do furfet on and spill? 4 Oh God! Forgive this crying Sin. More wife, more thankfull let us grow, To mend this fault, let us begin: And, Grace obtain, more Grace to show. For,

Part.I. Hymn LXXXIII. 157 For, Corne, and Wine, and Oyles increase; A Body-found; a wittie-braine; A free Estate; an outward Peace; Without this Bleffing, were in vaine. 5 They, who observe the same shall see, That, where these Tidings do not found; (Or where they shall abused be) Inhumane cruelties abound: Yea, we, who often have been school'd, For hearing this bleft Voice, in vaine, Shall fee our hopes, and wisdomes fool'd; If unrepentant we remaine. 6 Our feares therfore Deare God! prevent: Keep thou thy Gospell in our Land: Our Thanklesnesse, let us repent; And stedfast in thy worship, stand. For, that thy bleffed Saving-word, Is purely preached in our Daies We confesse it a mercie, LORD, Which merits, endlesse Hymns of praise.

HYMN LXXXIII.

For deliverance from perfecution, and false Doctrine.

The blind and bloody Times, in which our Fathers lived, begin to be forgotten, at least to be so little considered on, that some indeavour to make our deliverance from them, of little moment. To prevent Thersore

158 Hymn LXXXIII. Part.1.

therfore the curfe likely to follow such unthankfulnesse, this briefe Hymn calls to mind that mercie.

Sing this as the. 22. Pfalme.

A Time so cursed once was here,
That, Error bore the sway;
And would not let the Truth appeare,
Her falshoods to gainsay.
But whensoever, she was view'd
Her purenesse to disclose;
With Fire, and sword, she was pursu'd,
By her malicious Foes.

2 By cruell and ungodly men,
The Wells of Life, were hid:

The Wells of Life, were hid; Or, by corruption poyined, then, Or, at the best forbid.

And, they who took the greatest paine, To keep those Fountaines pure, Were either doomed to be slain

Or thraldome to endure.

3 We praise thee, LORD, that freed thouhast
This Land, from such a curse

We praife thee that the dayes are past, Which those things did inforce.

And, humbly we, oh God, implore, Those plagues may not returne, Which vext this Nation heretosore, And made our Fathers mourne.

4 For Senflefnes of mercyes past Vnheeded ushers in,

That

Part.1. Hymn LXXXIIII.

159 That Thanklesnesses, which brings, at last, Obduratnesse in sin Then, doth Obduratenesse beget That damned, scornfull pride,

Which will at naught, Gods mercy fet; And, good-advife, deride.

HYMN LXXXIIIL

A Coronation Hymn.

God is hereby glorified for the Kings exalation, and implored to perfect his temporall dignitie, by making it, a slep to his eternall Glory, and by keeping him a patron of Pietie and Vertue.

OR D, let thy pow'r protect the King; -Make him his Trust on thee to place: Of thy large Favours let him fing; And, build his Glories, on thy Grace. Confirme him on the Royall-Seat, Whereto, advanced him thou hast; Let thy Salvation make him great; Vnto thy Truth, preserve him fast: And, make oh GoD! his earthly Throne, An earnest of a heavenly Crowne. 2 Him, over us, for Good, appoint; Ground all his Lawes, on Truth-divine: Let thy good *Spirit* him anoint; And, his Commands, conforme to Thine.

Of Soveraigntie, give him the Globe: Of Peace, let him the Scepter bear: Make Holinesse, his royall Robe: The wreathes of Iustice, let him wear: And in upright, and pious waies, Observe, and serve thee, all his dayes. 3 Him, honour so; and him so crown; Him, so invest; and him so arme; Him, so anoint, ; him, so inthrone; And by thy word, him so informe: That to thy Glorie, he may Raigne; To his content, and for our peace: That wickednesse he may restraine, To virtuous Pieties encrease: And, that our King, oh LORD! and we May to each other, Bleffings be.

HYMN LXXXV.

A Funerall Song.

This Hymn is intended to comfort the living, (whose Friends are deceased) by putting them in mind of the Resurrection, and of the happie Rest of those who die in the Faith of CHRIST.

Sing this as the 10. Commandments

Corbear to shed excessive tears,
Or mourne, as hopelesse Heathens do:
For though this Body lost appears,
Assured be, it is not so,

For,

Part. I. Hymn LXXXV.

For, that which now, corrupting lies, In incorruption, shall arise. 2 I am the Life (our Saviour faith) The Refurrection, is through me; And whofoer'e in me hath Faith, Shall live againe, though dead he be: For, no man shall, for ever die; Who doth upon my word relie. 3 He that Redeemed me, doth live. (By Faith, I know that this is true) My GoD, this Body shall revive; And in my Flesh, I shall him view. Ev'n these mine eyes; these eyes of mine, Shall fee his glory brightly shine. 4 We to the world do naked come, We back again unclothed go, And, it is GoD, alone, by whom We poore are made, or wealthy grow. And, we ascribe unto his name, Pow'r, praise, and glory, for the same. 5 From Heav'n, a Voice came down to me, And, this it will'd me to record; From this time forward Bleffed be The *Dead* departing in the LORD. For, (as the Spirit hath exprest) They, from their Labours, are at rest.

HYMN

HYMN LXXXVI.

When a Soul is newly departed.

This Hymn comforts us in the death of our friends by offering to consideration the Miseries of this Life, and the happinesse of the next. God is hereby praised also, for calling the Soul departed from this wretched Being; and besought to hasten the accomplishment of our selicity by the generall Resurrection.

Sing this as the 23. Pfalme.

IF Joy be made, when men are born, To live on earth below, Why should we vainly weep and mourn, When up to Heav'n they go? To Pains and Griefs, they hither come; And when they hence are gone, Those Troubles they are eased from, Which here they did bemone. Impris'ned in a Living-Grave, The Soul, departed, lay: And,ease or quiet, could not have, Till call'd it was away. But, we, now, hope it is at rest, In Him, from whom it came; And, of eternall Joyes possess: For which we praise his Name. 3 We

Part.1. Hymn LXXXVII.

3 We praise thee, for that *Being*, LORD, And for that means of grace, Which to that Soul thou didst afford,

In this inferiour place.

And, we, moreover, praife thee, now,
That, thou hast fet it free,
From those Afflictions which below,
Avoided cannot be.

4 Oh LORD/ be speedy to collect, And hasten, full to make The number of the Souls Elect,

That shall of Blisse partake.

That we and they, who in thy Fear,
And Faith, have liv'd and di'de;

In Soul and Body, may appear Where thou art Glorifi'd.

HYMN LXXXVII.

A Hymn of Instruction for Youth.

This is a pious Descant upon the 12. Chap. of Ecclesasses, and wherein the young man is put in mind to Remember his Creator, before decrepit Age disables him: It offers to consideration the vanity and Transitorinesse of the Beauty, Strength, and Pleasure, wherein youth delights.

To those that in Folly, Their youth do mispend,

And,

164 Hymn LXXXVII. Part.1.

And mind not their Maker Till life shall have end, A Song Instruction, We now have begun, To warn them, and learn them, Destruction to shun. LORD, fend them, to mend them, The gift of thy Grace; And Reason, to season · A Reafonlesse Race. 2 Thou Yongling, whose glories, And Beauties, appear Like Sun shine, or Blossomes, In Spring of the year; Whose vigorous Body, Whose Courage, and Wit, Are Jolly, and wholly Vnperished, yet; Come neer me, and hear me Things future foretell; Then, learn thou, Discern thou, The way to do well. 3 Misspend not a Morning So lovely, so faire, A moment may rarest Perfections impaire. The Noon-tide of Life-time, Yeelds little delight; And, Sorrow, on Sorrow,

May follow ere Night.

Receive

Part. I. Hymn LXXXVII. 165

Receive then, Believe then, What now I declare; Attend me, and lend me

A diligent ear.

4 Thy Beauties, and Features, That grace thee this day,

To morrow, may perish,

And vanish away. Thy Riches, and Pleasures,

Now precious to Thee,

My leave thee, deceive thee,

And comfortles be.

Now come then; oh, Come then /

And learn to eschew

Those Errors, and Terrors, Which else may ensue.

Thy Joints are yet nimble,

Thy Sinewes unflack;

Thy Marrow unwasted,

Yet, strengthens thy back.

Youth / keepeth Diseases
From crazing thy Brain;

Blood rilleth and swelleth,

In every vein.

Imploy then, enjoy then This vigour of thine,

In willing, fulfilling,

What God shall injoin.

6 Believe me, it will not For ever be fo.

Thy

166 Hymn LXXXVII. Part. 1.

Thy flurdy Supporters, Will staggering go. Thy Shoulders well shaped, And strong enough now, Vncomely, and homely, And weaker will grow. Then lengthen, and strengthen, Thy gifts by right use; Possessing each Blessing, Still, free from abuse. Thy Beautifull Forehead Whereon we may view, Neat imoothnes and whitenes, Enamel'd with blew, Shall change that perfection Which youth yet maintains, To fallownes, hallownes, Wrinckles and Stains. Thy liking, and feeking Then, learn to bestow On Pleasures, and Treasures, That perish not so. Thine Eares are now list'ning For Heaven on Earth, And, nothing will please them But Musick and Mirth. And, to thy Corruption No Passage, or Strain, Seems better, or fweeter, Then that which is vain.

Oh

Part. 1. Hymn LXXXVII. 167

Oh! borrow from forrow, Some penitent dew;

Lest, after much laughter, More Sadnes ensue.

9 Those Treffes, whose curling Thy Temples adornes,

Will Haffocks refemble In winterly mornes.

And, where fresh Vermilion

Is mixed with Snow, A fallow, and yellow

Complexion will flow.

The fuller the Colour.

The fouler the Stain.

Then boast not; and trust not In things that are vain.

10 Thine Eies, whose bright sparklings, Thy Lovers admire,

(And, which with vain longings Set thousands on fire)

Shall closed in darknes Vnusefull remain;

And, never for ever, See day-light again.

Then mind thou, oh mind thou

Thy Maker above:
Observe him, and serve him

If fafety thou love.

11 Thy *Mouth*, whose fair portall Both wears, and incloses

The

168 Hymn LXXXVII. Part.1.

The colour and sweetnes Of Rubies and Rofes, Shall fo be transformed, That no man will care, Perceive, or believe, What perfection was there. Vain Creature, thy feature Then value not fo, Take pleasure, in measure, As wisdome will do. Thy Teeth, that stand firmly Like Pearles on a Row, Will rotten, and fcatter'd, Diforderly grow. Thy Lips, whose neat motions, Great wonders have wrought; Shall flaver, and quaver, And, lothfome be thought. Then, ever endeavor Those things to eschew; Whence, nothing, but lothing, At last, will ensue. Thy Fancie, that fings thee Vain Dreams of delight; Hereafter, will bring thee A comfortlesse night: And, thou, who yet heedst not How Time, comes, or goes, (With caré) wilt give ear, To each Cockrell that crowes.

Thy

Part.1. Hymn LXXXVII. 169

Thy leasure in pleasure, Then do not misspend;

Foreflowing, well-doing, Till *Time* hath an end.

14 Then, Thou who to thousands

Do'st gracious appear, To no man shalt either

Be welcome or dear:

Which, when thou perceivest, Thy Life, unto Thee

Vnpeacefull, difeafefull, And lothfome will be.

No pow'r of our,

This Judgement can shun;

Till duly, and truly
Our Duties be done.

15 Thy Lusts, and thy Pleasures,

(Yet,hard to forgoe)
Will leave thee, and leave thee,

In forrow and woe.

And, then, in what pleasure

Content canst thou have?

Of what Reft, be posses, But a desolate Grave?

Youths Folly, unholy

Learn, therefore, to shun,

And ever perfever

In what should be done.

16 For, when this Lifes vapours Are breathed away,

Thy

170 Hymn LXXXVIII. Part.1:

Thy Flesh, new so cherish'd Will rotinto clay. And thy best beloved Thy Body may throw, Where none, thereupon, Compassion bestow. Then, leaving, deceiving Contentments to tast, Prevent and Repent What affected thou haft. 17 A worse thing remaineth, Then, yet, hath been said; If reall Amendment Too long be delai'd. The pains which hereafter, On Sinners attend, Last ever, and ever, And, never have end. Then approving, and loving, The Truth, I have fung, Remember thy Maker, Ev'n whil'st thou art yong.

HYMN LXXXVIII.

For our Benefactors.

We are hereby put in mind to consider why God is otherwhile pleased to make us beholding to the charity of other men for necessary things; and God is here here praysed also for this providence, and prayed to reward our Benefactors.

Sing this as the 100. Plalme.

Whereby our Wants may be suppli'd;
Much carlesnes is often shown,
And, far lesse thankfulnes then pride.
More humble, therefore, me to make;
(And that I more discreet may grow)
Things needfull, I somtimes do lack,
Till others them on me bestow.

2 And when my temper, Lord, I heed,
(Though Flesh and Blood thereat repine)
I find that I did greatly need
This loving providence of thine.

Yea, peradventure, if lesse poore, In outward things I had been made; I, other waies, had wanted more, And much lesse comfort might have had. 3 I thank thee, therefore, that my share, Thou hast committed to their Trust, Who so good husbands of it are, And, in their Stewardship so just.

Preferve them, LORD, for ever such; And, as my Comforters they be, So, when they need, be thou as much To them, as they have been to me. 4 Their liberality repay With such endowments of the mind,

And

172 Hymn LXXXIX. Part.1.

And fuch Contentments, ev'ry way,
That, they true Blessednes may find.
And, Lord, of thine especiall grace,
This, pleased be, likewise to grant;
That, I in Vertues, may possess,
What, I in things-externall, want.

HYMN LXXXIX.

A Hymn against Pride.

Pride is one of the spirituall-wickednesses, which aspires to high-places; and is most dangerous, because it usually enters when the house is cleansed from the grosser corruptions that pollute the Flesh. If this Charme be not strong enough to expell it, use Prayer and Fasting.

Sing this as the 4. Psalme.

B Eware my Heart, thou cherish not
This high aspiring Sin,
By which that Devill was begot,
Who brought all mischies in.
For, sirst by Pride those Angels sell,
Who (not with Heav'n content)
Inhabit, now the Depths of Hell,
By Justice, thither sent.
LORD, thou thy self didst them oppose,

Who lofty-minded be.

Profest

Profest thou art,a Foe to those,
And, they are Foes to thee.
Their Pride, therefore, thou do'st abase,
Their Plumes thou pullest down:
And set'st the humble in that place
From which their Pride is thrown.

My God / possession of my heart,
If this foul Fiend hath gain'd,
(Which I much sear he hath in part,
Through my default obtain'd)
Displace him thence, and let that Room,
Be hallow'd so by Thee,
That, he no more may thither come,
Nor any such as he.

HYMN XC.

Against Feare.

Feare, is a Passion, which being moderated, is very necessary: And if it exceed the meane, becomes a Plague depriving of many Comforts; and beginning our miseries before their time. This Hymn therefore acquaints us with the nature of this Passion, and imploreth assistance against the same.

Sing this as the 25. Pfalme.

DVe Fear, becomes us well; And God ordain'd the fame I 3

To

Part.I.

To be a faithfull Sentinell. To watch what perils came. A Heart, that feels no Fear Lies ope to many harmes; And, they that over-fearfull are, Are kil'd by false Alarm's. 2 LORD, be thou pleas'd, therefore, My Heart to temper fo, That, I may fear, nor leffe, nor more, Then wife men ought to do. So being nor amaz'd, Nor dull, through want of Sense Nought shall omitted be,or caus'd, To hinder my Defence. 3 By falfe, and fervile Fear, Afflictions we begin Before their time; and mischies rear, Which elfe had never bin. Yea, what might wear away, Or, be with ease endur'd; Growes thereby, more then beare we may, And,hardly to be cur'd. 4 For, when the heart of Man Is,once thereby possest, No mortall Pow'r expell it can, Or give that Party rest. Thy Pow'r, oh Lord, above, Can from this Tirant fave; That, me therefore, he ceaze not on, Thine Aid, alone, I crave.

HYMN

HYMN XCI.

Against Despaire.

Sometime good Christians (though not overcome of fuch an evill) are strongly tempted unto Despaire. Therefore, that such as feel any motions, this way, may be warned and assisted, to resist the Devill in his sirst attempts, inclining to this hellish Passion; We prepared this Hymn.

Sing this as Te Deum.

Hat hellish Doubt / what cursed Fear, Is that which now begins, Vnto my Conscience to appear? And threats me for my Sins? In me methinks I somwhat feel, My heart, oppressing so, That Faith and Hope begin to reel, And faint my Spirits grow. 2 Affift me, LORD / for I perceive My Ghoftly-Foe intends Of that Affurance to bereave, Whereon my Soul depends. He whispers to my troubled mind, Suggestions of Despaire; And, fayes, I shall no mercy find, Though I to thee repair. 3 But I 4

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3 But all untruth in him is found,
And Truth it felfe doth fay;
That, Thou in Mercy dost abound
And hearest those that pray.
Oh! hear me, Lord! oh hear me now,
And (fince my God, thou art)

Against *Despaire*, enable Thou, My much oppressed heart.

4 Say to my Soul, thou art her Friend, Her Comfort, and her Aide.

From those Distresses me defend, Which make me now asraid. For, weake, and sick, and faint, alas!

My Faith begins to be; And LORD, without thy faving-grace, There is no hope for me.

5 My Sinns before my face appear, In their most lothsome Dresse, My Conscience tells me when, and where,

And how I did transgresse.

Thy Law declares, what for my sins,

Thy White did foredooms.

Thy Justice did foredoome; And, Sathan layes a thousand Gins, That snar'd, I may become.

6 That Hell which in my foule I find, Is to my friends unknowne.
The world her owne affaires doth mind

And leaves me oft alone; And, but that I to Thee, as yet, Remember to repaire.

My

Part. 1. Hymn XCII. 177

My Passions would in me beget
A mercilesse Despaire.
Preserve, oh Lord! preserve in me,
And all men,thus oppress!
A hopefull heart to seek from thee,
Our much desired Rest.
And,still,when Satan snares doth lay,
To work our overthrow,
Still,frustrate what he doth assay;
And,stronger make us grow.

HYMN XCII.

VVhen Oppressors and wickedmen flourish.

Many Godly men (as was David) are much troubled and offended to fee Tyrants and wicked persons prosper in the world, to the oppressing of Innocents, &c. Therefore this Hymn is provided to comfort such; and to preserve them patient in times of Oppression.

Y heart, why art thou fad?

VVhy art thou pierced thorow?

And wherefore art thou Joylesse made,

By causelesse Fear and Sorrow?

Or why should'st thou repine,

(As helplesse, and unblessed)

Because in Honours Orbe, they shine,

By whom thou art oppressed?

I 5 2 VVhat

2 What though thou hast perceiv'd That Ryot, Pride, and Folly, Have of their needfull dues bereav'd Endevours Good, and Holy? And, what though thou observe Vnworthy men ennobled? When they which better things deferve, Are for well-doing troubled? 3 Thereat, repine thou not: Nor this vain Fancie cherish; That Righteoufnes, is quite forgot, Because the wicked flourish. But, with a constant mind, In doing-well persever; And, profit, thou, e're long shalt find In thy upright endeavour. 4 The Righteous for a space, By troubles are depressed; That, so, the precious Fruits of Grace, May be the more increased. And,carnall men obtain, The Portions they have chused; That, they, at last, may know with pain, What Bleffings they refused. 5 To feek, thou shalt not need, By fearching Times preceding, Or ghesse what will on them succeed, By hear-fay, or by Reading: For, if thou patient be, By Sight shall proof be gained,

In

In more, then One, or Two, or Three) What is for fuch ordain'd. 6 Perdition, they bestride; Yet can they not perceive it: Therefore, Good-Counsell they deride, And, injure them who give it. For which, ev'n in their height, Of Glories, and of Pow'r, They fee their Hope, destroyed quite, And perish't in one hou'r. 7 This day (like Phar ohs Hoast: (Poore harmles men pursuing) Of their large pow'rs they proudly boast, No fign of terror shewing. Anon (with fear enough) They feel their kingdome falling. Their Plumes, and Charriot-Wheels fly off, And, they in mud, are fprawling. 8 Then, vexe no more my heart, Because a Tyrant thriveth. And, that whil'st thou oppressed art, Thy Foe, in Honour liveth. But, thine own waies observe; And, fo let them be fram'd, That whatfoever fome deferve. We may remain unblam'd. 9 For what will it availe, In Courses to persever; Whereby men Joy but for a while, And then lament for ever?

Or

Part.I.

Or, why should he complaine Who, for a scratch, procureth That health and fastie to obtaine, Which evermore eudureth?

XCIII. HYMN

For remission of a particular Sin.

This penitentiall-Ode expresseth a hearty and passionate sorrow, for a particular fin, with an humble, and earnest desire of pardon; and is offred to help stirre up those affections, when occasion is offred.

H LORD! in forrow and distresse, To thee, I now draw neer; My late offences to confesse,

In humble hope,and fear.

Mine Errors, That, to Thee Or, fro Thee, With Terrors, Perplexe, I know

Not how And vexe Me fo To go.

2 But, having heard, and often found, That, thou art he, in whom Compassion, alwaies doth abound; To fue for Grace, I come.

Nor chide thou, But hear me, Nor hide thou, And clear me;

Thy

Patr. I. Hymn XCIII. 181 Thy Face Now I Or Grace Thus cry From me. To thee. 3 Till fully pleaf'd with me thou art; And till I may obtaine A Look to re-assure my heart, That, thou art pleaf'd again: Nor Treasure, But, double Nor pleasure, The Trouble Will eafe Which made Or please Me fad Before. Me more. 4 What needst Thou Lord, prolong thy To barr me of my Rest? Enough, a guiltie conscience hath, My Torments to encrease. It fmites me, Releeve me; It frights me, And, give me Oh Lord, Thy peace, Afforde To cease Releefe. My Griefe. 5 I have too often heretofore, Been many wayes to blame; And, have obtained, evermore, Remission for the same. Yea, wholly, When blamed, And fully, And shamed, Thou haft I might Releast (By right) My Sin; Have bin. 6 Yet

182 Hymn XCIIII. Part.I.

6 Yet LORD, Forgive; forgive againe, Though I unworthy be: For, Mercy doth to thee pertaine,

As much as wrath to me.

Remit thou,

Forget thou

My crime,
This time,
Therfore.

The greater
The debter
Thy praife
Hee'l raife
Ther more.

HYMN XCIIII.

For Remission of sin in generall.

This Hymn is a brief confession of sin, and a prayer for pardon for the same. And it was prepared, to affist their devotion who need such helps; and to be a Remembrancer to those who need them not.

Sing this as the. 22. Pfalme.

H Ow many LORD/how foule/how great!
Do my offences grow?
How have I multipli'd the debt,
Which unto Thee I owe?
Though ev'ry day, thou doft forgive,
And wipe great Summs away,
Yet, ev'ry day, I do perceive
New Summs, new Scores to pay.

2 A

2 A Debt my Parents left on me, Which (far)my Stock exceeds: And, though it pardned were by Thee, Much Trouble, still, it breeds. For, thence, my flesh occasion takes, That Fancies to admit; Which, of those Longings, guiltie makes, That Active-Sins, beget. 3 And, when a Sin is once begun, That fin brings others on, The punishments or shame, to shun, Which follow'd thereupon: Till so encreast Offences are, And, Grace defaced fo That we have neither Shame nor Fear, Nor fense, of what we do. 4 LORD, that my Sins may never come, To this accurfed height; And, at the last, exclude me from Thy Grace, and Favour, quite I come to Thee (while Time I have, And Leave, and heart to pray) Discharge, for all those faults to crave, Wherein I walke aftray. 5 By nature, fo unfound, and base, My State; my Tenures be; That, for a new estate of Grace, I, now, petition Thee. Ev'n that which my Redeemer bought;

And fealed with his Blood.

For

184 Hymn XCIIII. Part. I.

For though my other *Deeds* be nought, This *Deed*, I know, is good.

6 This Deed I plead; and by this Deed, Would that Estate renew,

Which through my *Deeds*, is forfeited, Vnlesse, Thou Favour shew.

LORD, now, and when soe're I shall Plead, what is mention'd now:

With a Release of Errors, all, My Plea, do thou allow.

7 I guilty am, of many Crimes, Which I did fore-intend:

And, twenty thousand, Thousand Times, I heedlesly offend:

But, fince my felf I do condemn, And feek my Peace in Thee;

Oh / let compassion cover them, That, they condemn not me.

8 Blot all my Sins out of the Book, By my Accufers writ.

Vpon my Follies do not look;
My youthfull Crimes remit.
My publike Faults remember no

My publike Faults remember not; My Secret Failings, hide:

And, let not Mercy be forgot,
Thy Servant, though thou chide.

9 Yea, though small-feeling of my Sins,

My Fleshly-Nature hath, Till she by some event begins To feel, or fear thy wrath:

Yct,

Yet, fince, in Spirit, I am still Lamenting for the same, Impute not unto me that III, For which, I merit blame.

HYMN XCV.

Against the World, the Flesh, and the Devill,

This Hymn craveth affiliance against the VVorld, the Flesh, and the Devill, our most pernitious Adversaries: And perhaps the devout use thereof may be a means to make us become so heedfull of their Natures, that their Temptations may be the better avoided.

Sing this as Te Deum.

D Left Father, Son, and Holy Ghost,
One God, in Persons-three,
VVhat is there, whereof man can boast?
Except thy Love it be?
And, save this Anti-trinitie,
The World, the Flesh, the Devill,
VVhat Foe, on our Humanitie,
Hath pow'r to bring an Evill?
Those, though on them, three Names they
(And, things Distinct appear) (take
Do but one Persell-evill make,
And, Fellow-workers are.

For,

For, take but One of them away, And, then, the other two,

Accomplish not, what else, they may By their damn'd-Vnion, do.

3 To curb the Flesh, and to controule The World, and all things there,

Was no great hardship to the Soul, Till Satan did appear.

Yea, Salan, and the World had plaid Their pranks on Man, in vain;

Had they not by his Flesh affaid, Their purpose to obtain.

4 Without that wanton Dalilah, (Our nearest dearest kin)

Their cunning is not worth a Straw,
Their hoped prize to win.

And, if the may, by Grace, be brought Her Falthoods to repent,

The other two, shall harme us nought, What ever they invent.

5 LORD, Arme us by thy *Triple-pow'r*; So, charme us by thy *Grace*;

So watch their practife ev'ry hou'r,

(In ev'ry fecret place)

That, they may no Advantage have
To take us in their Gin;
To fright, to mischief, or deceive,

By tempting us to Sin.

The World reform, the Devill reftrain,
The Flesh so mortise;

That,

187

That, we the Blisse may re-obtain,
From which, they put us by.

Let not our Frailties, or the Spight
Of our malicious Foe,

Act more against us, then thy Might,
And Love, shall for us do.
7 But, since that Grace from thee proceeds,
Which doth renew our Will;

Lord, ripen it, into those Deeds,
Which thy Commands fulfill.

At least, let this our Willingnes,
Accepted be so well;

That, thy Imputed Righteousnes,
Our Failings may conceal.

HYMN XCVL

Against Sin, and the first suggestions thereunto.

This Hymn putteth us in mind to hill the Cocatrice in the Egge, and not to give willing way to the leaft appearances, or beginnings of evill, left, an unrefiftable Deluge of Sin, break in upon us.

Sing this as the former.

TAke heed,my Heart,how thou let in,
(With approbation or Delight)
The

5 Morcover,

The first Suggestions unto Sin. Or, count the smallest Error, sleight. For, Entrance if that ever shall Vnto those *Vipers* heads permit; (Without perchance) their Bodies all Soon after, in, with ease will get. 2 If Avarice begin to fprout, (Though first it crave but needfull things) The Root and Branch it will put out, From whence all Sin, and mischief springs. And, they who, at the first, had thought A Competence alone to crave; To vast Desires, at last are brought: And, know not when enough they have. 3 With wanton Thoughts, if thou shalt play, (Though thou as Good as David art) Adulteries, and Murthers, may Obtain possession of thy heart. For, Lustfull-musings will proceed To words-unclean; and they do foon Alure to ev'ry lothsome Deed, Which by Vnchastity is done. 4 If Sloth begin on us to ceaze, At first, perhaps, it will pretend, But to desire, a needfull ease, The tired *Body* to befriend. Yet, if unheedfull we shall grow, We peradventure, may e're long, Or lofe, or hide, or misbeflow, Our Talents, to our Masters wrong.

5 Moreover, if we take not care Aright, our Liberties to use; The Creatures, which our hearts may chear, We, to our mischies shall abuse. For, he whose Robes are alwaies gay, Doth probably oppresse the more; And, He that feasteth ev'ry day, VVill give but little to the poore. 6 VVhen to be Froward, we begin, A flender fault we reckon that: Yet, Anger thereby, enters in ; And, fomtime Anger lets in Hate. From *Hate*, we quickly do commence, Maliciously inclin'd to be; And, may become, by that offence, Offenders, in the high'st Degree. 7 If we our Brethrens gifts envy, We may (as Josephs brethen did) Our own Indowments lofe thereby: And, from bad things, to worse proceed. Yea, those Affections which restrain'd VVithin their Bounds Praise-worthy be. Let loofe, or overflackly rain'd May by degrees, our mischief be. 8 Therefore, my Soul, fast, watch and pray, The Sins and Engines to avoid, VVhich to intrap thee, in the way Thine Adversary hath imploy'd. And take thou heed thou let not in, VVith approbation, or delight,

The

The first Allurements unto Sin; Or,count the smallest Error sleight.

HYMN XCVII.

When our Fancies affright us, with Illusions, or dreadfull Apparitions.

Though few are disposed to sing, when they are terrified with searfull Visions; yet, some have that Christian Stoutnesse; and they who attain not to it, may perhaps be strengthened by meditating this Charme, either amidst their Terrors, or before they appears.

D Leffe me, oh God/ and be thou near To help me at this dreadfull hou'r. My Heart confirm against my Fear, And, guard me by thy Saving pow'r.

I feel my Fiesh begins to quake; But, thou my Spirit strengthned hast; My Heart in Thee doth Courage take; Vnto thy Grace, it cleaveth Fast.

Whereof, since I affured am, My Foe, thus charge I, in thy Name.

Foul Fiend avoid, and carry hence, Those vain Impostures, wherewithall Thou seekest to delude my Sense, And bring my Reason into thrall.

The

The Father, Son, and Holy-ghost,
(One blessed God, in Persons three)
Whose Favour, justly, thou hast lost,
Commands thy absence, now by me.
Depart, and for thy srightfull showes,
Expressed his wrath unto his Foes.

3 Ry that great GOD, who did not fcorn Our *Nature*; but the fame hath took: By *Him*, that of a *Maid* was born; By *Him*, whose pow'r thy head hath broke:

By Him, that for my Ranfome di'de; By Him, that conquer'd Death, and Hell; By Him, who now is glorifi'd, Where all the bleffed Holies dwell:

By Him, I charge that thou forbear To Harm, or put my Heart in Fear.

4 Depart with all those Bug-bear Sighs, Whereby thou dost abuse our Sense, Depart, with all the cursed Sleights, Whereby thou givest us offence. Depart, with all those crastie Gins, Whereby thy malice doth assay, To tempt us to those damned Sins, Which, to destruction, are the way.

Depart thou to thy *Heards of Swine*; And, trouble thou, nor me, nor mine.

HYMN

HYMN XCVIII.

For one that hears himself much praised.

As Praile is a spurre to Vertue; so it may poyson us with pride, and pusse us up with selfe-conceit, if it be not warily and modestly entertained. Therefore, this Hymn, sheweth with what musings, we should prevent such effects, when we are commended.

Sing this as the 4. Pfalme.

Y Sins, and Follies, Lord, by thee, From others hidden are,
That, fuch good words are fpoke of me,
As, now and then I hear:
For fure if others knew me fuch,
Such as my Self, I know;
I should have bin disprais'd as much
As I am praised, now.
By me, some Good, perhaps hath bin
Perform'd in publike view:
But, what corruptions are within,
Asham'd I am to shew.
My brutish Lusts, my secret Pride,
My Follies, yet unshown;
(Which from thy sight I cannot hide)

(Which from thy fight, I cannot hide)

To others, are unknown;

The *Praife*, therefore, which I have heard Delights not so my mind,

As

As those things make my heart afeard, Which in my felf I find.

And, I had rather to be blam'd, So I were blameles made,

Then for much Vertue to be fam'd,

When I no Vertues had.

4 Though Slanders to an Innocent,

Sometimes do bitter grow,

Their bitternes procures content,
If clear himfelf he know.

And when a vertuous man hath err'd;
If prais'd himfelf,he hear,

It makes him grieve, and more affeard, Then if he flandred were.

5 LORD, therefore, make my Heart upright, What e're my Deeds do seem;

And, righteous rather, in thy fight; Then in the World's esteem:

And, if ought good appear to be In any Act of mine;

Let thankfulnes be found in me, And, all the praise be thine.

HYMN XCIX.

For one being Slandred.

Herein the bitternesse of a standerous Tongue is perfelly illustrated, and the party grieved is put in mind to whom he should seek for comfort; and by what means he may be best comforted in such an Assistion.

K

· Sing

Sing this as the former.

So sharp and bitter be the wrongs Which I do now, suffain Which I do now, fustain By flandrous and malicious Tongues, That, needs I must complaine. The keenest Razour cuts not so: The Vipers poysned sting, If that it be compar'd thereto, Will seeme a harmlesse thing. For, these can but the Body slay; The other (more to blame) Therewith, oft likewife, takes away, The life of honest Fame. Yea, many times it makes a Saint, Impatient to appear; And, in his Trials, almost faint, Their stinging words to hear. 3 How then oh God / how can I chuse, But fear, or faint out-right? When flandrous Tongues my name abuse Through malice and despight? Since, though of that, I guiltlesse am, Which to my charge they lay; My Conscience finds I was to blame As much, another way. 4 LORD, hide me from their bitter Tongues, Els, hidden let me be From mine own Self, and from the wrongs

Which have been done by me.

For,

For, I confesse, that, now and then, (In earnest or in Jest) I utter things of other men, Not fit to be express. Sometime, through lightnesse, I relate, What Love would not reveal; And pleased am, to here out that, Which Malice, loves to tell. Nay, more then once, or twice, (I fear) Through Envie, I have spoke, Invicious things, which doubtfull were, And, up, on Trust, were tooke. Repay not LORD, my Guiltinesse, According to defart; Since, now, mine errors I confesse, With true repenting heart. But, let the *flanders* and difgrace, Which causelesse, He did bide, Who by no Sin defiled was; My Shame, and Follies hide. 7 So, by his meeke Example taught, And, by his Justice clear'd; These Rumors I shall set at naught, Which I have greatly fear'd: And, rather labour to retain Vprightnesse, in my wayes, Then, care to take, what Fooles will fame;

Or, what a Villain sayes.

K2 HYMN

HYMN C.

For one delivered from deferved Shame.

It is not one of the least Mercies to be delivered from open Shame, as appears by those, who have heaped one Sinupon another, and at last laid violent hands on themselves, to avoid Shame. Therefore, we ought to be more thankfull for this Favour, and to remember us thereof, this Hymn is tendred.

Sing this as the 25. Pfalme.

H Ad not, oh L O R D, thy Grace,
Vouchfafe'd my Vaile to be,
Shame and confusion of my Face,
Had overwhelmed me.
For, though thy Mercies hid
The Follies, I have wrought;
I do confesse, those things I did
Which me to Shame had brought.
For, sometimes, all alone,
Sometimes, with others, too
Those wicked things, by me are done,
Which sew suspect I do.
Nay, otherwhile, perchance,
Of Crimes I guiltie am,
Where by, my credit I advance,
Whil'st others bear the blame.

3 Just

3 Just cause have I to grieve That by my fecret Sin, I those deceive, who do believe My hands have cleaner bin. And, though my Fault none know; Thereat I am so griev'd; That, I the *Shame* could undergo, From Guilt, to be repriev'd. 4 But, doubtles, to reveal What thou do'st overpasse; And, what thy Mercy doth conceal, Were to despise thy Grace. Therefore, I doe accept, (With meek, and thankfull heart) The Credit, thou for me hast kept, Beyond my due Defart. 5 And for thy Favour-sake Vouchsaf'd,in this to me; I will more heed, hereafter, take How, clear I ought to be. Oh! help me to fulfill, This purpose of my mind; And, though I fail to do thy Will, LORD, fail not to be kind.

K₃ Hymn

HYMN CI.

For one whose Beautie is much praised. Beautie is a temporarie Bleffing, which bringeth advantages and difadvantages, according to their disposition, who possesse it. Therefore this Hymn remembers those, who are beloved or commended, for that endowment; so to behave themselves, that God may receive glory thereby, and that it may not become harmfull to themselves, or others.

Sing this as the Magnificat.

Well perceive, that GoD hath limb'd My brittle Body, fo, And, so my Face with Features trim'd, That, thanks, therefore, I owe: For, though myself to overprize, I, apt enough may be; Yet, what I am, (by others eies) I, fomewhat rightly, fee. 2 I do confesse, it cheeres my minde, That, I those Beauties have, Whereby my Self belov'd I finde, Where love, my heart would crave: And, I suspect the grief had been Too great for me to bear, Had I my felf, so loathed seen, As, oft, my Betters are.

3 There-

Part. 1.

Therefore, my G o D / I were too blame If Thee I praised not, For making me, the same I am; And, pleased with my Lot. It is no bleffing of the leaft: Nor unbefeems it me That, thus in private, I confesse, What I receiv'd from Thee. For Beautie, is an Oratour, Which pleads with fo much grace, That, to prevaile, it hath a pow'r, Almost, in ev'ry place. It creeping through the Lovers eies, Takes *prisoner*, now and than, A greater, and a fairer prize, Then Wealth, and Wisdome can.

5 I boast of no such Braves as these;
But, this I truly say,
It makes me with more Joy, and ease,

To passe my Youth away.

And, yet, I know, tis but a Flowre,
Now, faire to look upon;

And, in the compasse of an houre,
Defaced quite, and gone.

6 LORD, give me grace to prize it fo, (And neither more nor lesse)
As wisdome would; and hallow, too,
The Features I possess;

That, I may minde how fraile, and thin,
Those outward *Beauties* are,

K 4 Which

Part.1.

Which reach not half way through the skin; Nor long continue there.

7 My Reason, teach thou, to apply Her utmost pow'r, and wit,

Mine *Infide*, so to beautifie, That, I thy love may get.

Let me not proudly tirannize,

Where I belov'd shall be; Nor those discomfort, or despise,

Who leffe adorned be.

8 Let not my *Beauties* be a mean
Mine own base Luss to feed;

Nor others tempt, to an unclean, Or an uncomely deed.

But, make my Conversation such,
Oh Lorp! (I thee implore)

That, they, who like my *Beauty*, much, May love my *Vertues*, more.

9 So, when my Fleshly Form doth fade, I shall not grieve my Heart, That, things, but for a season made, In their due Time depart.

But, I shall rather joyfull grow,
To feel my Soul put on

That, which, will make a fairer show,
Then *Flesh* and *Blood* have done.

Hymn

HYMN CII.

For one upbraided with Deformitie.

To some this is a very great Affliction, and they who are sensible of other mens Passions, will not thinke it impertinently added; if this Hymn be inserted, to comfort such as are upbraided, or afflicted through their bodily desects, in this kind; and to instruct their Despisers.

Sing this, as the former.

ORD, though I murmur not, at thee, For that in others Eies, I, so deformed, seem to be, That, me, they do despise: Yet, their contempt, and their disdain My heart afflicteth fo, That for mine ease, I now complain, My fecret grief, to show. 2 Thou know ft, oh God / it was not I, Who did this Bodie frame, On which they cast a scornfull eie; By whom I flouted am. Thou know'st likewise, it was not they, VVho did their Bodies make; Although on my defects to play, Occasions, oft they take. 3 Then, K 5

3 Then, why should they have Love, or Fame, For what they have not done? Or, why should I have scorn or shame, For what I could not shun? Thy workmanship, I am, oh Lord, Though they do me deride: And, thou, by what they have abhorr'd, Are, some way, glorifide. Therefore, since thou this way hast chose, To humble me on Earth. My Imperfections now dispose, To help my fecond Birth. Let me in Thee contentment find: And, lovely make thou me, By those perfections of the Mind, Which dearest are to Thee. Since, Features none, in me appear, To win a fleshly Love; Let those, which priz'd by others are, My passions never move. But, quench thou, all those youthfull Fires, Which in my brest do burn; And, all my Lusts, and vain Desires, To facred motions, turn. So, though in fecret grief, I fpend The Life that nature gave;

I, shall have comforts, in the end,
And, gain a blessed Grave;
From whence, the Flesh which now I wear,

In glory, shall arise;

And,

And, fully beautifide appear, In all beholders eyes.

HYMN CIIL

For one Legally cenfured, whether justly or unjustly.

This Hymn inftructeth us to beare patiently our Legall censures, whether justly or unjustly pronounced; because to Godward, we are alwaies offenders, though sometimes we are unjustly condemned by Men.

Sing this as the 4 Pfalme.

Why should my heart repine at those,
By whom I censur'd am?
Why should I take them as my Foes,
By whom I suffer blame?
Were they lesse Just, and, I more cleare,
Yet, Righteous were my doome;
Since, greater plagues deserved are,
Then are upon me come.

If God should bring my secret Crimes,

And all my faults to fight;
My Cenfure doubled fortie times,
Were fiftie times, too light.
And, therefore, I with patience bear

The pain upon me brought:

And, will hereafter, more beware

To do the things I ought.

3 For

Part. 1.

For whether they who urg'd the Lawes,
 Vpright or partiall were,
 They are not, LORD, th'Efficient-cause,
 Of that, which I do bear.
 They are but Instruments for Thee,
 Thy righteous Will, to doe.
 I pardon Them. To them, and me,
 Vouchsafe thy pardon too.

Vouchiate thy pardon too.

If the party be guilty, let this following verse be sung

next after the second verse.

LORD, I confesse, I have abus'd
Thy Justice and thy grace;
And, was deservedly accus'd,
For what, condemn'd I was.
Yet, since my Faults I doe repent,
Accepted let me be:
And, having born the punishment,
The Guilt forgive to me.

If the party be guiltleffe, let this last verse be lest out, and this repeated in stead thereof.

I am not guiltie of the Deed
For which accus'd I stood:
Yet, of Correction, I had need,
And, this may do me good.
Affliction is not fent in vain;
Nor, causlesly begins;
But, strives to keep off greater pains,
Or, to prevent some Sins.

Hymn

Hymn CIIII.

After a great Losse.

We are hereby remembred to take our Losses patiently, considering that we deserve not that which is left: and (trusting in Gods providence and love) we leave all things to his good pleasure, without repining.

Sing this as, In fad and Ashie weeds.

The Talents we possesse,
By Go D's free bountie, we enjoy,
And, he doth curse or blesse,
As, Well, or Il, we them imploy.

He gives and takes, As best it makes

To further his intents.

And to fulfill

His bleffed Will, Each faithfull Soul affents.

2 In part, I am bereft Of what his Love on me bestow'd:

And, yet, in what is left,

Great Favour, he to me hath show'd. For, if my Store

Should be no more Then my deferts have been.

One in diftreffe

More comfortleffe,
On earth should not be seen.

3 Which

3 Which when my heart well weighs, There is no grudging in my mind: But, Goo I rather praise For what remaineth yet behind, Yea, though for all, He please to call, I'le freely let it go; And trust, that He (As need shall be) Will usefull things bestow. 4 Thus am I now enclin'd To me oh G o D / affistance grant, That, I may keep this mind, And, thee to friend, in ev'ry want. So, whether I, Sit low, or high, Or, shall be poore or Rich. It shall not keep Mine eie from fleep, Nor discontent me much.

HYMN CV.

For one that is promoted.

We may be made heedfull, and kept mindfull, hereby, from whom Promotion commeth: to what end we should effect it; and with what humility, and thankfulnesse we should possesse it.

Sing this as the 4. Pfalme.

By

BY his Endeavours no man may His own Preferment make; Although, he both an Eastward-way, And Westward-Courses take: For, having used all his Art, His longings to obtain; His Pow'r, his Wifedome, and Defart, Imploy'd may be in vain. 2 Ev'n Kings, who are those Hils, from whom, **Promotion** feems to flow; And from whose *Heights*, most *Honours* come, To those that are below; Ev'n they, who (in supremest place) Preferments use to give; Can us, nor honour, or difgrace, Till God vouchsafes them leave. That, therefore, in this *Place*, I am Whereto, I, late was rais'd; Who should, but God, from whom it came, For that, by me be prais'd? To whose renowne should I my Place, And new-got pow'r imploy? But unto His, by whose meer Grace, This Favour, I enjoy? 4 LORD, give me wit, both to perceive, And heed (all times) to take, That, I this *Grace*, did not receive, For mine own Vertue fake: Or,my Ambition to fulfill; But rather, that I might

The

Part.I.

The better execute thy Will, In doing things upright. Let not my heart be puft with pride; Or, brutishly forget By whom I have bin dignifi'd, And, on this height am fet: But make me for it, evr'y day, So thankfull unto Thee, That from things earthly climb I may, To those that heav'nly be.

HYMN CVI.

When our Hopes are obtained.

When our Hopes are accomplished we are well pleased thereby; and yet are seldome thankfull to him, by whom they are obtained; but ascribe overmuch to our owne wit or Industry. Therefore, to prevent that ingratitude and impiety, this Hymn is rendred.

Sing this as the former.

MY Hope; and those endeavours, now, Which I have us'd therein; Such good effects begin to show, As have expected bin, Therefore, my Thoughts, which many waies Were busie to that end,

I

Part.1. Hymn CVI. 209 I recollect to fing his praise, Who did my hopes befriend. 2 It was not mine own Strength, or Wit, Whereby the same I gain'd: Defervings, which may challenge it, I have not, yet attain'd. For, if my Ill-deferts were weigh'd, With what hath well bin done: The first would prove (I am afraid) More heavie, ten to One, 3 It is, oh LORD, of thy meer Grace, That, what I have defir'd, So happily effected was, And,in due time acquir'd. Since thou art pleas'd, it should be so; Be,likewise pleas'd in this; That, nothing which thou do'ft bestow, May be emploi'd amisse. 4 And, as my Vertue did not win, What is conferr'd on me, So, let me not by any Sin, Thereof deprived be. But, when foever, by Offence, I, Forfeits thereof make; Vouchsafe, to give me Penitence; And, me to Mercy take.

Hymn

HYMN CVII.

When our Hopes and Endeavours are made void.

This Hymn informeth, that when God frustrates our common and vain hopes, we should not be discouraged, but rather be thankfull for the comfort they were unto us when we had them; and learne to fixe our considence and hope on GOD only.

Sing this as the former.

Lthough that *Hope* is frustrate made, A Which lately flatter'd me; I have not loft the Hope I had; Oh LORD, my GOD in Thee. Nor were those Hopings quite in vain, Which now feem wholy void; For, while in me, they did remain, They kept my mind imploi'd. 2 By that likewise, which is bereft, I have this knowledge won, That many Comforts may be left, When, some one *Hope* is gone: And, that by Hopes, which profit most, Disprofits are acrew'd. (With great disquiet, pains and cost) If not aright pursu'd.

3 He

He that will chase with all his might, Each Hope, or new-Desire; Is like to Him, who in the Night Pursues a wandring-Fire. The last, is like to lose his way, (And happie, if no worfe) The first, if so escape he may, Shall find an emptie purse. 4 LORD, grant mestill (though few succeed) Some Hopes, my Heart to please: For, to have Hopes, of what we need, Is, for the Time, an ease. Vouchfafe me Grace, to know how far, Such Hopes may trusted be. And wit likewise, to have a care, Their failings harm not me. 5 So, whether they fucceed or not, This, will to passe be brought, That, still some profit will be got, Though, leffe then first I sought. And, by Degrees, I shall attain,

To hope in thee, alone. Who makest no mans hopes in vain, If Thee he trust upon.

HYMN

HYMN CVIII.

For Deliverance from private Danger.

So many visible and invisible Dangers, we are daily liable unto, that without Goo's continuall protection, we could be not safe one minute. Therefore, that we may be remembred to be thankfull for our infinite Deliverances, this Hymn, is made a Remembrances.

Sing this as the former.

Thousand perils, ev'ry day, Ten thousand, ev'ry night, Are over us, and in our way, Which are not in our fight: And us, didst thou not Lord, inclose, And, for our fafeties watch; Our Earthly, or our Hellish Foes, Our lives, would foon dispatch. 2 From one apparant perill now, I have bin lately freed. Because, compassion thou do'st show, In ev'ry time of need: For which (fince I no Gift can bring More pleasing unto Thee) A Song of Praise, my Tongue shall sing; My Heart, shall thankfull be. 3 Oh /

Oh! let thine Eie be still upon My purpose and my waies; Lest by my Foes I be undone; Or, by mine own Assayes. For, I confesse, that nothing needs To harme, or work me woe, Save mine own Follies, and the Deeds, Which, I my felf, may do.

HYMN CIX.

When we are oppressed by extream Sorrow.

When our Souls are much oppressed with Sorrow. we vainly seeke our Consolation in transitorie things; and they rather more enrage then assuage our Passion, we are hereby therefore, remembred by what means, and by whom, we shall best be comforted.

Sing this as Te Deum.

Y Soul, why do'ft thou in my breaft, With griefs afflicted grow? Why are my Thoughts, to my unrest, In me, increased so ? And in thy Self, by musings vain, Why do'ft thou feek for eafe? Since, thou still more augment'st thy pain, By fuch like means as these? 2 When Paffion hath enflav'd thy heart, Why feek'st thou Comfort there? \mathbf{VVhen}

Part.i.

When thou depriv'd of Reason art,
What Reas'ning cureth Care?
The more thy mind by musing thinks
From Sorrow's Depths to rise;
The surther downward still it sinks;

The further downward still it finks; The nearer *Hell*, it lies.

3 Let therefore, hence with speed be thrown, Those *Thoughts*, which thee attend.

Before, they thither, presse thee down, Whence, no man can ascend.

And let on *Him*, thy musings dwell Who(in meer love to Thee)

Hath div'd the Depths of Death and Hell, That thou might'st eased be.

4 The Sorrowes, he sustain'd, were such, As no mans ever were.

His weakest pang, had been to much, For strongest Hearts to bear.

His bitter *Paffion*, made him fweat, No leffe then drops of Blood:

And, He, when Suff'rings were most great, Seem'd left of Man, and God. 5 Yet, was not He, as (Thou hast bin)

The Cause, of his own woe:

But, thy Transgression, and thy Sin, In Sorrow's plung'd him so.

For shame, therefore bewail thou not The *Scratch* which thee hath pain'd, And leave those mortall wounds forgot,

Which He for thee fustain'd.

6 If

6 If his Afflictions, thou shalt mind; Thy griefs, he will regard: And, ease and comfort, thou shalt find, At ev'ry need prepar'd. For, they who thus affected stand, And, cast their cares on him; Have his compassion still at hand, To help and fuccourthem. Sweet *Iefu*! for thy Passion sake, This Favour shew to me: Out of my heart, the Sorrowes take, Which therein raging be. My Paffion calme; my Soul direct, Her thoughts, on Thee, to place: On my much troubled mind, reflect, The brightnes of thy Face. Yea, let Contrition, for my Sin. So purge out carnall grief, That, Ioy-calestiall may bring in The fulnes of Relief. So, this my Sorrow shall but adde A relish to my Joy; And, cause contentments to be had, Which nothing can destroy.

HYMN

HYMN CX.

For Deliverance from Sorrow.

Gods Readinesse to afford Consolation to all that call on him faithfully in their Sorrowes, is here acknowledged. His Deliverance of us from a particular Sorrow is here also consessed, to his praise; and he is prayed to vouchsase us the Joyes of the holy-Ghost.

Sing this as the former.

E Xperiment, I now have had,
Of what I oft have heard: Of what I oft have heard; That fuch as over-night are fad, Next Morrow may be cheer'd. For, I that was with Grief opprest, And overcharged fo, That, I had neither Hope, nor Rest, Light-hearted now do grow. 2 My drooping Soul, begins to find My comforts, to increase: Sweet Hopes have repossest my mind: From Teares, and Sighs, I cease. My mournfull Odes, to Hymns of Praise, Shall, therefore, changed be; And, I my voice, oh Lord, will raise, In thankfull Sounds, to Thee. 3 For,

For, Thou hast Cures, for ev'ry Grief: Fit Salves for ev'ry pain: And, wilt vouchsafe them, due relief, Who shall to thee complain. To me (who lately did lament) A comforter thou art; And, hast a cheerfull Spirit, sent Into my drooping Heart. 4 I wish'd for *Death*, and could perceive, In Life, no hope of ease: But, now content I am to live Whilst thou, oh LORD, shalt please. And in my Songs I will confesse, (Whilst I have Tongue to sing) That, all the comforts I possesse, From Thee, alone, do fpring. 5 That this *new-Joy*, may not be lost, Those Joyes vouchsafe to me, Which flowing from the Holy-Ghost To all the Faithfull be. So, whatfo'ere externall-Grief. My Pilgrimage attends; I shall within, feel that Relief In which, all Sorrow, ends.

L Hymn

HYMN CXI.

For them who are afflicted by the unkindnesses of their Friends.

To them who are of a gentle nature, this is a very great Affliction; therefore to comfort them who suffer by it; and to take advantage from unkindnesses suffered, to make them sensible of the greater unkindnesses which they offer to Him who suffered for us, this Hymn is prepared.

Sing this as Te Deum.

Las/ my Heart, what meanest thou With Passion, thus to Ake? Thy Friends unkindnesse, wherefore, now, So fadly dost thou take? Oh! why afflictest thou thy minde, For their neglect of Thee; Since to thy Self, thou art lesse kinde, Then all thy Foes can be. 2 The Follies, which thy confcience knew Thy ruine, would effect; With greedinesse, thou dost pursue; And, fafer waies, neglect. And when thy Lovers have advis'd, What, to thy weal pertains. Their kindnesse, thou hast oft despis'd; And skoft them, for their pains. 3 If

If they whom thou dost well esteeme Have ought unkindly done; Or, if but harsh their words do seem, Thy Case thou dost bemone. Yet, thou forgetst, that thou hast wrong'd Affection, far more true; And, One to whom more love belong'd, Then to all them, is due. 4 Thou hast a *Friend*, who from thy birth, To thee hath faithfull been: A better never liv'd on Earth; Nor shall his *Peer* be seen, From vile estate, he raised thee To that which now thou art; And, by his Death did fet thee free, When thou condemned wert. To thee, great Favours he did shew, No other Meed to finde, But, that thy weal thou mightst pursue, And, to thy felfe, be kinde. To this intent, sweet words he said, And, thee, long time did woe; For thee he wept; and, thee, he pray'd Thy Self, not to undoe. Yet, froward, thou to him dost prove, Who this Affection shews;

Thy Heart, thy Longings, and thy Love
Thou placest on his Foes.
And, though he daily seek thy good,
(Thy faults forgiving, still)

Thou

Thou eat'st his Flesh, and drink'st his Blood, And, bear'st him small good will.

7 My God! if thus I be to blame
(Which justly I suspect)

No marvell if I grieved, am

By those, whom I affect.
For why should I from others, looke

Firme Love, on earth to finde; Since all my vowes, I oft have broke,

To one, fo truly kinde?

8 Sweet JEsu let my flinty heart, More tender waxe to Thee.

Of thy Afflictions, and thy fmart, More feeling grant thou me.

Yea, let my Friends unkindnesse bring, Those Griess unto my minde,

Which did thy heart, with forrow sling,
When Man did prove unkinde.

9 For, when that he who eat thy bread, Thy precious life betray'd:

When all thy Servants from thee fled;
When Peter thee denay'd;
And when the Eather hid his face.

And, when thy Father hid his face, From Thee, in thy distresse:

Ten Thousand times more grief it was, Then Tongue shall ere expresse.

10 L O R D, for that great Vnkindnesse sake, Which thou didst then sustaine,

Those thoughts to me more easie make Which now my heart do pain.

And,

And, since Earths-best contentments be
So bitter, to my Tast;
Teach me, to fixe my heart on thee,
Whose Love, still, sirm, doth last.
II For, if our hearts it almost breakes
When friends do prove unkinde;
What seeleth he, whom G o D forsakes?
What comfort can he finde?
LORD/that I never may bewaile
This losse; thy Love, still daign;
So, though all other Friendships faile,
I shall not long complain.

FINIS.

L 3



